

Synthesis of C-Linked Imino Disaccharides (= Aza-C-disaccharides) with a Pyrrolidine-3,4-diol Moiety Attached at C(3) of Galactose via a Hydroxymethylene Linker and of a 7-(1,2,3-Trihydroxypropyl)-octahydroxyindolizine-1,2,6,8-tetrol¹⁾ 2)

by Karin Kraehenbuehl³⁾, Sylviane Picasso, and Pierre Vogel*

Section de Chimie, Université de Lausanne, BCH, CH-1015 Lausanne-Dorigny

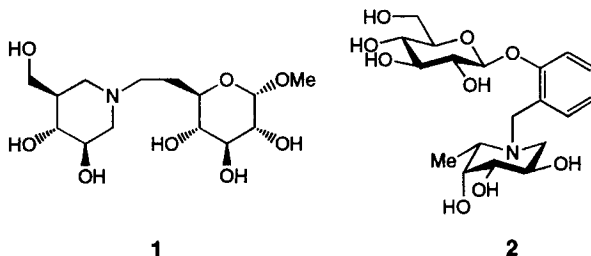
The lithium enolate of ($\pm$)-6-*endo*-chloro-5-*exo*-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (**16**) added to furan-2-carboxaldehyde giving a single aldol **19** (Schemes 1 and 2) that was converted with high stereoselectivity into ($\pm$)-(1*RS*,3*SR*,4*SR*,5*RS*,6*SR*)-5-*exo*-{(*RS*)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-*endo*-(methoxymethoxy)-2-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-3-*exo*-yl 4-bromobenzenesulfonate (**46**). Highly regioselective Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of **46** provided the corresponding β -DL-altrofuranurono-6,1-lactone **49**, the methanolysis of which gave ($\pm$)-methyl 1,5-anhydro-3-{(*SR*)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2-*O*-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactofuranuronate (**51**). Reduction of **51** followed by protection furnished ($\pm$)-1,4-anhydro-3-{(*SR*)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-*O*-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**54**). Clean oxidation of the furan unit in **54** was possible with dimethyldioxirane, giving the corresponding (Z)-4-oxoanal **59** that was converted into pyrroles such as ($\pm$)-1,4-anhydro-3-{(*SR*)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](1-benzyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-*O*-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**58**; Scheme 5), or into pyrrolidin-3,4-diols by dihydroxylation of ($\pm$)-1,4-anhydro-3-{(1'*RS*,2'*RS*,Z)-1'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2',5'-bis[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]pent-3'-enyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-*O*-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**70**; Schemes 6 and 7). After adequate protection ($\rightarrow$ **70**), selective displacement of one of the mesylate moieties with LiN₃, followed by hydrogenation of the corresponding primary azide and intramolecular substitution, led to four protected, stereoisomeric C-linked imino disaccharides (Scheme 7); the latter were deprotected under acidic conditions to give ($\pm$)-3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -LD-ribitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose (**3**), ($\pm$)-3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose (**4**), ($\pm$)-3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -DL-ribitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose (**5**), and ($\pm$)-3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose (**6**). These unprotected C-linked imino disaccharides were more stable as ammonium chlorides in H₂O. Neutralization of **4**·HCl, followed by NaBH₄ reduction, gave ($\pm$)-(1*RS*,2*SR*,6*SR*,7*RS*,8*RS*,8*aSR*)-1,2,3,5,6,7,8,8*a*-octahydro-7-[(1*SR*,2*SR*)-1,2,3-trihydroxypropyl]indolizine-1,2,6,8-tetrol (**14**), a new octahydroindolizinepolyol (Scheme 8). Methyl glycosides of C-linked imino disaccharides **3–6** were also obtained, such as ($\pm$)-methyl 3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -LD-ribitol-1'-C-yl]- β -DL-galactofuranoside (**7**), ($\pm$)-methyl 3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]- β -DL-galactofuranoside (**8**) and - α -DL-galactopyranoside (**9**), ($\pm$)-methyl 3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]- β -DL-galactofuranoside (**11**) and - α -DL-galactopyranoside (**10**), and ($\pm$)-methyl 3-deoxy-3-[(1'*SR*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -DL-ribitol-1'-C-yl]- β -DL-galactofuranoside (**13**) and - α -DL-galactopyranoside (**12**). All these new C-linked imino disaccharides can be obtained in their enantiomerically pure form either starting with enantiomerically pure 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one derivatives ('naked sugars of the first generation') or using the method of Johnson and Zeller applied to the racemic protected aldol 3-*exo*-{[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-*endo*-chloro-5-*exo*-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (**22**; see Scheme 2). The unprotected C-linked imino disaccharides **3–13** and octahydroindolizinetetrol **14** were tested for their inhibitory activity toward 25 commercially available glycohydrolases. Only compound **3** which mimics the mannopyranosyl-cation intermediate during the hydrolysis of an α -mannopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-galactose has a weak, but specific α -mannosidase inhibitory activity.

¹⁾ For a preliminary report, see [1a, b].

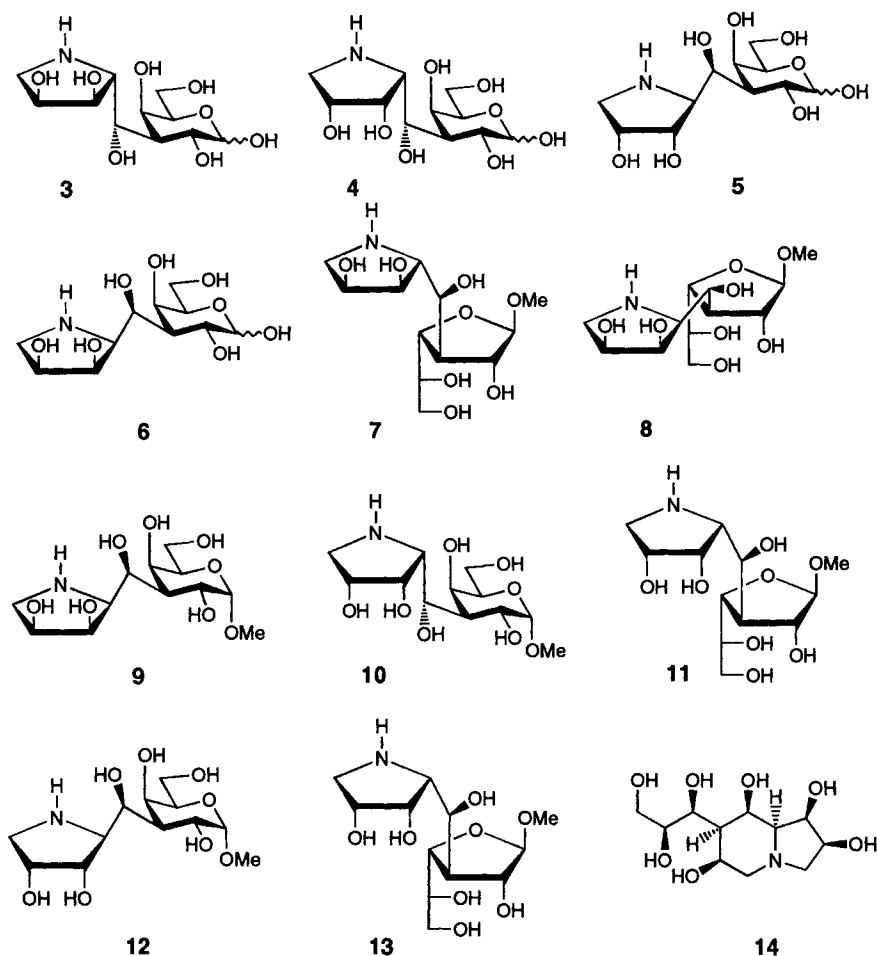
²⁾ According to IUPAC/IUBMB [1d], cyclic sugar derivatives in which the ring O-atom has been replaced by NH have the class name 'imino sugar' (not 'aza sugar'), hence, corresponding disaccharides are called 'imino-disaccharides' (not 'aza disaccharides') and 'C-linked imino disaccharides' (not 'aza-C-disaccharides').

³⁾ Actual address: The Scripps Institute, 10550 North Torrey Pines Road, BCC-104, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA.

Introduction. – Glycosidases and glycosyltransferases are key enzymes in the biosynthesis and processing of glycoproteins, which are molecules involved in recognition (cell-cell, host-pathogen interactions) and in control of biological mechanisms and structures [2]. Thus, substances able to inhibit the biosynthetic pathway of glycoproteins have become important as potential antibacterial, antiviral, antimetastatic, antidiabetes, antihyperglycemic, antiadhesive, or immunostimulatory agents [3]. Deoxynojirimycin (1,5-dideoxy-1,5-imino-D-glucitol) is an α -glucosidase-I inhibitor; as a consequence it inhibits syncytia formation with HIV1 [4]. Castanospermine, another α -glucosidase inhibitor, has a synergic effect with AZT in inhibiting HIV1 and HIV2 growth [5]. It also prolongs renal allograft survival in the rat [6]. *N*-Alkylation of 1-deoxynojirimycin generates potential drugs such as *N*-butyl-1-deoxynojirimycin shown to prevent *Tay-Sachs* disease [7] or to reduce human hepatitis B [8] and HIV entry [9]. Analogues such as *N*-(7-oxadecyl)-1-deoxynojirimycin have been proposed as drug candidates to treat autoimmune diseases like rheumatoid arthritis [10]. The specific inhibition of individual N-linked glycoprotein-processing α -mannosidases by N-analogues of mannopyranose [11] and mannofuranose [12] may provide a useful anticancer strategy [13]. Swainsonine is a natural product containing a 4-amino-4-deoxy-mannofuranoside unit. It blocks *Golgi*-oligosaccharide processing (α -mannosidase-II inhibitor) and inhibits lysosomal α -mannosidase. Clinical trials have shown that it reduces solid tumors and hematological malignancies [14]. All these imino sugars²⁾ often inhibit more than one enzyme *in vivo*. It is believed that selectivity would be increased if the imino sugar would include not only the steric and charge information of the glycosyl moiety which is liberated during the glycosidase-catalyzed hydrolysis but also that of the aglycon which is attached to it. Such inhibitors could be dideoxy-imino-alditols linked to other sugars through non-hydrolyzable links such as in the C-linked imino disaccharides²⁾. These disaccharide mimics could also be candidates as haptens for the generation of catalytic antibodies [15]. The comparison of inhibitory activities toward glucoamylase between acarbose ($K_i \approx 10^{-12}$ M [16]) and (+)-lentiginosine ($K_i \approx 10^{-6}$ M [17]) demonstrates that inhibition is greatly enhanced if the glycosyl-cation mimic is attached to a mimic of the aglycon, the compound from which a monosaccharide is cleaved away. Recently, compound **1** which links isofagomine and methyl α -D-glucopyranoside was shown to have a potent inhibitory activity ($K_i \approx 6.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$ M) on glucoamylase [18]. *Withers* and coworkers [19] have shown that 2'-deoxy-2'-fluorocellobiose (= 2-deoxy-2-fluoro- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-D-glucose) is a good and selective β -glucosidase inhibitor, much more potent and, more importantly, much more selective than 2-deoxy-2-fluoroglucose itself.

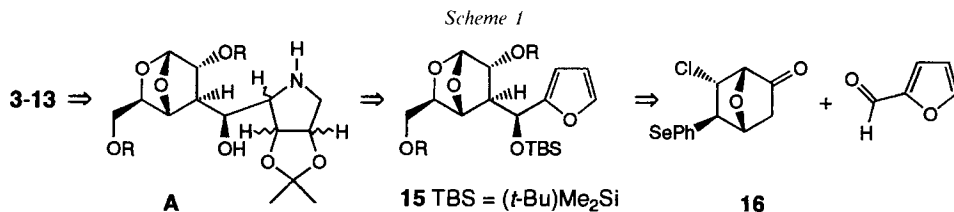


Fucosidase inhibitors can be fucosyltransferase inhibitors [20]. Compound **2** which links 1,5-dideoxy-1,5-imino-L-fucitol to D-glucose through a four-center linker was found to be a good inhibitor of α -1,3-fucosyltransferase [21]. The first example of a C-linked imino disaccharide (1,5-dideoxy-1,5-imino-D-mannitol linked at C(6) of D-galactose through a CH_2 unit) has been prepared by *Johnson* and coworkers [22]. Other examples of 'linear' C-linked imino disaccharides were obtained by *Martin* and coworkers [23]. We have prepared the first examples of C-linked imino disaccharides in which piperidinetriols are C-linked at position C(3) of hexoses [24][25]. Further examples were reported by *Johnson* and coworkers in which 1,5-dideoxy-1,5-imino-D-mannitol is β -C-linked at C(6) of D-mannose, at C(6) of D-glucose, at C(4) of D-talose, and at C(1) of D-glucose. None of these disaccharide mimics were inhibitors of α - or β -mannosidases [26]. In a preliminary study, we were more fortunate and found that the racemic disaccharide mimic **3** which connects 4-amino-1,4-anhydro-4-deoxyerythritol at C(1) to position C(3) of galactose through a $\text{CH}(\text{OH})$ linker was a moderate but specific inhibitor



of jack-bean α -mannosidase [1a, b]. This C-linked imino disaccharide features the relative configuration of α -DL-mannose for its imino-sugar moiety. Interestingly, no commercially available glycohydrolases were inhibited at 1 mM concentration of the isomeric C-linked imino disaccharide **4**. We report here the details of the syntheses of these disaccharide mimetics together with those of the analogues **5–7**, **8/9**, **10/11**, and **12/13**, all obtained in their racemic forms⁴⁾. We also present the synthesis of the polyhydroxylated octahydroindolizine **14**. None of these new compounds **5–14** did show any significant inhibitory activity toward 25 commercially available glycohydrolases.

retro-Synthetic Plan. – The pyrrolidine-3,4-diol units in **3–13** and in the protected intermediates of type **A** will be derived from a furan moiety attached at C(3) of galactose by a C-linker as in **15** (Scheme 1). The galactose system will be a protected form of 1,4-anhydrogalactopyranose obtained from a 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane derivative applying chemistry similar to that developed in our laboratory for the total synthesis of L-talose [27] from the ‘naked sugars of the first generation’ [28]. The CH(OH) linker between the imino sugar and galactose will result from an aldol condensation involving the 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one derivative **16** and furan-2-carbaldehyde (= furfural).

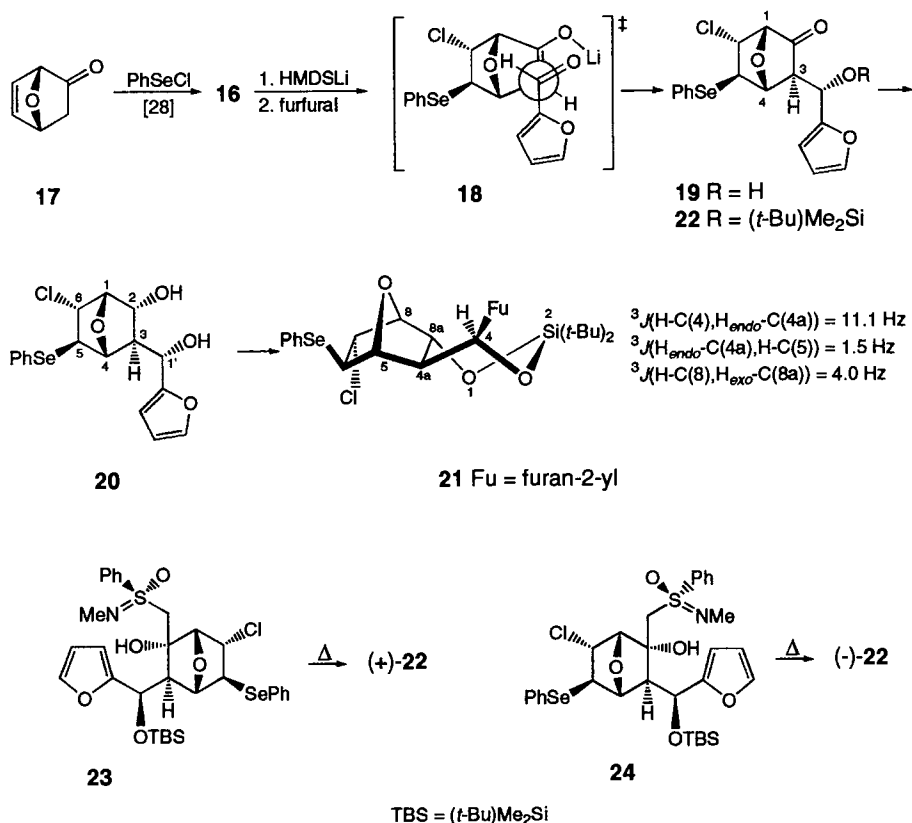


Results and Discussion. – Enone ($\pm$)-**17** added PhSeCl to give a single adduct **16** [29], the high regioselectivity of the addition being attributed to the electron-releasing effect of the homoconjugated carbonyl group [30] (Scheme 2). The lithium enolate of **16** (generated on treatment with (Me₃Si)₂NLi in THF at -78°) reacted with furan-2-carbaldehyde at -78° to yield a single aldol **19** (95%). As expected for steric reasons (Zimmerman-Traxler model **18** [31], *like* mode of addition *exo*-face selective), the *anti* aldol was obtained, the relative configuration of which was established by the ¹H-NMR data of derivative **21** prepared in the following way. Reduction of ketone **19** with NaBH₄ (MeOH/THF, 0°) gave diol **20** (91%) that reacted with (*t*-Bu)₂Si(OTf)₂ and 2,6-dimethylpyridine in CH₂Cl₂ (0 – 20° , 15 h) to provide **21** in mediocre yield (15%). Replacing CH₂Cl₂ with DMF (0° , 15 h) led to a better yield (50%).

The *exo* relative configuration of the aldol was confirmed by the vicinal coupling constant ³*J*(H–C(4), H_{endo}–C(3)) $\approx$ 0 Hz in **19** and **20** [32]; the *endo* relative configuration of the OH group at C(2) in **20** was given by the vicinal coupling constants ³*J*(H–C(1), H_{exo}–C(2)) = 4.1 and ³*J*(H_{exo}–C(2), H_{endo}–C(3)) = 3.7 Hz [32]. The observation of a typical *trans*-diaxial coupling ³*J*(H–C(4), H_{endo}–C(4a)) = 11.1 Hz in the perhydro-1,3-dioxo-2-silanaphthalene **21** confirmed the *anti* aldol structure **19**.

⁴⁾ Only one enantiomer is shown in Schemes and Formulae.

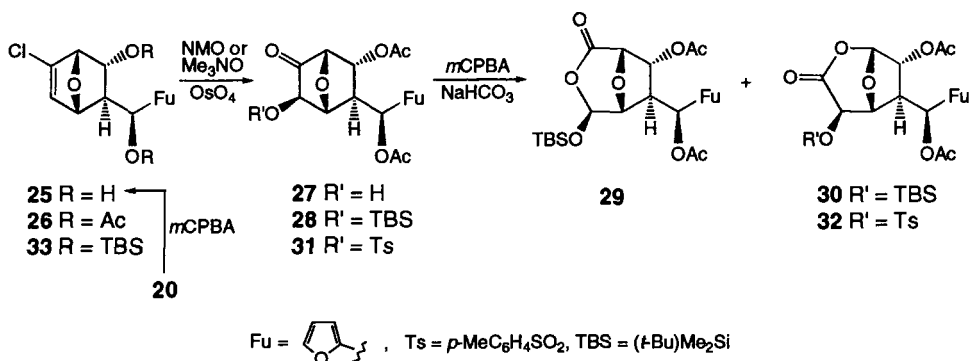
Scheme 2



Although **17** can be obtained in both its enantiomeric forms [28], we explored the possibility to resolve the racemic aldol **19**. We found that the silyl ether **22** (obtained on treating **19** with (t-Bu)Me₂SiCl/1*H*-imidazole in DMF (20°, 15 h, 96%)) reacted with the lithium salt of (+)-(*S*)-*N*,*S*-dimethyl-*S*-phenylsulfoximide to give a mixture of the sulfoximides [33] (92%) that were readily separated by flash chromatography (silica gel) to provide **23** and **24** in 47 and 45% yield, respectively (Scheme 2). Pyrolysis (150°/3 · 10⁻³ Torr, 5 min) gave (+)-**22** and (-)-**22**, respectively, in 52% yield. The absolute configuration of (-)-**22** was established by independent synthesis (yield 74%, 3 steps) starting from enantiomerically pure (+)-(1*R*,4*R*)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-one [28].

Oxidative elimination of the phenylseleno group of diol **20** with *meta*-chloroperbenzoic acid (*m*CPBA) afforded the corresponding chloroalkene derivative **25** (82%), the treatment of which with Ac₂O (pyridine, 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP)) provided the diacetate **26** (92%) (Scheme 3). Double hydroxylation of the alkene moiety of **26** with 4-methylmorpholine 4-oxide (NMO)/OsO₄(NaHCO₃, CCl₄/acetone/H₂O) gave the corresponding α-hydroxy ketone **27** which was not isolated but protected as a silyl ether with (t-Bu)Me₂SiCl/1*H*-imidazole in DMF to furnish **28** (59%). Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of **28**

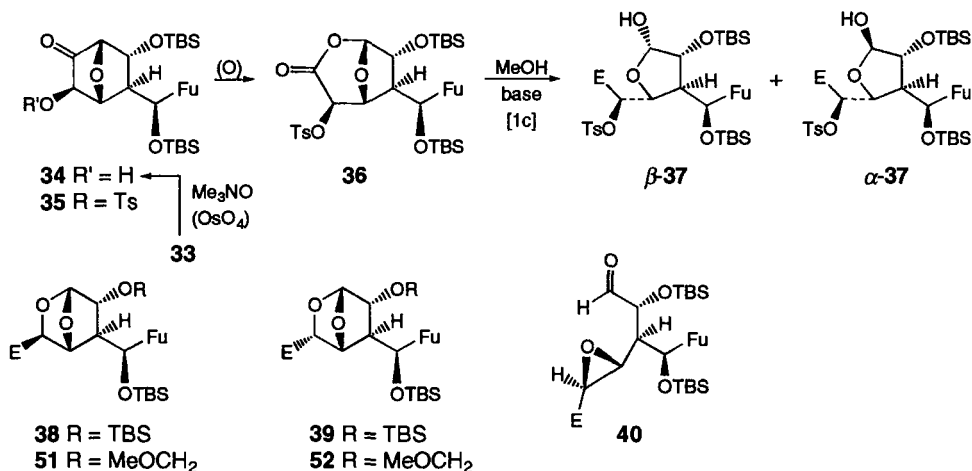
Scheme 3



with *m*CPBA (NaHCO_3 , CH_2Cl_2) led to a 4:1 mixture of lactones **29** and **30** (76%), the major product resulting from the expected [34] insertion of an O-atom between the electron-rich (silyloxy)alkyl group and the ketone moiety. When the hydroxy ketone **27** was protected as a tosylate **31** (*p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (TsCl), Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2), its *Baeyer-Villiger* oxidation with *m*CPBA furnished a single uronolactone **32** (54%).

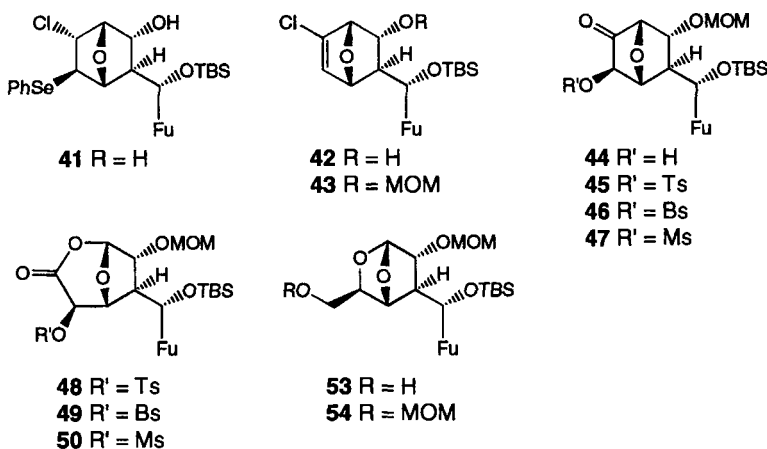
Since basic treatment of **32** led to complex mixtures of products, we protected diol **25** as bis-silyl ether **33** (83%) by treatment with (*t*-Bu) Me_2SiCl /1*H*-imidazole in DMF (Scheme 3). Double hydroxylation of the chloroalkene moiety of **33** with trimethylamine *N*-oxide/ OsO_4 (NaHCO_3 , $\text{CCl}_4/\text{THF}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$) gave **34** (86%) which was tosylated with TsCl and Et_3N to **35** (69%) (Scheme 4). *Baeyer-Villiger* oxidation of **35** provided uronolactone **36** (54%). Treatment of **36** with MeOH and NaHCO_3 (20°, 2 h) gave a 2:1 mixture of the α - and β -DL-furanose α -**37**⁴) and β -**37**⁴) [1c]. Since a $\text{S}_{\text{N}}\text{i}$ displacement of the TsO

Scheme 4



group by the β -OH group of the β -DL-furanose is expected to generate a methyl galactofuranuronate derivative, we looked for methanolysis conditions that would engender a larger proportion of β -**37** (for exper. details, see [1c]). On treatment of **36** with 1.5 equiv. of MeONa in anhydrous THF at -78° , a 1:2 mixture α -**37**/ β -**37** was obtained. Finally, we found that short exposure of **36** to anhydrous K_2CO_3 /MeOH (20° , 3 min) provided a 3:1 mixture β -**37**/ α -**37**. When this mixture was treated under various conditions (DMF, THF/ Et_3N , DBU, Li_2CO_3 , K_2CO_3 + [18]-crown-6), mixtures containing the desired 1,5-anhydrogalactofuranuronate **38** and other undesired products of TsOH elimination such as the 1,5-anhydroaltrofuranuronate **39** and epoxy aldehyde **40** were obtained in mediocre yields (*Scheme 4*); the best results were found on treating a 3:1 mixture β -**37**/ α -**37** in anhydrous DMF with 2.5 equiv. of K_2CO_3 ($70-75^\circ$, 4 h) which led to the isolation of a 2:1 mixture of **38** and **39** (50%) and to the recovery of α -**37** (15%) [1c].

These unsatisfactory results suggested that the S_Ni displacement β -**37** $\rightarrow$ **38** is not fast enough compared with the anomerization β -**37** $\rightarrow$ α -**37**, the α -DL-anomer being more stable than the β -DL-anomer because of the bulk of the 2-(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy group. We thus decided to replace this group by the less bulky methoxymethoxy substituent and to increase the S_Ni rate by replacing the TsO group by a better leaving group. This led us to convert the silyl-protected aldol **22** (*Scheme 2*) into alcohol **41** ($NaBH_4$, THF/MeOH; 91%) and to oxidize it with *m*CPBA (CH_2Cl_2 , -78°) into the chloroalkene derivative **42** (91%) that was protected as the methoxymethyl ether **43** (84%). Double hydroxylation of **43** (as described above) gave the α -hydroxy ketone **44** which was esterified into tosylate **45** (72%), into 4-bromobenzenesulfonate **46** (77%), and into methanesulfonate **47** (78%) under standard conditions. *Baeyer-Villiger* oxidation (*m*CPBA, $NaHCO_3$, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°) of **45**, **46**, and **47** provided the uronolactones **48** (77%), **49** (82%), and **50** (45%), respectively. The best yield in methyl anhydrogalactofuranuronate **51** (*Scheme 4*) was observed for the methanolysis of (brosyloxy)uronolactone **49** with 20% MeOH in anhydrous DMF containing 3 equiv. of anhydrous K_2CO_3 . This



Fu = furan-2-yl, Ts = *p*-MeC₆H₄SO₂, Bs = *p*-BrC₆H₄SO₂, Ms = MeSO₂,
 TBS = (*t*-Bu)Me₂Si, MOM = MeOCH₂

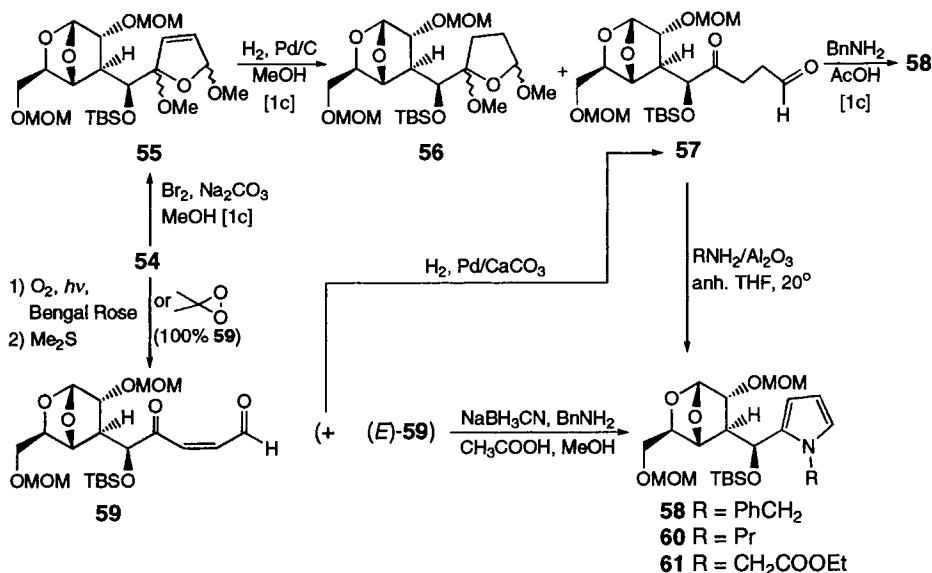
led to a 57:6 mixture of **51** and altrofuranuronate **52** (63%); a simple recrystallization provided pure **51** in 50% yield. Compound **51** was not epimerized into **52** in DMF/MeOH containing K_2CO_3 (20°, 6 h), indicating that **51** arises from the epimerization of (brosyloxy)uronolactone **49** or of an intermediate preceding the S_Ni displacement reaction. Reduction of the uronic ester **51** with $LiAlH_4$ gave alcohol **53** which was protected as methoxymethyl ether **54** (89%, 2 steps).

A procedure (see. *Exper. Part*) was worked out that allows one to convert ketone **16** (*Scheme 1*) into lactone **49** in 67% yield on a large scale (32.5 g, 8 steps). Conversion of **49** into **54** can be carried out on a 25-mmol scale (47% yield, 3 steps).

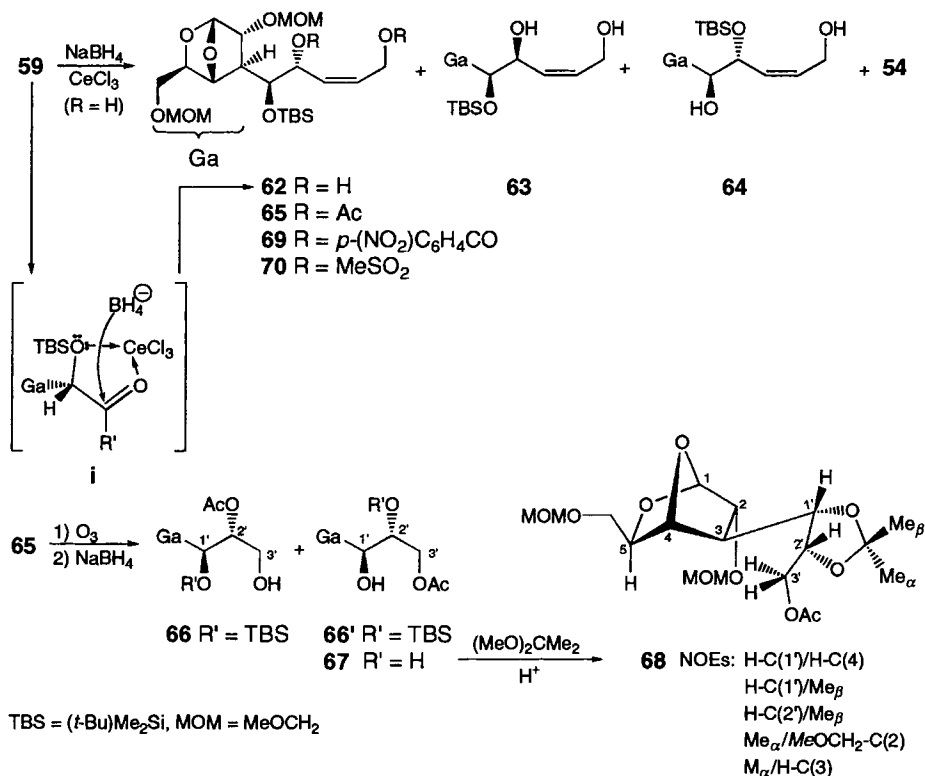
The *Clauson-Kaas* oxidation [35] of the furan moiety of **54** (Br_2 , Na_2CO_3 , anh. MeOH) generated the isomer mixture **55** (*Scheme 5*); the crude reaction mixture was hydrogenated (H_2 , Pd/C, MeOH) and the obtained mixture **56/57** treated with $PhCH_2NH_2$ and AcOH [36] to provide the 1-benzyl-1*H*-pyrrole derivative **58** in trace amounts [1c]. Photooxidation (O_2 , visible halogen-lamp, Bengal Rose B bound to polystyrene) of **54**, followed by reductive workup (Me_2S) gave **59** and its (*E*)-isomer which were hydrogenated (H_2 , Pd/ $CaCO_3$, 50 bar) into **57**. The latter was treated with $BnNH_2$ and AcOH (40°) to yield the 1*H*-pyrrole derivative **58** (45%). A somewhat better yield of **58** was obtained applying the method of *Texier-Boullet et al.* [37] ($BnNH_2$, neutral Al_2O_3 , THF) to **57**. The same method allowed one to prepare the 1*H*-pyrrole derivatives **60** (39%) and **61** (35%) from **57**. Finally, a better overall yield of **58** was achieved by doubly reductive amination [38] of **59** ($NaBH_4CN$, $BnNH_2$, AcOH/MeOH). Pure (*Z*)-4-oxoenal **59** was obtained quantitatively by oxidation of furan derivative **54** with dimethyldioxirane.

Reduction of **59** under *Luche's* conditions ($CeCl_3$, $NaBH_4$) [39] gave a *ca.* 9:1 mixture of enediols **62** and **63** (65%) together with 7–10% of **54** and variable amounts

Scheme 5



Scheme 6



of **64** resulting from the migration of the (*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyl group in **63** (Scheme 6; for data of **63**, see [1c]). The relative configuration of the secondary allylic alcohol center was established in the following way. Acetylation of the mixture **62/63** 9:1 (Ac $_2$ O/pyridine, DMAP) gave pure diacetate **65** (90%) which was treated with O $_3$ (anh. MeOH, -78°) first, then with NaBH $_4$. This led to alcohol **66** (77%). In some experiments, isomeric compound **66'** was isolated (10–15%) in which the AcO moiety, initially at C(2'), had migrated to the primary center C(3') and the (*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyl group, initially at C(1'), to C(2'), as suggested by its ^1H -NMR spectrum. Desilylation of **66** with Bu $_4$ NF in THF liberated the diol **67** (78%) which was converted into the acetone **68** (85%) on treatment with Me $_2$ C(OMe) $_2$ in DMF and in the presence of pyridinium *p*-toluenesulfonate as catalyst. The structure of **68** was unequivocally established by its ^1H - and ^{13}C -NMR spectra and pertinent NOE data (see Scheme 6). The NMR data of **66** and **67** were also in agreement with the proposed structures. Thus, it was during the desilylation of **66** with Bu $_4$ NF that the migration of the AcO group occurred. The diastereoselectivity of reduction **59** $\rightarrow$ **62** + **63** can be interpreted in terms of the *Felkin-Anh* model [41a] or in terms of the intermediacy of the cerium complex **i** which favors the *anti* mode of addition [41b].

The ^1H -NMR spectrum of **66'** showed a more important deshielding for the protons of the primary group CH $_2$ (3')-OAc ($\delta(\text{H})$ 4.20 and 4.13) than for the protons at the secondary moieties CH(2')-OSi ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.96) and

$\text{CH}(1')\text{--OH}$ ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.48). Confirmation for the presence of the $\text{OH--C}(1')$ group was given by the observation of a $^3J(\text{H--C}(1'), \text{OH}) = 9.7$ Hz together with the other 3J values (see *Exper. Part*).

The 400-MHz ^1H -NMR spectrum of **68** showed typical vicinal coupling constants $^3J(\text{H--C}(1'), \text{H--C}(2')) = 7.2$ Hz, consistent with a *cis* relation for these two protons, and NOEs between the signals of both $\text{H--C}(1')$ ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.88) and $\text{H--C}(2')$ ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.99) and one of the acetonide Me groups (δ 1.34 (Me_β)). NOEs between the second Me group of the acetonide moiety (δ 1.39 (Me_γ)) and $\text{H--C}(3)$ (δ 1.97) and one Me group of one of the two MOM groups (δ 3.30 ($\text{MeOCH}_2\text{--C}(2)$)) were also observed, thus confirming structure **68**. Moreover, the ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of **68** showed signals typical for a 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane ($\delta(\text{C})$ 109.7 (s), 28.0, 27.6 (2q, $^1J(\text{C}, \text{H}) = 126$ Hz)), not consistent with a 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane moiety adopting a chair conformation [40].

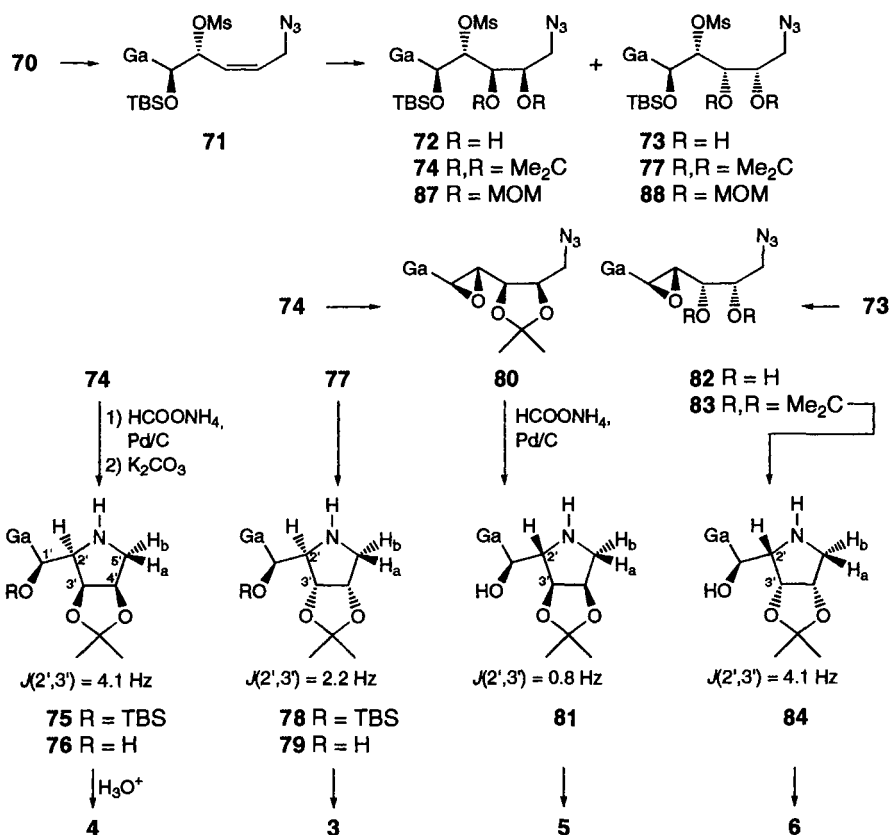
As for **66'**, the ^1H -NMR spectrum of diol **67** showed that protons of the primary CH_2OAc group ($\delta(\text{H})$ 4.27 and 4.23) are more deshielded than $\text{H--C}(2')$ ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.87) and $\text{H--C}(1')$ ($\delta(\text{H})$ 3.49) of the secondary moieties. The ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of **67** showed a t at $\delta(\text{C})$ 66.1 with $^1J(\text{C}, \text{H}) = 150$ Hz, in agreement with $\text{CH}_2(3')\text{--OAc}$ (*cf.* **66**: $\delta(\text{CH}_2(3')\text{--OH})$ 61.3 ppm, $^1J(\text{C}, \text{H}) = 141$ Hz). In **68**, the protons of the primary $\text{CH}_2(3')\text{--OAc}$ group are more deshielded ($\delta(\text{H})$ 4.22 and 4.15) than the protons at $\text{C}(1')$ and $\text{C}(2')$.

Esterification of **62** with 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride and Et_3N (DMAP as catalyst) provided the diester **69** (87%) (*Scheme 6*). Attempts to displace one or two ester moieties by benzylamine (DMF, 90°) led to complex product mixtures. The bis-mesylate **70** generated as an intermediate at -78° (MeSO_2Cl , Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2) reacted with LiN_3 (DMF, 0°) to give the unstable monoazide **71** (*Scheme 7*). The latter was treated with $\text{Me}_3\text{NO} \cdot 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in THF/ H_2O 4:1 in the presence of a catalytical amount of OsO_4 (20°). This furnished a 2:1 diol mixture **72/73** (55%, 3 steps)⁵ which were separated by flash column chromatography (silica gel) yielding 37 and 17% of pure **72** and **73**, respectively. The major diol **72** was protected with $\text{Me}_2\text{C}(\text{OMe})_2$ (camphorsulfonic acid, 20°) and the resulting acetonide **74** (79%) reduced with HCOONH_4 in the presence of 10% Pd/C [43] to yield **75** (86%), after treatment with anhydrous K_2CO_3 in DMF (50°). Desilylation of **75** with Bu_4NF in anhydrous THF ($0\text{--}20^\circ$) provided the partially protected C-linked imino disaccharide **76** (79% based on **74**). Under similar conditions, the minor diol **73** was converted into **77** (73%), **78**, and **79** (54% based on **77**). Desilylation of **74** (Bu_4NF , anhydrous THF), followed by treatment with DBU provided the corresponding epoxide **80** (80%). Hydrogenation of the azido moiety of **80** (HCOONH_4 , Pd/C, MeOH) generated **81** (75%) which is the 2'-epimer of **76** (*Scheme 7*). Similarly, epoxide **82** (50%) was derived from **73** by treatment with Bu_4NF in anhydrous THF and then with DBU. This gave **82** which was protected as an acetonide **83**. Hydrogenation of **83** (HCOONH_4 , Pd/C) provided **84** (63%) which is the 2'-epimer of **79**. The relative configurations of the pyrrolidines **76**, **79**, **81**, and **84** were established by their 2D NOESY ^1H -NMR and 2D COSY ^1H -NMR spectra. As expected, the vicinal coupling constants $^3J(\text{H--C}(2'), \text{H--C}(3'))$ in the '*cis*' derivatives **76** and **84** are significantly larger (4.1 Hz) than those of the '*trans*' analogues **79** (2.2 Hz) and **81** (0.8 Hz).

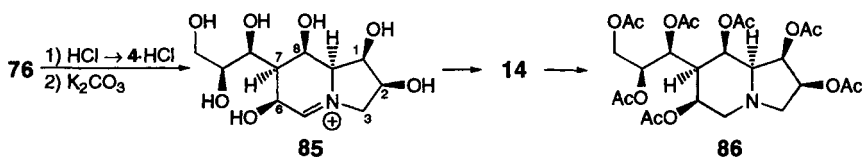
Acidic hydrolysis (3N HCl/ H_2O , 20° , 3 h) of **76**, **79**, **81**, and **84** led to the unprotected C-linked imino disaccharides **4**, **3**, **5**, and **6**, respectively, which are mixtures of α -DL- and β -DL-pyranoses and furanoses, their proportion varying with time, concentration, and temperature. The acidic aqueous solutions of **3**, **4**, **5**, and **6** are stable at 0° (pH 1) for one week. When an aqueous solution of **4** $\cdot$ HCl was neutralized to pH 8, indolizinium salt

⁵) Under the conditions of asymmetric dihydroxylation [42], only slow decomposition was observed.

Scheme 7

for Ga, see Scheme 6; TBS = (t-Bu)Me₂Si, MOM = MeOCH₂

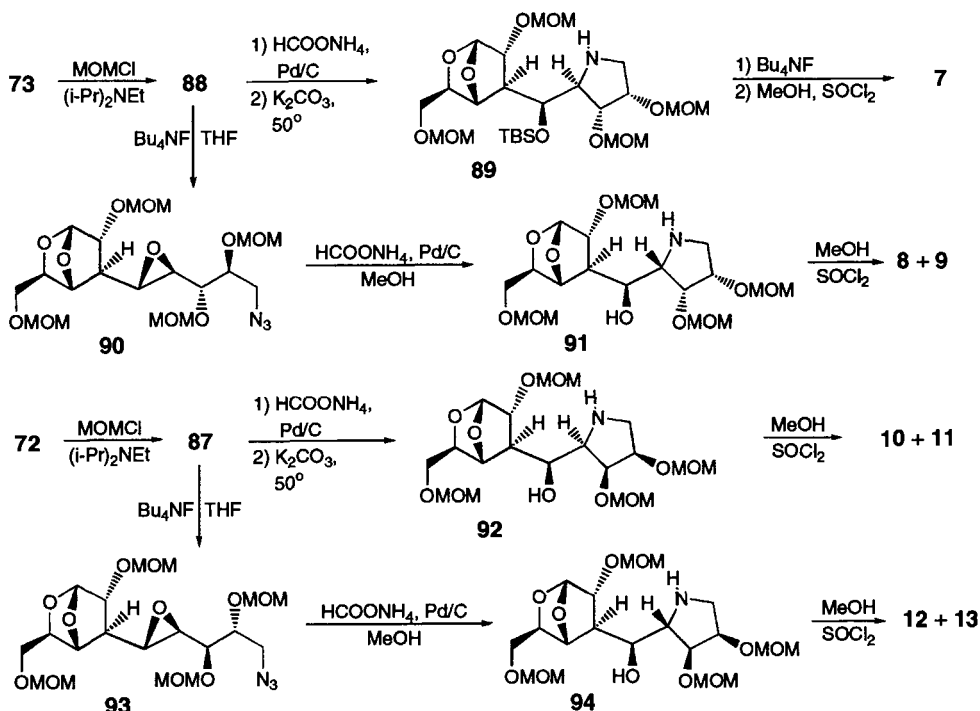
Scheme 8



85 was formed exclusively (Scheme 8), as indicated by its ¹H-NMR spectrum. After the addition of NaBH₄ (20°) and allowing to react for 1 h, 1N HCl was added (pH 2) and the product purified on Dowex exchange resin, giving octahydroindolizinetetrol **14** in 64% yield. This compound was fully characterized as its polyacetate **86** (54%) obtained on treatment with Ac₂O/pyridine and DMAP as catalyst.

Attempts to engender methyl pyranosides or furanosides of the C-linked imino disaccharides **3–6** under usual conditions (anh. MeOH, acid catalyst) all failed. We thus decided to replace the acetonide protective groups of the pyrrolidine-3,4-diol moieties in

Scheme 9

TBS = (t-Bu)Me₂Si, MOM = MeOCH₂

the precursors **74** and **77** by methoxymethyl groups, i.e., **87** and **88** (Scheme 7) were prepared on treating diols **72** and **73** with MeOCH₂Cl and (i-Pr)₂NEt, respectively (Scheme 9). Reduction of the azido group in **88** (HCOONH₄, Pd/C, MeOH), followed by treatment with K₂CO₃ (50°), gave **89** (63%). Desilylation (Bu₄NF, THF), followed by methanolysis and Fischer's glycosidation (MeOH, SOCl₂, 20°, 15 h), led to methyl β-DL-furanoside **7**, isolated in 63% yield. This compound contained ca. 30% of methyl α-DL-furanoside and methyl α- and β-DL-pyranosides (by ¹H-NMR). On treating **88** with Bu₄NF (THF), epoxide **90** was obtained in 96% yield. Hydrogenation of the azide (HCOONH₄, Pd/C, MeOH) provided pyrrolidine **91** (65%) which, on treatment with MeOH and SOCl₂, furnished a 1:1 mixture of methyl β-DL-galactofuranoside **8** and methyl α-DL-galactopyranoside **9**. Under similar conditions (Scheme 9), **87** was converted into pyrrolidine **92** (80%), which, upon acidic treatment (MeOH/SOCl₂), provided a 3:2 mixture of methyl β-DL-galactofuranoside **10** and methyl α-DL-galactopyranoside **11**. Treatment of **87** with Bu₄NF in THF led to epoxide **93** (96%) which was converted into pyrrolidine **94** (74%). Methanolysis of **94** furnished a 6:3:1 mixture (87%) of methyl β-DL-galactofuranoside **13**, methyl α-DL-galactopyranoside **12**, and methyl α-DL-galactofuranoside (anomer of **13**). The relative configurations of pyrrolidines **89**, **91**, **92**, and **94** were confirmed by their 2D NOESY and 2D COSY ¹H-NMR spectra.

Glycohydrolase Inhibition Assays. – At 1 mM concentration (solutions buffered just before use), the C-linked imino disaccharides **4–13** and the octahydroindolizinetetrol derivative **14** did not inhibit the following enzymes under standard conditions and optimal pH [12][44]: α -glucosidases (maltases) from yeast or rice; α -glucosidase (isomaltase) from baker's yeast; amyloglucosidases from *Aspergillus niger* or *Rhizopus* mold; β -glucosidases from almonds or *Caldocellum saccharolyticum*; α -galactosidases from coffee beans, *Aspergillus niger*, or *Escherichia coli*; β -galactosidases from *E. coli*, bovine liver, *Aspergillus niger*, *Aspergillus orizae*, or jack beans; α -mannosidases from jack beans or almonds; β -mannosidase from *Helix pomatia*; β -D-xylosidase from *Aspergillus niger*; α -L-fucosidases from bovine epididymis or human placenta; α -N-acetylgalactosaminidase from chicken liver; β -N-acetylglucosaminidases from jack beans, bovine epididymis A, or bovine epididymis B. Except for a 43 and 27% inhibition of jack bean and almond α -mannosidases, respectively, at 1 mM concentration, **3** did not inhibit the other 23 glycosidases. Compared with other pyrrolidinepolyols [45], **3** is a moderate α -mannosidase inhibitor, but on the contrary to the simpler analogues, it is much more specific.

The somewhat deceiving inhibitory activities found for the racemic C-linked imino disaccharide **3** are probably due to the fact that the α -mannosidases tested are not tuned up for the cleavage of α -mannofuranosyl- or α -mannopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-galactose but for α -mannofuranosyl- or α -mannopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ n) of other hexoses, with $n = 2, 3, 4$, or 6 . C-Linked imino disaccharides having a pyrrolidine-3,4-diol moiety attached by its C(2) to position C(1), C(2), C(3), C(4), or C(6) of various hexoses *via* a CH₂ or CH(X) linker have to be prepared and tested to define whether the C-linked imino disaccharides can be useful tools for glycobiology and eventually useful leads for new drug discovery.

Conclusion. – A linear approach to the total synthesis of imino disaccharides linking pyrrolidine-3,4-diols to C(3) of galactose *via* a hydroxymethylene linker was developed starting from furan and furan-2-carbaldehyde. It features the highly stereoselective cross-aldol condensation of furan-2-carbaldehyde with a 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one derivative than can be obtained in both its enantiomerically pure forms. The 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one moiety of the aldol was converted into a 1,4-anhydrogalactopyranose derivative C-branched at C(3). The furan unit could then be oxidized cleanly by dimethyldioxirane, giving a (*Z*)-4-oxoenal system that was converted into pyrroles and pyrrolidine-3,4-diols applying standard reactions. Conditions were found allowing the transformation of these intermediates into non-protected C-linked imino disaccharides **3–6** and methyl-glycoside forms **7–13**. Only the disaccharide **3** (($\pm$)-3-deoxy-[(1'*RS*)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -LD-ribitol-1'-C-yl]- α -DL-galactose) which mimics the intermediate mannopyranosyl cation, generated during the hydrolysis of a α -DL-mannopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-DL-galactose, showed weak, but specific α -mannosidase inhibitory activity. Interestingly, when the DL-galactose unit of the C-linked imino disaccharide **3** was conformationally blocked in its methyl β -DL-galactofuranoside derivative **10**, the α -mannosidase inhibitory activity was completely suppressed. As expected, the structure and conformation of the 'aglycon' part of the disaccharide mimetic plays a crucial role on the enzymatic inhibiting properties of the C-linked imino disaccharide.

We are grateful to the Swiss National Science Foundation and the Fonds Herbette (Lausanne) for financial support. We thank Miss Nancy Nicolet, Miss Geneviève Puhr, Mr. Martial Rey, and Mr. Francisco Sepúlveda for their technical help. We also thank Mr. Anton Stimac for the preparation of 20 g of the intermediate **51**.

Experimental Part

General. Most procedures were not optimized. All solvents were distilled prior to use: THF and Et₂O from Na and benzophenone; DMF, CH₂Cl₂, and toluene from P₂O₅; Et₃N, (i-Pr)₃NH⁺Cl⁻, and pyridine from CaH₂; MeOH from Mg. Solns. after reactions and extractions were evaporated in a rotatory evaporator under reduced pressure. Liquid/solid flash chromatography (FC): columns of silica gel (0.040–0.63 µm, Merck No. 9385 silica gel 60, 240–400 mesh) or Lobar columns (Merck SiO₂ or RP-8). Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) for reaction monitoring: Merck silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ plates; detection by UV light. *Pancaldi* reagent ((NH₄)₆MoO₄, Ce(SO₄)₂, H₂SO₄, H₂O), or KMnO₄. Reagents were from Fluka or Aldrich and used without purification. M.p.: uncorrected; *Tottoli* (Büchi SMP-20) apparatus. Optical rotations: *Jasco-DIP-370* polarimeter. UV/VIS Spectra: *Kontron-Uvikon-811* or *Hewlett-Packard-HP8450A* spectrometer; λ in nm (ϵ [dm³ mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹]). IR Spectra: *Perkin-Elmer-1420* or *Beckman-IR4230* spectrometer; $\tilde{\nu}$ in cm⁻¹. ¹H-NMR Spectra: *Bruker-AC-250*, *Bruker-DPX-400*, or *Bruker-ARX-400* spectrometer, δ (H) in ppm rel. to internal Me₄Si (= 0.00 ppm) or to the solvent's residual ¹H-signal (CHCl₃, δ (H) 7.27; C₆H₆, δ (H) 7.16; CHD₂COCOD₃, δ (H) 1.95; CD₂HCN, δ (H) 2.50; CHD₂SOCD₃, δ (H) 2.50; CHD₂OD, δ (H) 3.31) as internal reference; in D₂O, internal reference Me₃SiCH₂CH₂CH₂SO₃Na (δ (Me₃Si) 0), all ¹H-signal assignments were confirmed by double irradiation experiments or by 2D COSY-DQF or COSY-45 spectra. ¹³C-NMR Spectra: same instruments as above (62.9 MHz, 100.61 MHz); δ (C) in ppm rel. to internal Me₄Si (= 0.00 ppm) or to the solvent's C-signal (CDCl₃, δ (C) 77.0; C₆D₆, δ (C) 128.4; (CD₃)₂CO, δ (C) 29.8; CD₃CN, δ (C) 1.3; (CD₃)₂SO, δ (C) 39.5; CD₃OD, δ (C) 49.2) as internal reference; coupling constants *J* in Hz ($\pm$ 0.5 Hz). MS: *Nermag R-10-10C*, chemical ionization (NH₃) mode; *m/z* (amu) (% rel. base peak (100%)). Elemental analysis: *Ilse Beetz*, D-96301 Kronach, Germany.

Enzymatic Assays. See [17][43].

($\pm$)-3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- α -LD-ribose-1'-C-yl]- α -DL-galactose Deuteriumchloride (3 · DCl). In a 5-mm NMR tube, **79** (27 mg, 0.067 mmol) was dissolved in 3M DCl in D₂O (0.8 ml). After a few min at 20°, 3 · DCl was formed as 28:22:20:29:11 mixture of anomers. The soln. was stable at 0° for one week. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O/DCl): 5.37 (s, 0.19 H), 5.33 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 1.8, 0.28 H), 5.29 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.5, 0.22 H), 5.26 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 3.5, 0.11 H), 4.72 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 7.8, 0.20 H, H-C(1)); 4.67–4.63 (m, 0.22 H), 4.58–4.54 (m, 0.61 H), 4.53–4.47 (m, 2 H, H-C(4')), H-C(3'), H-C(2)); 4.34–4.32 (m, 0.29 H), 4.28–4.16 (m, 0.86 H), 4.14–3.98 (m, 0.57 H, H-C(1'), H-C(4)); 3.95–3.88 (m, 0.76 H), 4.87–4.63 (m, 3.8 H, H-C(4), H-C(5), H-C(2), 2 H-C(6)); 3.58–3.39 (m, 3 H, 2 H-C(5'), H-C(2)); 2.78–2.71 (m, 0.11 H), 2.60–2.50 (m, 0.5 H), 2.21–2.15 (m, 0.40 H, H-C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O/DCl): 102.8, 102.0, 97.7, 97.4, 95.7 (C(1)); 79.9, 79.3, 78.0, 77.2, 76.9, 76.8, 73.0, 71.8, 71.5, 71.1, 70.7, 70.5, 70.3, 70.2, 70.0, 68.3, 67.8, 67.5 (d, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 63.7–63.4 (t, C(6)); 62.7–61.4 (d, C(2')); 50.5 (t, C(5')); 49.9–49.6 (d, C(3)).

($\pm$)-3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose Deuteriumchloride (4 · DCl). In a 5-mm NMR tube, **76** (32 mg, 0.079 mmol) was dissolved in 3M DCl in D₂O (0.8 ml). After 3 h at 20°, 4 · DCl was formed as a 44:44:12 mixture of α -DL-pyranose, α -DL-furanose, and β -DL-pyranose. The soln. is stable at 0° for one week. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O/DCl): 5.27 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.5, 0.44 H), 5.26 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.3, 0.44 H), 4.72 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 8.0, 0.12 H, H-C(1)); 4.64–4.54 (m, 1 H, H-C(4')); 4.53–4.45 (m, 1 H, H-C(3')); 3.40–3.26 (m, 2 H, H-C(1'), H-C(2)); 4.23 (dd, ³*J* = 8.2, 2.2, 0.4 H), 4.13 (dd, ³*J* = 8.4, 3.1, 0.4 H, H-C(4)); 3.94–3.87 (m, 1 H, H-C(2')); 3.86–3.62 (m, 4 H, H-C(5), CH₂(6), H_a-C(5')); 3.30–3.22 (m, 1 H, H_b-C(5')); 2.45–2.38 (m, 1 H, H-C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O/DCl): 102.8, 95.6 (2d, C(1)); 78.9, 78.5, 78.1, 75.8, 71.3, 70.9, 70.1 (d, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 69.3, 68.9 (t, C(6)); 64.2, 63.5 (d, C(2')); 48.9 (d, C(3)); 47.9 (t, C(5')); 44.9 (d, C(3)).

($\pm$)-3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose Deuteriumchloride (5 · DCl). In a 5-mm NMR tube, **81** (37 mg, 0.091 mmol) was dissolved in 3M DCl in D₂O (0.8 ml). After 3 h at 20°, 5 · DCl was formed as a 33:33:17:17 mixture of anomers. The soln. was stable at 0° for one week. ¹H-NMR (D₂O/DCl, 400 MHz): 5.48 (s, 0.17 H), 5.28 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 3.0, 0.33 H), 5.27 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 5.0, 0.33 H), 4.69 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 8.0, 0.17 H, H-C(1)); 4.45–4.42 (m, 1 H, H-C(4')); 4.42–4.28 (m, 2 H, H-C(3'), H-C(2)); 4.23–4.05 (m, 2 H, H-C(1'), H-C(4)); 3.88–3.66 (m, 4 H, H-C(2'), H-C(5), 2 H-C(6)); 3.66–3.40 (m, 2 H, CH₂(5)); 2.55–2.48, 2.12–2.06 (2 m, 1 H, H-C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O/DCl): 102.7 (d, *J* = 171), 101.1 (d, *J* = 173), 98.0 (d, *J* = 164), 95.7 (d, *J* = 174, C(1)); 79.1, 78.6, 78.2, 76.4, 75.8, 73.1, 72.7, 71.4, 71.1, 70.0, 69.8, 68.8, 68.6, 65.9, 65.4, 64.9, 64.0 (d, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 63.5, 62.9, 61.9, 61.5 (t, C(6)); 58.2 (d, C(2')); 51.0, 50.6, 50.5, 50.4, (t, C(5')); 49.9, 47.5, 46.5, 45.8 (d, C(3)).

($\pm$)-3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino- β -DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-DL-galactose Deuteriumchloride (6 · DCl). In a 5-mm NMR tube, **84** (40 mg, 0.098 mmol) was dissolved in 3M DCl in D₂O (0.8 ml). After 3 h at 20°, 6 · DCl was formed as a 40:45:15 mixture of α -DL-pyranose, α -DL-furanose, and β -DL-pyranose. The soln. was

stable at 0° for one week. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O/DCI): 5.28–5.24 (*m*, 0.85 H), 4.72 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 8.0, 0.15 H, H–C(1)); 4.62–4.53 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(4')); 4.45–4.37 (*m*, 1.4 H, H–C(3'), H–C(2)); 3.34–3.28 (*m*, 1.6 H, H–C(1'), H–C(2)); 4.12–4.05 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(6), H–C(4)); 3.95 (*dd*, ³*J* = 9.4, 3.0, 0.4 H), 3.86 (*dd*, ³*J* = 9.8, 3.0, 0.4 H, H–C(2')); 3.34–3.10 (*m*, 4.2 H, H–C(2), H–C(5), CH₂(6), H_a–C(5')); 3.27–3.18 (*m*, 1 H, H_b–C(5')); 2.50–2.42 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O/DCI): 102.6 (*d*, *J* = 172), 95.7 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(1)); 78.7, 78.2, 75.6, 72.3, 71.3, 70.7, 70.5, 70.4, 70.0, 69.9, 69.4 (*d*, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 65.2, 65.0 (*t*, C(6)); 63.4, 63.2 (*d*, C(2')); 49.3 (*d*, C(3)); 47.0 (*t*, C(5')); 45.6 (*d*, C(3)).

(±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-α-LD-ribose-1'-C-yl]-β-DL-galactofuranoside (**7**) and Isomers. A mixture of anhydro sugar **89** (30 mg, 0.053 mmol), anh. THF (2 ml), and 1M Bu₄NF in THF (0.106 ml, 0.106 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 5 min under Ar. The solvent was evaporated, the residue taken up with anh. MeOH (1 ml) under Ar, and freshly distilled SOCl₂ (40 μl, 0.42 mmol) was added. After stirring at 20° for 15 h, the solvent was evaporated and the residue purified on a column of Dowex 50Wx8 resin (MeOH, then H₂O, then 1M aq. NH₃; *Pancaldi*). Lyophilization yielded 33 mg (63%) of **7** and isomers as a colorless powder, the ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR of which [46] showing that **7** is contaminated by less than 30% of α-DL-furanoside, α-DL- and β-DL-pyranosides. IR (KBr): 3405, 2930, 1640, 1420, 1035. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O, 310 K; data of **7**): 4.93 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 1.7, H–C(1)); 4.30 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 4.5, ³*J*(2,1) = 1.7, H–C(2)); 4.23–4.18 (*m*, H–C(4'), H–C(3')); 4.10 (*dd*, ³*J*(4,3) = 7.7, ³*J*(4,5) = 2.0, H–C(4)); 3.89–3.72 (*m*, H–C(1'), H–C(5)); 3.72–3.68 (*m*, CH₂(6)); 3.38 (*s*, MeO); 3.30 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',1') = 5.2, ³*J*(2',3') = 4.6, H–C(2')); 3.21 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.2, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 4.4, H_a–C(5')); 3.02 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.2, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.8, H_b–C(5')); 2.43 (*ddd*, ³*J*(3,4) = 7.7, ³*J*(3,1') = 5.6, ³*J*(3,2) = 4.5, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O, 310 K; data of **7**): 110.1 (*d*, *J* = 170, C(1)); 80.1 (*d*, *J* = 143, C(4)); 76.0 (*d*, *J* = 151, C(2)); 72.8 (*d*, *J* = 142, C(3)); 71.7 (*d*, *J* = 152, C(4')); 71.2 (*d*, *J* = 145, C(5)); 69.7 (*d*, *J* = 142, C(1')); 64.8 (*d*, *J* = 139, C(2')); 63.8 (*t*, *J* = 138, C(6)); 55.7 (*q*, *J* = 144, MeO); 50.6 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5')); 50.5 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(3')). Anal. calc. for C₁₂H₂₃NO₈ (309.315): C 46.60, H 7.50, N 4.53; found: C 45.42, H 7.20, N 4.21.

1:1 Mixture of (±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-β-LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-β-DL-galactofuranoside (**8**) and (±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-β-LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-α-DL-galactopyranoside (**9**). Freshly distilled SOCl₂ (40 μl, 0.42 mmol) was added to a stirred soln. of **91** (21 mg, 0.05 mmol) in anh. MeOH (1 ml) under Ar. After stirring at 20° for 15 h, the solvent was evaporated and the residue purified on a column of Dowex 50Wx8 resin (MeOH, then H₂O, then 1M aq. NH₃; *Pancaldi*). Lyophilization yielded 12 mg (82%) of **8/9** 1:1. Colorless powder. IR (KBr): 3385, 1635, 1420, 1125, 620. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 4.88 (*d*, 0.5 H, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.0, 0.5 H, H–C(1)f_{ur}); 4.81 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.6, 0.5 H, H–C(1)pyr); 4.39–4.31 (*m*, 1.5 H, H–C(4'), H–C(2)f_{ur}); 4.27–4.21 (*m*, 1.5 H, H–C(3'), H–C(2)f_{ur}); 4.08–4.05 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(4)); 4.00–3.97 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(1')); 3.74–3.58 (*m*, 3 H, H–C(5'), CH₂(6)); 3.45–3.41 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(2')); 3.45, 3.41 (*s*, 3 H, MeO); 3.33–3.29 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(5')); 3.01–2.93 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(5')); 2.36–2.32 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 110.3 (*d*, *J* = 169, C(1)f_{ur}); 103.6 (*d*, *J* = 173, C(1)pyr); 80.0, 79.5 (*d*, *J* = 148, C(4)); 75.7 (*d*, *J* = 149, C(2)f_{ur}); 74.0 (*d*, *J* = 143), 72.0, 71.9 (*d*, *J* = 150), 71.5, 71.3 (*d*, *J* = 149), 70.5 (*d*, *J* = 145, C(3'), C(4'), C(5)); 70.2 (*d*, *J* = 142, C(2)pyr); 67.1, 66.7 (*d*, *J* = 146, C(1')); 64.4, 64.3 (*d*, *J* = 141, C(2')); 63.7, 63.0 (*t*, *J* = 145, C(6)); 55.9, 55.7 (*q*, *J* = 140, MeO); 50.5 (*d*, *J* = 129, C(3)f_{ur}); 48.3, 48.2 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(5')), 45.2 (*d*, *J* = 169, C(3)pyr). CI-MS (NH₃): 310 (18, [*M* + 1]⁺), 309 (10, *M*⁺), 278 (21), 170 (5), 132 (8), 102 (100), 85 (25). Anal. calc. for C₁₂H₂₃NO₈ (309.315): C 46.60, H 7.50, N 4.53; found: C 46.54, H 4.47, N 4.46.

3:2 Mixture of (±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-α-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-β-DL-galactofuranoside (**11**) and Methyl (±)-3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-α-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-α-DL-galactopyranoside (**10**). As described for **8/9**, with **92** (156 mg, 0.34 mmol), MeOH (6 ml), and SOCl₂ (240 μl). 86 mg (81%) of **10/11** 2:3. Colorless powder. IR (KBr): 3405, 2940, 1640, 1420, 1035. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 4.97 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 0.8, 0.6 H, H–C(1)f_{ur}); 4.90 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.5, 0.4 H, H–C(1)pyr); 4.46–4.33 (*m*, 3 H, H–C(3'), H–C(4'), H–C(2)); 4.18 (*dd*, ³*J* = 9.1, 1.6, 0.6 H, H–C(4)f_{ur}); 4.15–4.05 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(4)pyr, H–C(1')f_{ur}); 4.01 (*dd*, ³*J* = 8.9, 2.4, 0.4 H, H–C(1')pyr); 3.80–3.78 (*m*, 0.4 H, H–C(5)pyr); 3.79–3.76 (*m*, 2 H, H–C(6)); 3.70–3.65 (*m*, 0.6 H, H–C(5)f_{ur}); 3.94–3.89 (*m*, 0.4 H, H–C(1')); 3.80 (*dd*, 1 H, ³*J* = 5.6, 4.2, H–C(1')f_{ur}); 3.55 (*dd*, ³*J* = 9.7, 3.2, 1 H, H–C(2')pyr); 3.51, 3.44 (2s, 3 H, MeO–C(1)); 3.44–3.30 (*m*, 1.4 H, H–C(5'), H–C(2')pyr); 2.91–2.86 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(5')); 2.45–2.40 (*m*, 1 H, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 109.5 (*d*, *J* = 171, C(1)f_{ur}); 102.7 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(1)pyr); 78.9, 78.6 (*d*, *J* = 146, C(4)); 74.8 (*d*, *J* = 148, C(2)f_{ur}); 72.3 (*d*, *J* = 147, C(5)pyr); 71.5, 71.3, 71.0, 70.8 (*d*, *J* = 148, C(3'), C(4')); 70.1 (*d*, *J* = 141,

⁶) For methyl galactosides in D₂O: δ(C) 100.1 for α-pyranoside, δ(C) 104.6 for β-pyranoside, δ(C) 103.8 for α-furanoside and δ(C) 109.9 for β-furanoside [46]. NOE's were observed between signals at 4.92 and 2.43 ppm in the ¹H-NMR spectrum. The product of peracetylation of **7** showed δ(C) 106.9 ppm for C(1), confirming the β-DL-furanoside structure.

C(5fur); 69.8 (*d*, *J* = 147, C(2)pyr); 65.7, 65.4 (*d*, *J* = 145, C(1'))); 63.0 (*t*, *J* = 139, C(6)); 62.3, 62.0 (*d*, *J* = 146, C(2'))); 55.1, 54.8 (*q*, *J* = 144, MeO); 49.0 (*d*, *J* = 129, C(3)fur); 48.2 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5'))); 44.7 (*d*, *J* = 130, C(3)pyr). CI-MS (NH₃): 310 (2, [*M* + 1]⁺), 309 (2, [*M* + 1]⁺), 278 (11), 248 (3), 216 (5), 169 (5), 102 (100), 84 (24). Anal. calc. for C₁₂H₂₃NO₈ (309.315): C 46.60, H 7.50, N 4.53; found: C 46.73, H 7.42, N 4.51.

2:1 Mixture of (±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-β-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-β-DL-galactofuranoside (13) and (±)-Methyl 3-Deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-β-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-α-DL-galactopyranoside (12). As described for 8/9, with 94 (140 mg, 0.31 mmol), MeOH (6 ml), and SOCl₂ (240 μl): 83 mg (87%) of 13/12 2:1 contaminated by ca. 10% of α-DL-galactofuranoside. Colorless powder. IR (KBr): 3405, 2935, 1635, 1420, 1195, 1035, 620. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 4.90 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 1.8, 0.6 H, H-C(1)fur); 4.84 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.3, 0.3 H, H-C(1)pyr), 4.83 (br. s, 0.1 H, H-C(1)fur); 4.28 (*dd*, ³*J* = 9.4, 4.5, 0.3 H, H-C(2)pyr); 4.25 (*dd*, ³*J* = 4.5, 1.8, 0.6 H, H-C(2)fur), 4.20–4.14 (*m*, 1.1 H, H-C(4'), H-C(2)); 4.05 (*dd*, ³*J*(4,3) = 7.8, ³*J*(4,5) = 2.5, 0.6 H, H-C(4)fur); 4.02–3.95 (*m*, 1.4 H, H-C(3'), H-C(4)pyr); 3.94–3.89 (*m*, 0.4 H, H-C(1'))); 3.80 (*dd*, ³*J* = 5.6, 4.2, 1 H, H-C(1')fur); 3.73 (*ddd*, ³*J* = 7.2, 5.0, 2.6, 1 H, H-C(5)fur); 3.68–3.58 (*m*, 2.4 H, H-C(6), H-C(5)); 3.41 (*s*, 0.9 H, 3.37 (*s*, 1.8 H, 3.35 (*s*, 0.3 H, MeO-C(1)); 3.35–3.20 (*m*, 1.4 H, H-C(5'), H-C(2'))); 3.07 (*dd*, ³*J* = 7.8, 4.0, 0.6 H, H-C(2')fur); 2.97 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.7, 0.3 H, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.0), 2.90 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.2, 0.6 H), 2.83 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.4, 0.1 H, H₅-C(5')); 2.40–2.30 (*m*, 1 H, H-C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, D₂O, 310 K): 110.0 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(1)fur); 103.5 (*d*, *J* = 170, C(1)pyr); 80.5, 80.2 (*d*, *J* = 149, C(4)); 76.2 (*d*, *J* = 149, C(2)fur); 73.8, 73.5 (*d*, *J* = 148), 73.1 (*d*, *J* = 150), 71.6, 71.4, 71.1 (*d*, *J* = 149, C(3'), C(4'), C(5)); 70.7 (*d*, *J* = 147, C(2)pyr); 68.3, 67.3 (*d*, *J* = 144, C(1'))); 64.7, 64.5 (*d*, *J* = 143, C(2'))); 63.8, 63.3 (*t*, *J* = 145, C(6)); 55.9, 55.5 (*q*, *J* = 144, MeO); 51.5 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(3)fur); 51.2, 51.1 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5'))); 47.6 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(3)pyr). CI-MS (NH₃): 310 (3, [*M* + 1]⁺), 309 (2, *M*⁺), 278 (9), 157 (8), 131 (11), 102 (100), 95 (33), 84 (88). Anal. calc. for C₁₂H₂₃NO₈ (309.315): C 46.60, H 7.50, N 4.53; found: C 44.66, H 7.26, N 4.35.

(±)-1-(RS,3RS,4SR,5SR,6SR)-6-endo-Chloro-3-exo-[(RS)-(furan-2-yl)hydroxymethyl]-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (19). To anh. THF (70 ml) and Me₃SiNHsMe₃ (10.8 ml, 51.7 mmol) in a flame-dried flask at –10° under Ar, 1.6M BuLi in hexane (29.8 ml, 47.7 mmol) was added slowly keeping the temp. at –5°. After stirring at –5° for 15 min, the soln. was cooled to –78° and ketone 16 [29] (12 g, 39.8 mmol) in anh. THF (85 ml) was added within 1 h. After stirring at –78° for 15 min, a soln. of anh. furan-2-carbaldehyde (4.94 ml, 59.7 mmol) in THF (25 ml) was added slowly (30 min). After stirring at –78° for 90 min, AcOH (4.08 ml, 79.6 mmol) in MeOH (10 ml) was added slowly, and the cooling bath was removed. Once at 20°, the mixture was poured into a vigorously stirred mixture of sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (200 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (100 ml). The aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 ml, twice), the combined org. extract dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the yellowish solid (16.45 g) recrystallized from CHCl₃: 15.02 g (95%) of 19. Colorless solid. M.p. 138–129°. UV (MeCN): 218 (8700). IR (KBr): 3495, 3020, 1760, 1575, 1400, 1210, 1180, 1120, 1065, 1025, 910, 800, 725. ¹H-NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.52–7.49 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.36–7.27 (*m*, 3 arom. H, H-C(5')), CHCl₃; 6.33 (*dd*, ³*J*(4'',3'') = 3.2, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, H-C(4'')); 6.31 (*d*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, H-C(3'')); 4.91 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3) = 9.5, ³*J*(1', OH-C(1')) = 2.0, H-C(1')); 4.56 (*dd*, ³*J*(1,6) = 6.0, ⁴*J*(1,4) = 0.8, H-C(1)); 4.42 (br. s, H-C(4)); 4.24 (*ddd*, ³*J*(6,1) = 6.0, ³*J*(6,5) = 3.0, ³*J*(6,4) = 1.0, H-C(6)); 3.57 (*d*, ³*J*(5,6) = 3.0, H-C(5)); 3.22 (*d*, ³*J*(OH-C(1'),1') = 2.0, OH-C(1')); 2.75 (*d*, ³*J*(3,1') = 9.5, H-C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 206.0 (*s*, C=O); 152.0 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.9 (*d*, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 134.1 (*d*, *J* = 165, 2 arom. C); 129.5 (*d*, *J* = 161, 2 arom. C); 128.3 (*d*, *J* = 161, arom. C); 128.2 (*s*, arom. C); 110.3 (*d*, *J* = 181), 108.6 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(3''), C(4'')); 84.6 (*d*, *J* = 167), 83.2 (*d*, *J* = 167, C(1), C(4)); 66.9 (*d*, *J* = 144, C(1')); 56.8 (*d*, *J* = 166, C(6)); 55.8 (*d*, *J* = 138, C(3)); 50.7 (*d*, *J* = 154, C(5)). CI-MS (NH₃): 398 (8, [*M* + 1]⁺), 360 (2), 302 (15), 265 (12), 225 (20), 195 (30), 158 (35), 138 (20), 96 (76), 92 (100). Anal. calc. for C₁₇H₁₅ClO₄Se (397.716): C 51.34, H 3.80, Cl 8.91, Se 19.85; found: C 51.28, H 3.83, Cl 8.91, Se 19.79.

(±)-1-(RS,2SR,3RS,4SR,5SR,6SR)-6-endo-Chloro-3-exo-[(RS)-(furan-2-yl)hydroxymethyl]-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-endo-ol (20). NaBH₄ (1.83 g, 48.3 mmol) was added portionwise to a stirred soln. of 19 (9.60 g, 24.1 mmol) in MeOH/THF 1:1 (300 ml) at 0°. After stirring at 0° for 5 min, 1N aq. HCl was added until pH 5. The mixture was then poured onto ice-cold H₂O (250 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (250 ml). The aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 ml, twice), the combined org. extract dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the colorless solid recrystallized from AcOEt and light petroleum ether: 8.78 g (91%) of 20. Colorless crystals. M.p. 129–131°. UV (MeCN): 217 (8730). IR (KBr): 3250, 3110, 2990, 2910, 1575, 1475, 1430, 1235, 1070, 1020, 955, 915, 810, 750, 730. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, (D₆)DMSO): 7.54 (*d*, ³*J*(5'',4'') = 1.8, H-C(5'')); 7.37–7.33 (*m*, 2 H), 7.32–7.25 (*m*, 3 H, arom. H); 6.45 (*dd*, ³*J*(4'',3'') = 3.2, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, H-C(4'')); 6.22 (*d*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, H-C(3'')); 5.49 (*d*, ³*J*(OH-C(1'),1') = 5.1, OH-C(1')); 5.03 (*d*, ³*J*(OH-C(2),2) = 4.5, OH-C(2)); 4.40 (*dd*, ³*J*(1,6) = 4.8, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.1, H-C(1)); 4.29 (*ddd*, ³*J*(2,OH-C(2)) = 4.5, ³*J*(2,1) = 4.1, ³*J*(2,3) = 3.7, H-C(2)); 4.26 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3) = 9.7, ³*J*(1', OH-C(1')) = 5.1, H-C(1')); 4.13 (*dd*, ³*J*(6,1) = 4.8, ³*J*(6,5) = 4.3,

H–C(6)); 3.94 (br. s, H–C(4)); 3.60 (*d*, $^3J(6,5) = 4.3$, H–C(5)); 2.21 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.7$, H–C(3)). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, (D_6)DMSO): 156.2 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.1 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 131.9 (*d*, $J = 166$, 2 arom. C); 129.6 (*s*, arom. C); 129.5 (*d*, $J = 160$, 2 arom. C); 127.2 (*d*, $J = 155$, arom. C); 110.1 (*d*, $J = 175$), 106.6 (*d*, $J = 170$, C(3'')), C(4'')); 86.6 (*d*, $J = 161$), 79.0 (*d*, $J = 161$, C(1), C(4)); 76.4 (*d*, $J = 144$, C(2)); 67.6 (*d*, $J = 141$, C(1')); 60.3 (*d*, $J = 160$, C(6)); 56.4 (*d*, $J = 134$, C(3)); 51.2 (*d*, $J = 148$, C(5)). CI-MS (NH_3): 418 (1, $[M + 1 + 18]^+$), 402 (7, $[M + 2]^+$), 400 (18, M^+), 398 (21), 330 (2), 284 (5), 225 (9), 158 (22), 122 (34), 97 (50), 78 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClO}_4\text{Se}$ (399.732): C 51.08, H 4.28, Cl 8.86, Se 19.75; found: C 51.20, H 4.35, Cl 8.77, Se 19.73.

($\pm$)-4(RS,4aRS,5SR,6SR,7SR,8RS,8aSR)-2,2-Di(tert-butyl)-7-chloro-4-(furan-2-yl)-4a,5,6,7,8,8a-hexahydro-6-(phenylseleno)-5,8-epoxy-4H-1,3,2-benzodioxasiline (21). Under Ar 2,6-dimethylpyridine (46 μl , 0.4 mmol) and (*t*-Bu) $_2$ Si(OSO $_2$ CF $_3$) $_2$ (79 μl , 0.24 mmol) were added to a soln. of **20** (32 mg, 0.08 mmol) in anh. DMF (0.3 ml) at 0°. After stirring at 20° for 15 h, the mixture was poured into brine (10 ml) and extracted with CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ (10 ml, 3 times). The combined org. phase was dried (MgSO $_4$) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO $_2$, 230–400 mesh, AcOEt/CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:8): 22 mg (51%) of **21**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 220 (12500). IR (film): 3580, 2930, 2855, 1475, 1395, 1330, 1240, 1215, 1095, 1005, 825. ^1H -NMR (250 MHz, CDCl $_3$): 7.49–7.45 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.33 (*dd*, $^3J(5',4') = 1.8$, $^3J(3',5') = 0.8$, H–C(5')); 7.30–7.25 (*m*, 3 arom. H, CHCl $_3$); 6.33 (*d*, $^3J(4',3') = 3.3$, $^3J(4',5') = 1.8$, H–C(4')); 6.21 (*dm*, $^3J(3',4') = 3.3$, H–C(3')); 5.03 (*d*, $^3J(4,4a) = 11.1$, H–C(4)); 4.62 (*dd*, $^3J(7,8) = 5.5$, $^3J(8,8a) = 4.0$, H–C(8)); 4.44–4.41 (*m*, H–C(7), H–C(8a)); 4.33 (br. s, H–C(5)); 3.62 (*d*, $^3J(6,7) = 2.1$, H–C(6)); 2.42 (*ddd*, $^3J(4,4a) = 11.1$, $^3J(4a,8a) = 8.8$, $^3J(4a,5) = 1.5$, H–C(4a)); 1.10, 1.05 (2s, 18 H, 2 *t*-BuSi). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl $_3$): 154.7 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.3 (*d*, $J = 202$, C(5'')); 133.1 (*d*, $J = 163$, 2 arom. C); 129.5 (*s*, arom. C); 129.3 (*d*, $J = 167$, 2 arom. C); 127.6 (*d*, $J = 167$, arom. C); 110.1 (*d*, $J = 175$), 106.7 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(3'), C(4')); 83.2 (*d*, $J = 166$), 81.4 (*d*, $J = 150$), 78.6 (*d*, $J = 163$); 74.0 (*d*, $J = 146$, C(8), C(8a), C(5), C(4)); 60.7 (*d*, $J = 163$), 56.2 (*d*, $J = 153$), 53.2 (*d*, $J = 132$, C(4a), C(6)); 27.5, 27.2 (2q, $J = 126$, 2 Me $_3$ CSi); 20.8, 20.3, (2s, 2 Me $_3$ CSi). CI-MS (NH_3): 542 (2, $[M + 1]^+$), 541 (1, M^+), 540 (3, $[M - 1]^+$), 387 (2), 326 (19), 297 (75), 259 (18), 223 (23), 147 (15), 78 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{34}\text{ClO}_4\text{SeSi}$ (541.042): C 55.50, H 6.33, Cl 6.55; found: C 55.59, H 6.44, Cl 6.59.

($\pm$)-1(RS,3RS,4SR,5SR,6SR)-3-exo-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-chloro-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (22). A mixture of **19** (1.0 g, 2.51 mmol), anh. DMF (4 ml), (*t*-Bu) $_2$ Me $_2$ SiCl (416 mg, 2.65 mmol), and 1H-imidazole (603 mg, 10.04 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 2 h. More (*t*-Bu) $_2$ Me $_2$ SiCl (341 mg, 2.5 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 20° for 2 h. The mixture was poured onto AcOEt (20 ml) and 1N aq. HCl (20 ml), the org. layer washed successively with 5% aq. Na $_2$ CO $_3$ soln. (10 ml) and brine (10 ml), dried (MgSO $_4$), and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO $_2$, EtOAc/CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:18): 1.23 g (96%) of **22**. Colorless oil that crystallized at 4°. M.p. 68–70°. UV (MeCN): 219 (11050). IR (KBr): 2945, 2855, 1770, 1470, 1340, 1250, 1140, 1090, 1000, 900, 870, 830, 800, 770, 730, 690. ^1H -NMR (250 MHz, CDCl $_3$): 7.58–7.48 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.38–7.30 (*m*, 3 arom. H, H–C(5'')); 6.30 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.20 (*d*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 5.00 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 6.5$, H–C(1'')); 4.65 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.35 (*d*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.7$, H–C(1)); 4.18 (*ddd*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.7$, $^3J(5,6) = 3.1$, $^4J(4,6) = 1.0$, H–C(6)); 3.48 (*d*, $^3J(5,6) = 3.1$, H–C(5)); 2.62 (*d*, $^3J(3,1') = 6.6$, H–C(3)); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-Bu); 0.03, –0.10 (*s*, Me $_2$ Si). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl $_3$): 202.6 (*s*, C(2)); 153.1 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.1 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 133.9 (*d*, $J = 161$, 2 arom. C); 129.5 (*d*, $J = 160$, 2 arom. C); 128.7 (*s*, arom. C); 128.2 (*d*, $J = 161$, arom. C); 110.1 (*d*, $J = 176$), 107.5 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(3'), C(4'')); 84.2 (*d*, $J = 173$), 82.8 (*d*, $J = 171$, C(1), C(4)); 67.1 (*d*, $J = 145$, C(1'')); 58.6 (*d*, $J = 134$, C(3)); 57.2 (*d*, $J = 170$, C(6)); 51.2 (*d*, $J = 154$, C(5)); 25.6 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me $_3$ CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me $_3$ CSi); –5.2, –5.3 (2q, $J = 118$, Me $_2$ Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 311 (90, $[M^+ - 201]^+$), 285 (7), 259 (7), 237 (100), 196 (11), 147 (20), 73 (41). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{29}\text{ClO}_4\text{SeSi}$ (511.980): C 53.96, H 5.71, Cl 6.92, Se 15.42, Si 5.49; found: C 53.95, H 5.79, Cl 6.91, Se 15.47, Si 5.46.

(+)-1(R,3R,4S,5S,6S)-3-exo-{(R)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-chloro-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one ((+)-22). For 5 min, **23** (100 mg) was heated to 150° in a 'Kugelrohr' apparatus under reduced pressure ($3 \cdot 10^{-1}$ Torr). The resulting oil was purified by FC (SiO $_2$, AcOEt/CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:8): 38 mg (52%) (+)-**22**. Colorless oil that crystallized at +4°. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +64$ (*c* = 0.75, CHCl $_3$).

(–)-1(S,3S,4R,5R,6R)-3-exo-{(S)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-chloro-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one ((–)-22). As described for (+)-**22**, with **24**. Also from (+)-**17** [28], following the procedures **16** → **19** and **19** → (–)-**22**. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -57$ (*c* = 0.61, CHCl $_3$).

(S)-S-{[(1S,2S,3R,4S,5S,6S)-3-exo-{(R)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-chloro-2-endo-hydroxy-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-oxo-yl)methyl]-N-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximide (23) and (S)-S-{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5R,6R)-3-exo-{(S)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-

chloro-2-endo-hydroxy-5-exo-(phenylseleno)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-eno-yl)methyl}-N-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximide (24). At -20° , 1.6M BuLi in hexane (4.06 ml, 6.49 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred soln. of (*S*)-*N*-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximide [33] (1.0 g, 5.90 mmol) in anhyd. THF (9 ml) cooled to -20° . After cooling to -78° , **22** (1.51 g, 2.95 mmol) in anhyd. THF (9 ml) was added dropwise. After reacting at -78° for 2 h, sat. aq. NH_4Cl soln. (1 ml) was added, the mixture poured into sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (50 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (50 ml, 3 times), the combined org. extract dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the residue purified and separated by FC (SiO_2 , 230–400 mesh, $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:8; R_f (**22**) 0.71, R_f (**23**) 0.46, R_f (**24**) 0.21 (UV)); 946 mg (47%) of **23** and 905 mg (45%) of **24**.

Data of 23: M.p. $78-80^{\circ}$. UV (MeCN): 215 (31000). IR (film): 3380, 2930, 1445, 1150, 1080, 840, 740. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.97–7.87 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.70–7.50 (*m*, 3 arom. H); 7.40–7.30 (*m*, 2 arom. H), $\text{H-C}(5'')$; 7.25–7.10 (*m*, 3 arom. H); 6.22 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.08 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.8$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 5.40 (*dd*, $^3J(1,6) = 4.8$, $^4J(1,4) = 1.2$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.49 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 10.6$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.09 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6) = 5.6$, $^3J(1,6) = 4.8$, $\text{H-C}(6)$); 4.05 (*d*, $^2J = 13.7$, $\text{CH}_2\text{-S}$); 3.81 (*br. s.*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.50 (*d*, $^3J(5,6) = 5.6$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.41 (*d*, $^2J = 13.7$, $\text{CH}_2\text{-S}$); 2.68 (*s*, MeN); 2.61 (*d*, $^3J(3,1') = 10.6$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.64 (*s*, 9 H, *t*-BuSi); -0.45 , -0.46 (2*s*, 6 H, Me₂Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 153.7 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.1 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 139.0 (*s*, arom. C); 133.8 (*d*, $J = 163$, 2 arom. C); 133.3 (*d*, $J = 166$, arom. C); 129.6 (*d*, $J = 163$, 2 arom. C); 129.2 (*s*, arom. C); 129.0 (*d*, $J = 165$, 2 arom. C); 127.6 (*d*, $J = 160$, 2 arom. C); 110.2 (*d*, $J = 176$), 108.9 (*d*, $J = 173$, C(3''), C(4'')); 87.1 (*d*, $J = 164$, C(1), C(4)); 83.5 (*s*, C(2)); 81.5 (*d*, $J = 159$, C(1), C(4)); 67.6 (*d*, $J = 142$), 63.5 (*d*, $J = 138$), 60.1 (*d*, $J = 158$, C(1'), C(5), C(6)); 60.0 (*t*, $J = 142$, CH_2S); 52.0 (*d*, $J = 152$, C(3)); 28.8 (*q*, $J = 138$, MeN); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); -5.2 , -5.7 (2*q*, $J = 119$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 683 (56, $[M + 1]^+$), 682 (50, M^+), 625 (3), 525 (12), 489 (14), 357 (6), 211 (29), 156 (41), 125 (28), 107 (27), 94 (24), 78 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClO}_3\text{NSSeSi}$ (682.234): C 54.58, H 6.06; found: C 54.55, H 6.18.

Data of 24: M.p. $85-88^{\circ}$. UV (MeCN): 215 (30200). IR (KBr): 3490, 2930, 2850, 1580, 1480, 1445, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1090, 1050, 1000, 925, 840, 740, 695. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.91–7.87 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.65–7.55 (*m*, 3 arom. H); 7.34–7.19 (*m*, 4 arom. H, $\text{H-C}(5'')$). CDCl_3 ; 6.21 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.11 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.6$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 4.76 (*dd*, $^3J(1,6) = 4.9$, $^4J(1,4) = 0.9$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.52 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 10.5$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.22 (*d*, $^2J = 14.2$, CH_2S); 4.00 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6) = 5.4$, $^3J(1,6) = 4.9$, $\text{H-C}(6)$); 3.77 (*br. s.*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.67 (*d*, $^2J = 14.2$, CH_2S); 3.49 (*d*, 1 H, $^3J(5,6) = 5.4$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 2.73 (*s*, MeN); 2.62 (*d*, $^3J(3,1') = 10.5$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.69 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); -0.19 , -0.43 (2*s*, Me₂Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 153.5 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.2 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 139.4 (*s*, arom. C); 133.8 (*d*, $J = 166$), 133.3 (*d*, $J = 166$, 4 arom. C); 129.7 (*d*, $J = 163$, 2 arom. C); 129.2 (*d*, $J = 162$, arom. C); 129.1 (*d*, $J = 161$, 2 arom. C); 127.7 (*d*, $J = 162$, arom. C), 110.3 (*d*, $J = 179$), 109.0 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(3''), C(4'')); 86.8 (*d*, $J = 163$, C(1), C(4)); 82.9 (*s*, C(2)); 81.3 (*d*, $J = 163$, C(1), C(4)); 67.3 (*d*, $J = 143$), 63.5 (*d*, $J = 138$, C(1'), C(5), C(6)); 60.3 (*t*, $J = 140$, CH_2S); 60.0 (*d*, $J = 158$, C(1'), C(5), C(6)); 52.2 (*d*, $J = 153$, C(3)); 29.5 (*q*, $J = 138$, MeN); 25.5 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); 17.7 (*s*, Me₃CSi); -5.2 , -5.4 (2*q*, $J = 118$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 683 (7, $[M + 1]^+$), 682 (5, M^+), 624 (1), 527 (2), 278 (3), 268 (4), 203 (8), 156 (20), 125 (26), 107 (23), 94 (23), 78 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClO}_3\text{SSeSi}$ (682.234): C 54.58, H 6.06; found: C 54.57, H 5.97.

($\pm$)-(*1RS,2RS,3RS,4SR*)-6-Chloro-3-exo-[(*RS*)-(furan-2-yl)hydroxymethyl]-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-endo-ol (**25**). A soln. of *m*CPBA (Fluka; 55%; 9.59 g, 30.6 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (150 ml) was dried (MgSO_4), filtered, and added dropwise to a stirred soln. of **20** (9.40 g, 23.5 mmol) in THF (150 ml) at -78° . The mixture was stirred overnight after removal of the cooling bath. The yellow soln. was poured into a stirred mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (150 ml) and sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (200 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (150 ml, twice), the combined org. extract dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the yellow solid (10.9 g) purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2 until extraction of $(\text{PhSe})_2$, then AcOEt (500 ml), yielding a colorless oil that was crystallized from AcOEt /light petroleum ether: 4.68 g (82%) of **25**. Colorless solid. M.p. $119-120^{\circ}$. UV (MeCN): 220 (6400). IR (KBr): 3480, 2960, 1580, 1500, 1430, 1325, 1290, 1240, 1140, 1100, 1070, 1000, 955, 920, 880, 865, 830, 810, 790, 740, 640. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.41 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.2$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.6$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.37 (*d*, 1 H, $^3J(4,5) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 6.36 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.3$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.32 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.3$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 4.72 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 4.4$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.70 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 8.9$, $^3J(1',\text{OH-C}(1')) = 4.4$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.67 (*ddd*, $^3J(2,\text{OH-C}(1')) = 4.6$, $^3J(2,1) = 4.4$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 4.50 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.10 (*d*, $^3J(\text{OH-C}(1'),1') = 4.4$, $\text{OH-C}(1')$); 2.98 (*d*, $^3J(\text{OH-C}(2),2) = 4.6$, $\text{OH-C}(2)$); 2.02 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 8.9$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(3)$). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 154.7 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.6 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 137.9 (*s*, C(6)); 130.3 (*d*, $J = 180$), 120.3 (*d*, $J = 186$, C(3''), C(4'')); 107.5 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(5)); 83.1 (*d*, $J = 167$), 83.0 (*d*, $J = 165$), C(1), C(4)); 72.7 (*d*, $J = 154$, C(2)); 69.1 (*d*, $J = 144$, C(1')); 53.6 (*d*, $J = 138$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): 260 (13, $[M + 18]^+$), 242 (3, M^+), 221 (21), 209 (29), 169 (68), 155 (12), 137 (36), 115 (69), 95 (81), 86 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClO}_4$ (242.658): C 54.44, H 4.57, Cl 14.61; found: C 54.46, H 4.47, Cl 14.50.

($\pm$)-/(1RS,2SR,3RS,4SR)-3-exo-[(RS)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-6-chloro-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-endo-yl Acetate (**26**). A mixture of **25** (2.00 g, 8.24 mmol), anhyd. pyridine (15 ml), Ac_2O (5 ml), and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (50 mg) was stirred at 20° for 15 h. The solvent was evaporated at 0.1 mbar yielding 3.08 g of a brownish oil that was purified by filtration on a pad of silica gel (230–400 mesh, AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:1; R_f (**26**) 0.6, *Pancaldi*): 2.47 g (92%) of oily **26**. The oil crystallized at -20° and was recrystallized from Et_2O /light petroleum ether. Colorless crystals. M.p. $68-70^\circ$. UV (MeCN): 220 (5900). IR (KBr): 3120, 1740, 1590, 1500, 1430, 1365, 1235, 1150, 1080, 1050, 1010, 970, 940, 875, 810, 775, 745, 675, 645. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.41 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.8$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.43 (d, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.0$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 6.37 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.36 (d, $^3J(4,5) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 5.90 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 10.0$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 5.14 (dd, $^3J(1,2) = 4.3$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 4.95 (dd, $^3J(1,2) = 4.3$, $^4J(1,4) = 1.0$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.55 (dd, $^3J(4,5) = 2.0$, $^4J(1,4) = 1.0$, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 2.46 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 10.0$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 2.06, 2.05 (2s, 2 Ac). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 170.4, 170.0 (2s, 2 MeCO); 150.6 (s, $\text{C}(2'')$); 143.0 (d, $J = 202$, $\text{C}(5'')$); 137.8 (s, $\text{C}(6)$); 130.3 (d, $J = 181$, $\text{C}(5)$); 110.4 (d, $J = 176$), 110.1 (d, $J = 176$, $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 82.1 (d, $J = 168$), 81.5 (d, $J = 173$, $\text{C}(1)$, $\text{C}(4)$); 73.1 (d, $J = 160$, $\text{C}(2)$); 68.9 (d, $J = 149$, $\text{C}(1')$); 49.2 (d, $J = 140$, $\text{C}(3)$); 21.0, 20.5 (2q, $J = 129$, 2 MeCO). CI-MS (NH_3): 344 (1, $[M + 18]^+$), 326 (1, M^+), 331 (15), 224 (27), 207 (13), 189 (11), 182 (24), 165 (32), 122 (83), 94 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClO}_6$ (326.732): C 54.14, H 4.63, Cl 10.85; found: C 55.18, H 4.74, Cl 10.83.

($\pm$)-/(1RS,2SR,3RS,4SR,5SR)-3-exo-[(RS)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-5-exo-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-6-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-endo-yl Acetate (**28**). NaHCO_3 (103 mg, 1.22 mmol), 0.156M OsO_4 soln. in CCl_4 (39 μl , 0.0061 mmol), and 4-methylmorpholine 4-oxide monohydrate (165 mg, 1.22 mmol) were added successively to a soln. of **26** (200 mg, 0.61 mmol) in acetone/ H_2O 8:1 (4 ml) stirred at 0° . After stirring at 0° for 4 h, the brownish soln. became yellowish. It was poured into a vigorously stirred mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml) and 10% aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (20 ml). After stirring for 2 min and decantation, the aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2×20 ml). The combined org. extracts were dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated to 1 ml. After the addition of DMF (1 ml), the solvent was evaporated ($25^\circ/10^{-3}$ Torr). (*t*-Bu) Me_2SiCl (185 mg, 1.22 mmol) and 1*H*-imidazole (167 mg, 2.45 mmol) were added under Ar, and the mixture was stirred at 20° for 15 h. The yellow soln. was poured into a stirred mixture of AcOEt (20 ml) and 1*N* aq. HCl (20 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with AcOEt (2×10 ml), the combined org. extract washed successively with 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (30 ml) and brine (30 ml), dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the viscous oil (470 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:3; R_f (**28**) 0.47, *Pancaldi*): 158 mg (59%) of **28**. Colorless oil that solidified at 4° . M.p. $108-109^\circ$. UV (MeCN): 215 (8100). IR (KBr): 2940, 2850, 1770, 1730, 1365, 1220, 1190, 1110, 1025, 985, 950, 915, 875, 830, 800, 775, 750, 670, 635. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.40 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.0$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.6$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.48 (dm, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 6.39 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 5.96 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 10.0$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 5.12 (ddd, $^3J(2,1) = 5.5$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.8$, $^4J(2,4) = 1.2$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 4.51 (dm, $^3J(1,2) = 5.5$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.08 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.74 (s, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 2.64 (ddm, $^3J(3,1') = 10.0$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.8$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 2.07, 2.05 (2s, 2 MeCO); 0.86 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.09, 0.08 (2s, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 206.0 (s, $\text{C}(6)$); 170.1, 169.4 (2s, 2 MeCO); 150.1 (s, $\text{C}(2'')$); 143.1 (d, $J = 205$, $\text{C}(5'')$); 110.7 (d, $J = 175$), 110.6 (d, $J = 175$, $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 84.8 (d, $J = 164$), 79.2 (d, $J = 171$), 74.0 (d, $J = 145$), 72.2 (d, $J = 159$, $\text{C}(1)$, $\text{C}(2)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(5)$); 68.0 (d, $J = 150$, $\text{C}(1')$); 49.0 (d, $J = 136$, $\text{C}(3)$); 25.7 (q, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 20.9, 20.6 (2q, $J = 130$, 2 MeCO); 18.3 (s, Me_3CSi); -4.8, -5.1 (2q, $J = 120$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 456 (23, $[M + 18]^+$), 439 (30, $[M + 1]^+$), 396 (20), 379 (69), 319 (44), 291 (100), 279 (73), 261 (72), 233 (32), 187 (19), 157 (29), 117 (12), 75 (82). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_8\text{Si}$ (438.549): C 57.51, H 6.90, Si 6.40; found: C 57.63, H 6.95, Si 6.45.

($\pm$)-/(1RS,2SR,3RS,4SR,5SR)-3-exo-[(RS)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-5-exo-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-7-oxo-6,8-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-2-endo-yl Acetate (= 7-exo-[Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-2-exo-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-4-oxo-3,8-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-yl Acetate; **29**) and ($\pm$)-3-[(RS)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-2-O-acetyl-5-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-3-deoxy- β -DL-altrofuranurono-6,1-lactone (**30**). *m*CPBA (Fluka; 80%; 64 mg, 0.296 mmol) and NaHCO_3 (38 mg, 0.456 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of **28** (100 mg, 0.228 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 ml) at 0° . After stirring at 0° for 7 h, the mixture was poured into ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (20 ml) and CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml). The aq. phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2×20 ml), the combined org. phase washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (10 ml) and brine (10 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated and the yellowish solid (143 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:3; R_f (**29**, **30**) 0.5, *Pancaldi*): 79 mg (76%) of an unseparable 4:1 mixture **29/30**. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.46–7.43 (m, 1 H, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.50–6.45 (m, 1 H, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.38–6.34 (m, 1 H, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 6.03 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 8.9$, 0.8 H, $\text{H-C}(1')$ of **29**); 5.97 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 4.0$, 0.2 H, $\text{H-C}(1)$ of **30**); 5.95 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 9.5$, 0.2 H, $\text{H-C}(1')$ of **30**); 5.42 (s, 0.8 H, $\text{H-C}(5)$ of **29**); 5.32 (dd, $^3J(2,1) = 6.8$, $^3J(2,3) = 4.9$, 0.8 H, $\text{H-C}(2)$ of **29**); 5.03 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 4.2$, $^3J(2,1) = 4.0$, 0.2 H, $\text{H-C}(2)$ of **30**); 4.81 (dm, $^3J(1,7) = 6.8$, 0.8 H, $\text{H-C}(1)$ of **29**); 4.25 (dd, $^3J(4,3) = 2.0$, $^3J(4,5) = 0.7$, 0.2 H,

H–C(4) of **30**); 4.02 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 0.7$, 0.2 H, H–C(5) of **30**); 3.92 (*dd*, $^3J(4,3) = 1.8$, 0.8 H, H–C(4) of **29**); 2.94 (*ddd*, $^3J(3,1') = 8.9$, $^3J(3,2) = 4.9$, $^3J(3,4) = 1.8$, 0.8 H, H–C(3) of **29**); 2.94 (*ddd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.5$, $^3J(3,2) = 4.2$, $^3J(3,4) = 2.0$, 0.2 H, H–C(3) of **30**); 2.08, 2.06, (2*s*, 6 H, 2 MeCO); 0.86, 0.84 (2*s*, 2 *t*-BuSi); 0.16, 0.15, 0.09, 0.09 (4*s*, 2 Me₂Si).

($\pm$)-[(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*RS*,4*SR*,5*SR*)-3-*exo*-[(*RS*)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-6-*oxo*-5-*exo*-[(*p*-tolylsulfonyl)-oxy]-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-endo-yl Acetate (**31**)]. NaHCO₃ (51 mg, 0.612 mmol), 0.156*M* OsO₄ in CCl₄ (20 μ l, 0.003 mmol), and trimethylamine *N*-oxide dihydrate (68 mg, 0.612 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of **26** (100 mg, 0.306 mmol) in THF/H₂O 4:1 (1 ml). After stirring at 20° for 3 h, the mixture was poured into a vigorously stirred mixture of CH₂Cl₂ (20 ml) and 1*N* aq. HCl (20 ml). The org. phase was washed with 10% aq. NaHSO₃ soln. (20 ml). The aq. layer from the latter process was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 $\times$ 20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in anhyd. CH₂Cl₂ (1 ml) and cooled to 0°. TsCl (70 mg, 0.367 mmol) was added, followed by Et₃N (51 μ l, 0.367 mmol) dropwise. After stirring at 0° for 4 h, the mixture was poured onto an ice-cold and vigorously stirred mixture of CH₂Cl₂ (20 ml) and 10% aq. HCl soln. The org. layer was washed successively with 5% aq. Na₂CO₃ soln. (10 ml) and brine (10 ml), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated, and the viscous, yellow oil (110 mg) purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/CH₂Cl₂/light petroleum ether 1:3:16; *R_f* (**31**) 0.4, *Pancaldi*): 68 mg (46%) of **31**. Colorless solid. M.p. 113–115°. UV (MeCN): 240 (9200). IR (KBr): 2970, 1780, 1590, 1500, 1360, 1170, 1150, 1090, 1010, 1000, 955, 910, 865, 810, 775, 750, 670, 650. ¹H-NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.76 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 7.44 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.7$, H–C(5'')); 7.34 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 6.44 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.3$, H–C(3'')); 6.40 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.3$, H–C(4'')); 5.90 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.8$, H–C(1')); 5.12 (*ddd*, $^3J(2,1) = 5.6$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^4J(2,4) = 1.0$, H–C(2)); 4.55 (*s*, H–C(5)); 4.54 (*dd*, $^3J(1,2) = 5.6$, $^4J(1,4) = 0.7$, H–C(1)); 4.42 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.20 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, H–C(3)); 2.45 (*s*, MeC₆H₄); 2.07, 2.02 (2*s*, 2 MeCO). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 199.3 (*s*, C(6)); 170.1, 169.3 (2*s*, 2 MeCO); 149.3, 145.5 (2*s*, C(2''), C_{ipso}); 143.5 (*d*, $J = 202$, C(5'')); 132.9 (*s*, C_p); 130.0 (*d*, $J = 162$), 127.9 (*d*, $J = 166$, 4 arom. C); 110.8, 110.6 (2*d*, $J = 176$, C(3''), C(4'')); 82.0 (*d*, $J = 167$), 79.2 (*d*, $J = 178$), 76.2 (*d*, $J = 160$), 71.1 (*d*, $J = 162$), 67.4 (*d*, $J = 149$, C(1'), C(1), C(2), C(4), C(5)); 49.0 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(3)); 21.7 (*q*, $J = 127$), 20.9 (*q*, $J = 130$), 20.5 (*q*, $J = 130$, MeC₆H₄, 2 MeCO). CI-MS (NH₃): 678 (1, *M*⁺), 435, (8), 359 (10), 331 (15), 308 (3), 265 (11), 204 (59), 139 (50), 97 (76), 91 (94), 81 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₂H₂₂O₁₀S (478.472): C 55.22, H 4.63, S 6.70; found: C 55.32, H 4.53, S 6.65.

($\pm$)-3-[(*RS*)-Acetoxy(furan-2-yl)methyl]-2-*O*-acetyl-3-*deoxy*-5-*O*-(*p*-tolylsulfonyl)- β -DL-altrofuranurono-6,1-lactone (**32**). A mixture of **31** (50 mg, 0.104 mmol), mCPBA (*Fluka*; 80%; 25 mg, 0.114 mmol), NaHCO₃ (16 mg, 0.208 mmol), and CH₂Cl₂ (2 ml) was stirred at 0° for 2 h. The mixture was poured into ice-cold 10% aq. NaHSO₃ soln. (10 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml), the aq. layer extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 $\times$ 10 ml), the combined org. phase washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (10 ml) and brine (10 ml), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated, and the yellowish oil (75 mg) purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**32**) 0.42, UV): 28 mg (54%) of **32**. Colorless oil that solidified slowly. M.p. 133–134°. UV (MeCN): 239 (10100). IR (KBr): 1760, 1740, 1590, 1498, 1425, 1370, 1230, 1200, 1170, 1140, 1120, 1080, 1040, 1010, 990, 920, 890, 875, 845, 810, 775, 740, 675. ¹H-NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.78 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 7.47 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.6$, H–C(5'')); 7.36 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 6.49 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.4$, H–C(3'')); 6.42 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.4$, H–C(4'')); 6.00 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 8.6$, H–C(1')); 5.98 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 3.2$, H–C(1)); 5.05 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 4.6$, $^3J(2,1) = 3.2$, H–C(2)); 4.79 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 0.8$, H–C(5)); 4.62 (*dd*, $^3J(4,3) = 1.9$, $^3J(4,5) = 0.8$, H–C(4)); 2.79 (*ddd*, $^3J(3,1') = 8.6$, $^3J(3,2) = 4.6$, $^3J(3,4) = 1.9$, H–C(3)); 2.46 (*s*, MeC₆H₄); 2.09, 2.07 (2*s*, 2 MeCO). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 169.8, 159.7, 148.7, 145.7 (4*s*, C(6), C(2''), C_{ipso}, 2 MeCO); 143.6 (*d*, $J = 205$, C(5'')); 132.5 (*s*, C_p); 129.9 (*d*, $J = 176$), 128.1 (*d*, $J = 180$, 4 arom. C); 111.1 (*d*, $J = 176$), 110.6 (*d*, $J = 170$, C(3''), C(4'')); 99.9 (*d*, $J = 191$), 80.2 (*d*, $J = 165$), 75.7 (*d*, $J = 152$), 75.6 (*d*, $J = 165$, C(1), C(2), C(4), C(5)); 67.5 (*d*, $J = 149$, C(1')); 44.9 (*d*, $J = 135$, C(3)); 21.7 (*q*, $J = 127$), 20.7 (*q*, $J = 130$), 20.2 (*q*, $J = 130$, MeC₆H₄, 2 MeCO). CI-MS (NH₃): 512 (1, [*M* + 18]⁺), 494 (4, *M*⁺), 451 (10), 435 (5), 351 (7), 305 (3), 263 (7), 221 (5), 205 (7), 192 (16), 163 (44), 125 (52), 91 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₂H₂₂O₁₁S (494.471): C 53.44, H 4.48, S 6.48; found: C 53.50, H 4.43, S 6.50.

($\pm$)-[(1*RS*,2*SR*,3*RS*,4*SR*)-2-*endo*-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-3-*exo*-[(*RS*)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-furan-2-yl)methyl]-6-chloro-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene (= 6-*endo*-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-5-*exo*-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-(furan-2-yl)methyl)-2-chloro-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene (**33**)]. A mixture of **25** (2.00 g, 8.24 mmol), anhyd. DMF (25 ml), (*t*-Bu)Me₂SiCl (4.96 g, 32.9 mmol), and 1*H*-imidazole (4.48 g, 66.0 mmol) was stirred at 60° under Ar for 15 h. The mixture was poured into 1*N* aq. HCl (150 ml) and extracted with AcOEt (2 $\times$ 100 ml). The combined org. extract was washed with 5% aq. Na₂CO₃ soln. and brine (100 ml), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated yielding 3.73 g of a yellow oil that solidified at 4°. Recrystallization from AcOEt/light petroleum ether provided 3.22 g (83%) of **33**. Colorless crystals. M.p. 62–64°. UV (MeCN): 224 (6370). IR (KBr): 2945, 2845, 1590, 1460, 1380, 1230, 1145, 1115, 1075, 1020, 1010, 960, 940, 885, 855, 835, 770, 750, 660, 620.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.37 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.9$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.32 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.27 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 6.22 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 4.79 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 7.6$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.58 (*dd*, $^3J(4,5) = 2.0$, $^4J(1,4) = 0.8$, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 4.51 (*dm*, $^3J(1,2) = 4.4$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.44 (*dd*, $^3J(2,1) = 4.4$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 1.98 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 7.6$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.89, 0.87 (2s, 2 *t*-BuSi); 0.15, 0.14, -0.10, -0.30 (4s, 4 MeSi). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 155.3 (*s*, $\text{C}(2'')$); 141.7 (*d*, $J = 202$, $\text{C}(5'')$); 138.3 (*s*, $\text{C}(6)$); 129.9 (*d*, $J = 160$, $\text{C}(5)$); 110.0 (*d*, $J = 164$), 107.4 (*d*, $J = 174$), $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 83.5 (*d*, $J = 167$), 82.6 (*d*, $J = 165$, $\text{C}(1)$, $\text{C}(4)$); 71.9 (*d*, $J = 152$, $\text{C}(2)$); 70.1 (*d*, $J = 140$, $\text{C}(1')$); 55.1 (*d*, $J = 140$, $\text{C}(3)$); 25.7 (2*q*, $J = 126$, 2 Me_3CSi); 18.4, 17.9 (2s, 2 Me_3CSi); -4.5, -4.7, -4.8 (3*q*, $J = 118$, 4 MeSi). CI-MS (NH_3): 353 (2, $[\text{M} - 117]^+$), 311 (100), 285 (6), 259 (3), 237 (93), 196 (23), 147 (15), 73 (78). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{39}\text{ClO}_4\text{Si}_2$ (471.186): C 58.63, H 8.34, Cl 7.52, Si 11.92; found: C 58.69, H 8.42, Cl 7.52, Si 11.86.

($\pm$)-/(1*RS*,3*SR*,4*SR*,5*RS*,6*SR*)-6-endo-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-5-exo-{(RS)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl]-3-exo-hydroxy-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one (34). A mixture of 33 (711 mg, 1.51 mmol), THF/ H_2O 4:1 (5 ml), NaHCO_3 (252 mg, 3.02 mmol), 0.156*M* OsO_4 in CCl_4 (97 μl , 0.015 mmol), and trimethylamine *N*-oxide dihydrate (337 mg, 3.02 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 3 h. The mixture was poured into a vigorously stirred mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (100 ml) and 1*N* aq. HCl (100 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (50 ml; twice), the combined org. extract washed with 10% aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (100 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the yellow oil (680 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:3:16; R_f (34) 0.25, *Pancaldi*): 605 mg (86%) of 34. Yellowish oil that solidified at 4°. M.p. 58–63°. UV (MeCN): 224 (5600). IR (film): 3415, 2930, 2855, 1780, 1470, 1360, 1255, 1115, 1005, 925, 840, 780, 735. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.38 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.7$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.34 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.27 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 4.66 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.2$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.43 (*dm*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.3$, $\text{H-C}(6)$); 4.32 (*dm*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.3$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.19 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.78 (*d*, $^3J(3, \text{OH-C}(3)) = 4.7$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 2.49 (*d*, $^3J(\text{OH-C}(3), 3) = 4.7$, $\text{OH-C}(3)$); 2.32 (*dd*, $^3J(1',5) = 9.2$, $^3J(5,6) = 1.5$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 0.85, 0.83 (2s, 2 *t*-BuSi); 0.13, 0.11, -0.01, -0.08 (4s, 2 Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 207.4 (*s*, $\text{C}(2)$); 154.2 (*s*, $\text{C}(2'')$); 142.2 (*d*, $J = 203$, $\text{C}(5'')$); 110.2 (*d*, $J = 180$), 108.3 (*d*, $J = 174$, $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 84.6 (*d*, $J = 156$), 82.3 (*d*, $J = 167$), 72.7 (*d*, $J = 153$), 71.9 (*d*, $J = 155$), 68.8 (*d*, $J = 155$, $\text{C}(1)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(1')$, $\text{C}(3)$, $\text{C}(6)$); 56.2 (*d*, $J = 137$, $\text{C}(5)$); 25.9, 25.5 (2*q*, $J = 125$, 2 Me_3CSi); 18.3, 17.6 (2s, 2 Me_3CSi); -4.7, -4.8, -5.0 (4*q*, $J = 119$, 2 Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 468 (1, M^+), 393 (1), 287 (5), 275 (25), 251 (7), 211 (26), 147 (4), 123 (8), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{40}\text{O}_6\text{Si}_2$ (468.739): C 58.93, H 8.60, Si 11.98; found: C 59.00, H 8.57, Si 11.92.

($\pm$)-/(1*RS*,3*SR*,4*SR*,5*RS*,6*SR*)-6-endo-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-5-exo-{(RS)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl]-2-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-3-exo-yl 4-Methylbenzenesulfonate (= 5-endo-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-6-exo-{[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl]-3-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-exo-yl 4-Methylbenzenesulfonate; 35). To a mixture of 34 (1.74 g, 3.71 mmol), anhyd. CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml), and TsCl (849 mg, 4.45 mmol) at 0° under Ar, Et_3N (0.62 ml, 4.45 mmol) was added dropwise within 5 min. After 2 h at 0° and 1 h at 20°, the mixture was poured into an ice-cold, vigorously stirred mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (100 ml) and 10% aq. HCl soln. (100 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 $\times$ 50 ml), the combined org. extract washed with ice-cold 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (50 ml) and brine (50 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the viscous oil (2.05 g) purified by FC (SiO_2 , $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:3:16; R_f (TsCl) 0.35, R_f (35) 0.3, UV): 1.71 g (74%) of 35 as a colorless oil that solidified at 4° (m.p. 68–71°). Recrystallization from CH_2Cl_2 /light petroleum ether yielded 1.59 g (69%) of colorless crystals. M.p. 77–79°. UV (MeCN): 223 (9300). IR (KBr): 2920, 2350, 2785, 1590, 1495, 1465, 1385, 1245, 1185, 1170, 1140, 1100, 1090, 1080, 1025, 990, 965, 920, 895, 830, 780, 750, 660. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (250 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.76 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 7.41 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.8$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 7.32 (*d*, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 6.36 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.25 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 4.65 (*d*, $^3J(1',5) = 8.6$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.46 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 4.41 (*ddd*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.3$, $^3J(5,6) = 1.7$, $^4J(4,6) = 1.6$, $\text{H-C}(6)$); 4.34 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 4.27 (*dd*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.3$, $J(1,4) = 1.3$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 2.45 (*s*, MeC_6H_4); 2.31 (*dd*, $^3J(1',5) = 8.6$, $^3J(5,6) = 1.7$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 0.85, 0.78 (2s, 2 *t*-BuSi); 0.09, 0.06, -0.01, -0.08 (4s, 2 Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 199.4 (*s*, $\text{C}(2)$); 153.8, 145.1 (2s, $\text{C}(2'')$, C_{ipso}); 142.3 (*d*, $J = 202$, $\text{C}(5'')$); 133.7 (*s*, C_p); 129.8 (*d*, $J = 162$), 128.0 (*d*, $J = 166$, 4 arom. C); 110.2 (*d*, $J = 173$), 108.3 (*d*, $J = 175$, $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 82.7 (*d*, $J = 165$), 81.8 (*d*, $J = 168$), 76.8 (*d*, $J = 158$), 71.4 (*d*, $J = 156$), 68.5 (*d*, $J = 140$, $\text{C}(1)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(1')$, $\text{C}(3)$, $\text{C}(6)$); 56.1 (*d*, $J = 137$, $\text{C}(5)$); 25.8, 25.4 (2*q*, $J = 125$, 2 Me_3CSi); 21.7 (*q*, $J = 127$, MeC_6H_4); 18.3, 17.6 (2s, 2 Me_3CSi); -4.8, -4.9, -5.0 (3*q*, $J = 118$, 2 Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 565 (5, $[\text{M} - 57]^+$), 441 (6), 405 (3), 393 (5), 367 (5), 275 (19), 229 (20), 211 (100), 155 (5), 91 (17), 75 (45), 73 (46). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{47}\text{O}_8\text{Si}_2$ (623.934): C 57.75, H 7.59, S 5.14, Si 9.00; found: C 57.88, H 7.45, S 5.02, Si 9.06.

($\pm$)-2-O-[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyl]-3-{(RS)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl]-3-deoxy-5-O-(*p*-tolylsulfonfyl)- β -DL-altrofurano-6,1-lactone (36). A mixture of 35 (100 mg, 0.16 mmol), CH_2Cl_2 (6 ml),

*m*CPBA (Fluka; 80%; 45 mg, 0.21 mmol), and NaHCO₃ (27 mg, 0.32 mmol) was stirred at 0° for 4.5 h. The mixture was poured into 10% aq. NaHSO₃ soln. and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 40 ml). The combined org. extract was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (50 ml) and brine (50 ml), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated, and the yellow oil (108 mg) purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:3; *R_f* (**36**) 0.65, UV): 76 mg (74%) of **36**. Viscous, yellowish oil that solidified at 4°. M.p. 79–80°. UV (MeCN): 223 (8600). IR (KBr): 2920, 2850, 1755, 1590, 1460, 1350, 1250, 1200, 1170, 1140, 1090, 1010, 1000, 965, 920, 830, 780, 735, 655. ¹H-NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.83 (*d*, ³*J* = 8.4, 2 arom. H); 7.38 (*dd*, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, ⁴*J*(3'',5'') = 0.7, H–C(5'')); 7.25 (*d*, ³*J* = 8.4, 2 arom. H); 6.35 (*dd*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, *J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.29 (*dm*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 5.55 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 3.7, H–C(1)); 4.90 (*d*, ³*J*(1',3) = 5.1, H–C(1')); 4.75 (*dm*, ³*J*(4,3) = 1.8, H–C(4)); 4.69 (*dm*, ³*J*(4,5) = 0.7, H–C(4)); 4.36 (*ddd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 4.3, ³*J*(2,1) = 3.7, ⁴*J*(2,4) = 1.3, H–C(2)); 2.45 (*s*, MeC₆H₄); 2.20 (*ddd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 5.1, ³*J*(3,2) = 4.3, ³*J*(3,4) = 1.8, H–C(3)); 0.90, 0.83 (2*s*, 2 *t*-BuSi); 0.061, 0.058, 0.021, –0.058 (4*s*, 2 Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.6 (*s*, C(6)); 153.3 (*s*, C(2'')); 145.3 (*s*, C_{ipso}); 142.4 (*d*, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 132.8 (*s*, C_p); 129.8 (*d*, *J* = 165), 128.2 (*d*, *J* = 165, 4 arom. C); 110.2 (*d*, *J* = 179), 108.3 (*d*, *J* = 175, C(3''), C(4'')); 101.9 (*d*, *J* = 191, C(1)); 80.5 (*d*, *J* = 165), 76.8 (*d*, *J* = 152), 74.4 (*d*, *J* = 149), 67.9 (*d*, *J* = 142, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1')); 52.3 (*d*, *J* = 126, C(3)); 25.7, 25.5 (2*q*, *J* = 125, 2 Me₃CSi); 21.7 (*q*, *J* = 127, MeC₆H₄); 18.0, 17.8 (2*s*, 2 Me₂CSi); –4.80, –5.01, –5.07, –5.30 (4*q*, *J* = 118, 2 Me₂Si): Cl-MS (NH₃): 656 (1, [*M* + 18]⁺), 581 (22), 494 (2), 411 (22), 381 (9), 323 (6), 237 (15), 229 (26), 211 (41), 155 (14), 81 (15), 75 (90), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₃₀H₄₆O₉Si₂S (638.925): C 56.40, H 7.26, S 8.79, Si 5.02; found: C 56.51, H 7.31, S 8.78, Si 4.99.

(±)-/(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,4*S*,5*R*,6*S*)-3-*exo*-{[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-*endo*-chloro-5-*exo*-(phenylseleno)-7-*oxabicyclo*[2.2.1]heptan-2-*endo*-ol (**41**). NaBH₄ (274 mg, 7.2 mmol) was added portionwise to a stirred soln. of **22** (1.84 g, 3.6 mmol) in MeOH/THF 1:1 (20 ml) at 0°. After stirring at 0° for 5 min, 1*N* aq. HCl was added until pH 5 and the mixture poured into H₂O (70 ml) and CH₂Cl₂ (50 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 100 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/CH₂Cl₂/light petroleum ether 1:1:8; *R_f* (**41**) 0.4, UV): 1.68 g (91%) of **41**. Colorless solid. M.p. 74–75°. UV (MeCN): 217 (11200). IR (KBr): 3480, 2930, 2365, 1475, 1255, 1105, 1005, 850, 810, 775, 730, 690, 545. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.41–7.38 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.33 (*d*, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(5'')); 7.29–7.21 (*m*, 3 arom. H, CHCl₃); 6.29 (*dd*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.17 (*d*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 4.55 (*d*, ³*J*(1',3) = 9.4, H–C(1')); 4.49 (*dd*, ³*J*(1,6) = 4.8, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.4, H–C(1)); 4.39 (*ddd*, ³*J*(2, OH–C(2)) = 7.7, ³*J*(2,3) = 4.5, ³*J*(2,1) = 4.4, H–C(2)); 4.24 (*ddd*, ³*J*(1,6) = 4.8, ³*J*(5,6) = 4.3, ⁴*J*(4,6) = 0.7, H–C(6)); 4.14 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 3.50 (*d*, ³*J*(5,6) = 4.3, H–C(5)); 2.50 (*d*, ³*J*(OH–C(2), 2) = 7.7, OH–C(2)); 2.28 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 9.4, ³*J*(3,2) = 4.5, H–C(3)); 0.86 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.04, –0.18 (2*s*, 2 Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.3 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.1 (*d*, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 133.5 (*d*, *J* = 163), 129.3 (*d*, *J* = 163, 4 arom. C); 129.1 (*s*, arom. C); 127.7 (*d*, *J* = 162, arom. C); 110.1 (*d*, *J* = 186), 107.8 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(3''), C(4'')); 86.5 (*d*, *J* = 173), 79.2 (*d*, *J* = 152), 78.4 (*d*, *J* = 161), 69.9 (*d*, *J* = 144), 61.6 (*d*, *J* = 162, C(1), C(4), C(2), C(1')). C(6)); 57.9 (*d*, *J* = 135, C(3)); 52.7 (*d*, *J* = 147, C(5)); 25.6 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me₂CSi); –5.1, –5.4 (2*q*, *J* = 118, (Me₂Si). Cl-MS (NH₃): 532 (1, [*M* + 18]⁺), 457 (1), 421 (1), 401 (2), 383 (15), 314 (7), 264 (3), 189 (20), 171 (20), 123 (90), 92 (10), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₃H₃₁ClO₄SeSi (523.996): C 53.75, H 6.08, Cl 6.90, Se 15.36, Si 5.46; found: C 53.70, H 6.12, Cl 56.90, Se 15.42, Si 5.51.

(±)-/(1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,4*S*)-3-*exo*-{[(*tert*-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-*chloro*-7-*oxabicyclo*[2.2.1]hept-5-*en*-2-*endo*-ol (**42**). A dried (MgSO₄) soln. of *m*CPBA (Fluka, 55%; 1.04 g, 3.34 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (11 ml) was added dropwise to a stirred soln. of **41** (1.56 g, 3.03 mmol) in THF (11 ml) cooled to –78°. After stirring at –78° for 30 min, the cooling bath was removed. After 2.5 h, the yellow soln. was poured onto a stirred mixture of CH₂Cl₂ (50 ml) and 10% aq. NaHSO₃ soln. (50 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 30 ml), the combined org. extract washed with ice-cold sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (50 ml), dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/CH₂Cl₂/light petroleum ether 1:3:16, without preabsorption; *R_f* (**42**) 0.27, *Pancaldi*): 1.01 g (91%) of **42**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 214 (5500). IR (film): 3455, 2930, 2855, 1595, 1470, 1255, 1150, 1100, 1010, 875, 840, 780, 740, 630. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.39 (*dd*, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 1.8, ⁴*J*(3'',5'') = 0.5, H–C(5'')); 6.34 (*dd*, ³*J*(4'',5'') = 3.2, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.33 (*d*, ³*J*(4,5) = 2.1, H–C(5)); 6.26 (*dm*, ³*J*(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 4.72 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 4.4, ⁴*J*(1,4) = 0.9, H–C(1)); 4.56 (*d*, ³*J*(1',3) = 10.2, H–C(1')); 4.48 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,1) = 4.4, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.1, ³*J*(2,OH–C(2)) = 6.1, H–C(2)); 4.38 (*dd*, ³*J*(4,5) = 2.1, ⁴*J*(1,4) = 0.9, H–C(4)); 2.02 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 10.2, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.1, H–C(3)); 1.80 (*d*, ³*J*(OH–C(2), 2) = 6.1, OH–C(2)); 0.87 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.06, –0.19 (2*s*, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.7 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.2 (*d*, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 137.5 (*s*, C(6)); 130.6 (*d*, *J* = 180, C(5)); 110.2 (*d*, *J* = 179), 107.8 (*d*, *J* = 174, C(3''), C(4'')); 83.2 (*d*, *J* = 168), 82.4 (*d*, *J* = 166, C(1), C(4)); 73.9 (*d*, *J* = 155), 69.9 (*d*, *J* = 142, C(1'), C(2)); 55.7 (*d*, *J* = 138, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, *J* = 125, (Me₃CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me₂CSi); –5.0, –5.3 (2*q*, *J* = 118, Me₂Si).

CI-MS (NH_3): 299 (2, $[M - 57]^+$), 197 (31), 171 (69), 149 (4), 123 (28), 97 (20), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{ClO}_4\text{Si}$ (356.922): C 57.21, H 7.06; found: C 57.30, H 6.95.

($\pm$)-/(RS,2SR,3RS,4SR)-3-exo-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-chloro-2-endo-(methoxymethoxy)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene (= 5-exo-{[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-2-chloro-6-endo-(methoxymethoxy)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene; **43**). Bu_4NI (104 mg, 0.28 mmol) and MeOCH_2Cl (1.07 ml, 14.0 mmol) were added to a soln. of **42** (1.00 g, 2.80 mmol) in anh. (i-Pr) $_2\text{NEt}$ (4 ml) and CH_2Cl_2 (4 ml) at 0° . After stirring at 0° for 30 min and at 20° for 2 h, the soln. was cooled to 0° , and MeOCH_2Cl (1.07 ml, 14.0 mmol) was added. After stirring at 0° for 30 min and at 20° for 2 h, the mixture was poured into 1N aq. HCl (50 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×50 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the residue (1.11 g) purified by FC (SiO_2 , $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:18, without preabsorption; R_f (**43**) 0.37, *Pancaldi*): 943 mg (84%) of **43**. Colorless oil that solidified at 4° . M.p. $48-50^\circ$. UV (MeCN): 213 (15800). IR (KBr): 2950, 2900, 2855, 2365, 2340, 1595, 1465, 1360, 1260, 1155, 1110, 1055, 960, 925, 840, 775, 760, 605. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.38 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.6$, H-C(5'')); 6.33 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H-C(4'')); 6.28 (d, $^3J(4,5) = 2.1$, H-C(5)); 6.25 (dm, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H-C(3'')); 4.80, 4.61 (2d, $^2J = 6.6$, MeOCH_2); 4.73 (dm, $^3J(1,2) = 4.2$, H-C(1)); 4.58 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 9.8$, H-C(1')); 4.39 (d, $^3J(4,5) = 2.1$, $^4J(4,1) = 0.9$, H-C(4)); 4.33 (dd, $^3J(2,1) = 4.2$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.1$, H-C(2)); 3.42 (s, MeOCH_2); 2.13 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 9.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.1$, H-C(3)); 0.85 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.04, -0.15 (2s, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 155.0 (s, C(2'')); 142.0 (d, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 138.2 (s, C(6)); 110.1 (d, $J = 180$, C(5)); 107.8, 107.6 (2d, $J = 174$, C(3''), C(4'')); 96.2 (t, $J = 163$, MeOCH_2); 82.7 (d, $J = 174$), 82.5 (d, $J = 165$), 77.6 (d, $J = 154$), 69.9 (d, $J = 142$, C(1), C(4), C(2), C(1')); 55.9 (q, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 53.5 (d, $J = 140$, C(3)); 25.8 (q, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 18.1 (s, $-\text{C}-$), -5.0, -5.2 (2q, $J = 119$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 419 (3, $[M + 1 + 18]^+$), 241 (2), 211 (74), 167 (100), 89 (41), 73 (33). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{29}\text{ClO}_5\text{Si}$ (400.975): C 56.91, H 7.29; found: C 57.05, H 7.32.

($\pm$)-/(1RS,3SR,4SR,5RS,6SR)-5-exo-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-(methoxymethoxy)-2-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-3-exo-yl 4-Methylbenzenesulfonate (= 6-exo-{[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-5-endo-(methoxymethoxy)-3-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-exo-yl 4-Methylbenzenesulfonate **45**). NaHCO_3 (275 mg, 4.5 mmol), 0.67M OsO_4 in CCl_4 (90 μl , 0.075 mmol), and trimethylamine *N*-oxide dihydrate (0.5 g, 4.5 mmol) were added successively to a stirred soln. of **43** (903 mg, 2.25 mmol) in $\text{THF}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 4:1 (10 ml) at 20° . After stirring at 20° for 3 h, the yellow soln. was poured into 1N aq. HCl (50 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (50 ml, twice). The combined org. extract was washed with 10% aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (50 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated: 950 mg of a clear yellow oil, the crude α -hydroxy ketone **44**. To a soln. of this oil in anh. CH_2Cl_2 (12 ml) at 0° , TsCl (472 mg, 2.62 mmol) and then Et_3N (0.47 ml, 3.57 mmol) were added within 5 min. After stirring at 0° for 30 min and then at 20° for 3 h, the mixture was poured into a vigorously stirred, ice-cold CH_2Cl_2 /10% aq. HCl soln. 1:1 (100 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2×30 ml), the combined org. extract washed successively by ice-cold 10% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (50 ml) and brine (50 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the viscous yellow oil (877 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:8; R_f (TsCl) 0.63, R_f (**45**) 0.35, UV): 877 mg (72%) of **45**. Viscous, colorless oil that solidified at 4° . M.p. $82-83^\circ$ (Et_2O /light petroleum ether). UV (MeCN): 221 (20600). IR (KBr): 2950, 1795, 1375, 1180, 1115, 1050, 995, 880, 840, 780, 670, 555. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.75 (d, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 7.42 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.8$, H-C(5'')); 7.32 (d, $^3J = 8.4$, 2 arom. H); 6.37 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H-C(4'')); 6.25 (dm, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H-C(3'')); 4.68 (d, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.61 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 9.3$, H-C(1')); 4.50 (d, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.43 (br. s, H-C(3)); 4.42 (d, $^3J(1,6) = 5.4$, H-C(1)); 4.29 (br. s, H-C(4)); 4.22 (ddd, $^3J(1,6) = 5.4$, $^3J(5,6) = 2.5$, $^4J(4,6) = 1.2$, H-C(6)); 3.32 (s, MeOCH_2); 2.45 (s, MeC_6H_4); 2.39 (dd, $^3J(1,5) = 9.3$, $^3J(5,6) = 2.5$, H-C(5)); 0.84 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.03, -0.17 (2s, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 200.2 (s, C(2)); 153.6 (2s, C(2'')); 145.2 (s, C_{ipso}); 142.5 (d, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 133.0 (s, C_p); 129.9 (d, $J = 162$), 128.0 (d, $J = 167$, 4 arom. C); 110.2 (d, $J = 176$), 108.5 (d, $J = 173$, C(3''), C(4'')); 96.4 (t, $J = 164$, MeOCH_2); 82.3 (d, $J = 165$), 80.8 (d, $J = 171$), 76.9 (d, $J = 157$), 76.8 (d, $J = 156$), 68.3 (d, $J = 143$, C(1), C(4), C(1'), C(3), C(6)); 56.2 (q, $J = 143$, MeOCH_2); 53.5 (d, $J = 136$, C(5)); 25.7 (q, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 21.7 (q, $J = 127$, MeC_6H_4); 18.0 (s, Me_3CSi); -5.2 (q, $J = 118$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 570 (100, $[M + 18]^+$), 463 (2), 401 (3), 389 (4), 211 (8), 205 (9), 147 (6), 91 (19). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_9\text{SSi}$ (552.715): C 56.50, H 6.57; found: C 56.62, H 6.67.

($\pm$)-/(1RS,3SR,4SR,5RS,6SR)-5-exo-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-endo-(methoxymethoxy)-2-oxo-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-3-exo-yl 4-Bromobenzenesulfonate (**46**; cf. **45** for systematic numbering). 4-Bromobenzenesulfonyl chloride (363 mg, 1.38 mmol) and then Et_3N (0.27 ml, 1.88 mmol) were added within 5 min to a stirred soln. of **44** (500 mg, 1.25 mmol) in anh. CH_2Cl_2 (5 ml; see above) at 0° under Ar. After stirring at 0° for 30 min and then at 20° for 3 h, the mixture was poured into vigorously stirred CH_2Cl_2 /

1N aq. HCl 1:1 (50 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 ml), the combined org. extract washed with ice-cold 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (25 ml) and brine (25 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated and the viscous, yellow oil (750 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , $\text{AcOEt}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /light petroleum ether 1:1:8; R_f (**46**) 0.35, UV): 617 mg (77%) of **46**. Viscous, colorless oil that solidified at 4° . M.p. $92-93^\circ$ (Et_2O /light petroleum ether). UV (MeCN): 235 (20500). IR (KBr): 2955, 2360, 1770, 1575, 1470, 1385, 1255, 1195, 1110, 1060, 980, 845, 780, 740, 605, 550. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.74–7.71 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.68–7.65 (*m*, 2 arom. H); 7.42 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.7$, H–C(5'')); 6.39 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.27 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 4.68 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.59 (*d*, $^3J(1',5) = 9.4$, H–C(1'')); 4.56 (*d*, $^2J = 06.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.45 (*s*, H–C(3)); 4.43 (*d*, $^3J(1,6) = 6.2$, H–C(1)); 4.23 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.22 (*ddd*, $^3J(1,6) = 6.2$, $^3J(5,6) = 1.8$, $^4J(4,6) = 1.0$, H–C(6)); 3.32 (*s*, MeOCH_2); 2.39 (*dd*, $^3J(1',5) = 9.4$, $^3J(5,6) = 1.8$, H–C(5)); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.03, –0.18 (2*s*, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 199.9 (*s*, C(2)); 153.4 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.5 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 135.1 (*s*, C_{ipso}); 132.6 (*d*, $J = 171$, 2 arom. C); 129.4 (*s*, C_p); 129.3 (*d*, $J = 170$, 2 arom. C); 110.3 (*d*, $J = 176$), 108.6 (*d*, $J = 171$, C(3''), C(4'')); 96.3 (*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH_2); 82.1 (*d*, $J = 166$), 80.8 (*d*, $J = 171$), 77.2 (*d*, $J = 154$), 76.6 (*d*, $J = 156$), 68.2 (*d*, $J = 143$, C(1), C(4), C(1'), C(3), C(6)); 56.2 (*q*, $J = 144$, MeOCH_2); 53.5 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(5)); 25.6 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me_3CSi); –5.2 (*q*, $J = 118$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 637 (75, $[M + 2 + 18]^+$), 636 (91, $[M + 1 + 18]^+$), 635 (100, $[M + 18]^+$), 560 (3), 454 (7), 401 (12), 370 (2), 251 (8), 211 (21), 205 (23), 147 (10), 106 (27), 81 (41). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{33}\text{BrO}_9\text{SSi}$ (617.584): C 48.62, H 5.39; found: C 48.53, H 5.36.

($\pm$)-/(*RS*,3*SR*,4*SR*,5*RS*,6*SR*)-5-*exo*-{(*RS*)-[*tert*-Butyl]dimethylsilyloxy}(furan-2-yl)methyl}-6-*endo*-(methoxymethoxy)-2-*oxo*-7-*oxabicyclo*[2.2.1]hept-3-*exo*-yl Methanesulfonate (**47**; cf. **45** for systematic numbering). Methanesulfonyl chloride (76 μl , 0.97 mmol) and then Et_3N (170 μl , 1.21 mmol) were added slowly (1 min) to a stirred soln. of crude hydroxy ketone **44** (324 mg, 0.81 mmol) in anhyd. CH_2Cl_2 (1 ml; see above) cooled to -10° and Ar. After stirring at -10° for 30 min, the mixture was poured into ice-cold brine (20 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the viscous, yellow oil (350 mg) purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**47**) 0.58, *Pancaldi*): 302 mg (78%) of **47**. Colorless oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.41 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.9$, H–C(5'')); 6.36 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.31 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 4.72 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.64 (*d*, $^3J(1',5) = 9.3$, H–C(1'')); 4.54 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.50 (*d*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.1$, H–C(1)); 4.34 (*m*, H–C(4)); 4.29 (*ddd*, $^3J(1,6) = 5.1$, $^3J(5,6) = 2.1$, $^4J(4,6) = 1.2$, H–C(6)); 3.36 (*s*, MeOCH_2); 2.46 (*dd*, $^3J(1',5) = 9.3$, $^3J(5,6) = 2.1$, H–C(5)); 0.86 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); –0.04, –0.16 (2*s*, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 201.7 (*s*, C(2)); 153.4 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.6 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 110.3 (*d*, $J = 172$), 108.6 (*d*, $J = 177$, C(3''), C(4'')); 96.4 (*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH_2); 82.6 (*d*, $J = 158$), 81.0 (*d*, $J = 167$), 77.1 (*d*, $J = 158$), 76.7 (*d*, $J = 156$), 68.2 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(1), C(4), C(1'), C(3), C(6)); 56.2 (*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 53.7 (*d*, $J = 136$, C(5)); 39.3 (*q*, $J = 137$, MeSO_2); 25.6 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me_3CSi); –5.2 (*q*, $J = 118$, Me_2Si).

($\pm$)-3-{(*RS*)-[*tert*-Butyl]dimethylsilyloxy}(furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-*deoxy*-2-*O*-(methoxymethyl)-5-*O*-(*p*-tolylsulfonyl)- β -D-*altro*furanurono-6,1-*lactone* (**48**). mCPBA (*Fluka*; 80%; 520 mg, 2.39 mmol) and then NaHCO_3 (264 mg, 3.18 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of **45** (877 mg, 1.59 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (15 ml) at 0° . After stirring at 0° for 2 h, the mixture was poured into sat. aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (50 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×50 ml). The combined org. extract was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (70 ml) and brine (70 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the yellowish oil purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**48**) 0.35, UV): 611 mg (77%) of **48**. Colorless solid. M.p. $74-76^\circ$. UV (MeCN): 222 (20600). IR (KBr): 2955, 2365, 1770, 1600, 1375, 1250, 1180, 1055, 980, 840, 550. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.80 (*d*, $^3J = 8.3$, 2 arom. H); 7.41 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.8$, H–C(5'')); 7.35 (*d*, $^3J = 8.3$, 2 arom. H); 6.37 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.31 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 5.78 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 3.5$, H–C(1)); 4.89 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 6.2$, H–C(1'')); 4.67 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 1.2$, H–C(5)); 4.65 (*dd*, $^3J(4,3) = 2.1$, $^3J(4,5) = 1.2$, H–C(4)); 4.60 (*d*, $^2J = 7.0$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.52 (*d*, $^2J = 7.0$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.11 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 4.9$, $^3J(2,1) = 3.5$, H–C(2)); 3.36 (*s*, MeOCH_2); 2.45 (*s*, MeC_6H_4); 2.32 (*ddd*, $^3J(3,1') = 6.2$, $^3J(3,2) = 4.9$, $^3J(3,4) = 2.1$, H–C(3)); 0.88 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.07, –0.12, (2*s*, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 160.3 (*s*, C(6)); 153.2 (*s*, C(2'')); 145.4 (*s*, C_{ipso}); 142.5 (*d*, $J = 203$, C(5'')); 132.7 (*s*, C_p); 129.8 (*d*, $J = 163$), 128.2 (*d*, $J = 166$, 4 arom. C); 110.3 (*d*, $J = 179$), 108.3 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(3''), C(4'')); 102.0 (*d*, $J = 185$, C(1)); 97.3 (*t*, $J = 165$, MeOCH_2); 80.6 (*d*, $J = 147$), 79.9 (*d*, $J = 163$), 76.5 (*d*, $J = 152$), 68.1 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(5)); 56.5 (*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 49.2 (*d*, $J = 134$, C(3)); 25.6 (*q*, $J = 126$, Me_3CSi); 21.7 (*q*, $J = 127$, MeC_6H_4); 18.0 (*s*, Me_3CSi); –5.1, –5.3 (2*q*, $J = 119$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 587 (97, $[M + 1 + 18]^+$), 586 (100, $[M + 18]^+$), 507 (5), 480 (5), 416 (3), 337 (2), 279 (3), 229 (16), 135 (14), 91 (30). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_{10}\text{SSi}$ (568.714): C 54.91, H 6.38; found: C 55.00, H 6.45.

($\pm$)-5-O-[(4-Bromophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2-O-(methoxymethyl)- β -DL-altrofuranurono-6,1-lactone (**49**). As described for **48**, with **46** (460 mg, 0.74 mmol). FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/CH₂Cl₂/light petroleum ether 1:1:8; *R_f* (**49**) 0.22, UV) yielded 386 mg (82%) of **49**. Colorless solid. M.p. 102–104°. UV (MeCN): 232 (18600). IR (KBr): 2955, 1790, 1385, 1115, 845, 785, 605. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.80–7.71 (m, 2 arom. H); 7.72–7.68 (m, 2 arom. H); 7.41 (dd, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, ⁴J(3'',5'') = 0.8, H–C(5'')); 6.37 (dd, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.31 (dm, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 5.79 (d, ³J(1,2) = 3.6, H–C(1)); 4.89 (d, ³J(1',3) = 6.2, H–C(1')); 4.71 (d, ³J(4,5) = 1.0, H–C(5)); 4.63 (dd, ³J(4,3) = 2.0, ³J(4,5) = 1.0, H–C(4)); 4.61 (d, ²J = 7.1, 1 H), 4.53 (d, ²J = 7.1, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.11 (dd, 1 H, ³J(2,3) = 4.9, ³J(2,1) = 3.6, H–C(2)); 3.37 (s, MeOCH₂); 2.33 (ddd, ³J(3,1') = 6.2, ³J(3,2) = 4.9, ³J(3,4) = 2.0, H–C(3)); 0.88 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.07, –0.11 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.2 (s, C(6)); 153.1 (s, C(2'')); 142.6 (d, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 134.8 (s, arom. C); 132.5 (d, *J* = 177, 2 arom. C); 129.7 (s, arom. C); 129.6 (d, *J* = 176, 2 arom. C); 110.3 (d, *J* = 176), 108.4 (d, *J* = 177, C(3''), C(4'')); 102.0 (d, *J* = 188, C(1)); 97.3 (t, *J* = 164, MeOCH); 80.5 (d, *J* = 149), 79.9 (d, *J* = 163), 76.8 (d, *J* = 146), 68.0 (d, *J* = 143, C(2), C(4), C(1')), C(5)); 56.5 (q, *J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 49.2 (d, *J* = 134, C(3)); 25.6 (q, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 18.0 (s, Me₃CSi); –5.1, –5.3 (2 q, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 653 (93, [*M* + 2 + 18]⁺), 652 (100, [*M* + 1 + 18]⁺), 651 (86, [*M* + 18]⁺), 572 (11), 417 (7), 338 (5), 295 (15), 211 (73), 135 (32), 106 (39), 81 (48), 75 (60). Anal. calc. for C₂₅H₃₃BrO₁₀SSi (633.598): C 47.39, H 5.25; found: C 47.35, H 5.14.

($\pm$)-3-{(RS)-[(tert-Butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-5-O-(methylsulfonyl)-2-O-(methoxymethyl)- β -DL-altrofuranurono-6,1-lactone (**50**). As described for **48**, with **47** (300 mg, 0.63 mmol). FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**50**) 0.45, *Pancaldi*) yielded 140 mg (45%) of **50**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 2930, 2855, 1755, 1440, 1370, 1260, 1210, 1180, 1155, 1110, 1055, 965, 840. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.39 (dd, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, ⁴J(3'',5'') = 0.7, H–C(5'')); 6.34 (dd, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.31 (dm, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 5.82 (d, ³J(1,2) = 3.6, H–C(1)); 4.91 (d, ³J(1',3) = 6.1, H–C(1')); 4.84 (br. s, H–C(5)); 4.63 (d, ²J = 7.0, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.59 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.55 (d, ²J = 7.0, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.16 (dd, ³J(2,3) = 4.4, ³J(2,1) = 3.6, H–C(2)); 3.40 (s, MeOCH₂); 3.21 (s, MeSO₂); 2.36 (ddd, ³J(3,1') = 6.1, ³J(3,2) = 4.4, ³J(3,4) = 2.1, H–C(3)); 0.87 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.06, –0.13 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.7 (s, C(6)); 153.1 (s, C(2'')); 142.6 (d, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 110.2 (d, *J* = 176), 108.4 (d, *J* = 181, C(3''), C(4'')); 102.3 (d, *J* = 188, C(1)); 97.3 (t, *J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 80.4 (d, *J* = 162), 80.3 (d, *J* = 164), 77.1 (d, *J* = 153), 67.9 (d, *J* = 143, C(2), C(4), C(1')), C(5)); 56.5 (q, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 49.3 (d, *J* = 134, C(3)); 39.2 (q, *J* = 140, MeSO₂); 25.5 (q, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (s, Me₃CSi); –5.1, –5.3 (2 q, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 510 (1, [*M* + 18]⁺), 435 (2), 431 (12), 405 (5), 373 (4), 299 (5), 249 (12), 185 (13), 153 (29), 135 (35), 89 (52), 81 (73), 75 (87), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₀H₃₂O₁₀SSi (492.66): C 48.76, H 6.55; found: C 48.86, H 6.53.

($\pm$)-Methyl 1,5-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactofuranuronate (**51**) and ($\pm$)-Methyl 1,5-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-altrofuranuronate (**52**). In a flame-dried flask, K₂CO₃ (1.88 g, 13.61 mmol) was dried in a flame *in vacuo*. After pressurizing with Ar, **49** (2.80 g, 4.54 mmol), anh. DMF (28 ml), and anh. MeOH (14 ml) were added. After vigorous stirring at 20° for 10 min, more DMF (42 ml) was added and the soln. stirred at 20° for 90 min. The solvent was evaporated at 35°, the residue taken up with AcOEt (300 ml), the soln. washed with brine (100 ml), dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the viscous, yellow oil (**51/52** 9:1, 1.95 g) purified by FC (SiO₂, 230–400 mesh, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**51**) 0.45, *Pancaldi*), yielding 1.42 g (63%) of **51** as a yellow solid that was recrystallized from Et₂O/light petroleum ether: 1.14 g (50%) of colorless solid. The mother-liquor contained **51/52** 1:1 which were separated by successive FC and recrystallizations.

Data of 51: M.p. 72–73°. UV (MeCN): 215 (10900). IR (KBr): 2955, 1730, 1280, 1060, 845, 745. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.40 (dd, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.7, ⁴J(3'',5'') = 0.7, H–C(5'')); 6.35 (dd, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.28 (dm, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 5.74 (d, ³J(1,2) = 2.3, H–C(1)); 4.77 (d, ²J = 6.8, 1 H), 4.63 (d, ²J = 6.8, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.55 (d, ³J(1',3) = 9.3, H–C(1')); 4.51 (s, H–C(4)); 4.26 (s, H–C(5)); 3.92 (dd, ³J(2,3) = 2.7, ³J(2,1) = 2.3, H–C(2)); 3.73 (s, COOMe); 3.43 (s, MeOCH₂); 2.23 (dd, ³J(3,1') = 9.3, ³J(3,2) = 2.7, H–C(3)); 0.84 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.02, –0.18 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 170.0 (s, C(6)); 154.1 (s, C(2'')); 142.3 (d, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 110.2 (d, *J* = 175), 108.2 (d, *J* = 174, C(3''), C(4'')); 101.7 (d, *J* = 183, C(1)); 96.6 (t, *J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 82.0 (d, *J* = 147), 81.7 (d, *J* = 167), 76.8 (d, *J* = 155), 68.8 (d, *J* = 142, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1')); 55.9 (q, *J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 53.1 (d, *J* = 137, C(3)); 52.5 (q, *J* = 148, COOMe); 25.7 (q, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 18.1 (s, Me₃CSi); –5.1, –5.2 (2 q, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 446 (33, [*M* + 18]⁺), 385 (5), 368 (11), 340 (4), 310 (12), 300 (7), 282 (9), 266 (7), 252 (10), 235 (15), 211 (100), 147 (13), 89 (43), 81 (39), 75 (48), 73 (81). Anal. calc. for C₂₀H₃₂O₈Si (428.554): C 56.05, H 7.52; found: C 56.15, H 7.45.

Data of 52: M.p. 85–87°. UV (MeCN): 215 (10300). IR (KBr): 2930, 1765, 1730, 1470, 1440, 1250, 1220, 1150, 1125, 1055, 840, 775. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.38 (dd, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, ⁴J(3'',5'') = 0.8, H–C(5'')); 6.35 (dd, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, ³J(4'',5'') = 1.8, H–C(4'')); 6.31 (dm, ³J(3'',4'') = 3.2, H–C(3'')); 5.82 (d, ³J(1,2) = 3.6, H–C(1)); 4.91 (d, ³J(1',3) = 6.1, H–C(1')); 4.84 (br. s, H–C(5)); 4.63 (d, ²J = 7.0, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.59 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.55 (d, ²J = 7.0, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.16 (dd, ³J(2,3) = 4.4, ³J(2,1) = 3.6, H–C(2)); 3.40 (s, MeOCH₂); 3.21 (s, MeSO₂); 2.36 (ddd, ³J(3,1') = 6.1, ³J(3,2) = 4.4, ³J(3,4) = 2.1, H–C(3)); 0.87 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.06, –0.13 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.7 (s, C(6)); 153.1 (s, C(2'')); 142.6 (d, *J* = 203, C(5'')); 110.2 (d, *J* = 176), 108.4 (d, *J* = 181, C(3''), C(4'')); 102.3 (d, *J* = 188, C(1)); 97.3 (t, *J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 80.4 (d, *J* = 162), 80.3 (d, *J* = 164), 77.1 (d, *J* = 153), 67.9 (d, *J* = 143, C(2), C(4), C(1')), C(5)); 56.5 (q, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 49.3 (d, *J* = 134, C(3)); 39.2 (q, *J* = 140, MeSO₂); 25.5 (q, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (s, Me₃CSi); –5.1, –5.3 (2 q, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 510 (1, [*M* + 18]⁺), 435 (2), 431 (12), 405 (5), 373 (4), 299 (5), 249 (12), 185 (13), 153 (29), 135 (35), 89 (52), 81 (73), 75 (87), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₀H₃₂O₁₀SSi (492.66): C 48.76, H 6.55; found: C 48.86, H 6.53.

6.34 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4) = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.27 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 5.63 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 4.78 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.68 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.58 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.2$, H–C(1')); 4.55 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 4.0$, H–C(4)); 4.41 (*d*, $^3J(4,5) = 4.0$, H–C(5)); 3.90 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 3.0$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 3.77 (*s*, COOMe); 3.47 (*s*, MeOCH₂); 2.17 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.2$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.0$, H–C(3)); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.02, –0.16 (2*s*, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 168.5 (*s*, C(6)); 154.3 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.0 (*d*, $J = 202$, C(5'')); 110.2 (*d*, $J = 175$), 107.9 (*d*, $J = 174$, C(3'')), C(4'')); 102.7 (*d*, $J = 183$, C(1)); 96.3 (*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH₂); 82.0 (*d*, $J = 147$), 80.3 (*d*, $J = 167$); 77.5 (*d*, $J = 152$), 68.8 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'')); 55.8 (*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH₂); 52.0 (*q*, $J = 148$, COOMe); 49.1 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(3)); 25.6 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); 18.0 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –5.2, –5.3 (2 *q*, $J = 119$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 371 (10, [M – 57]⁺), 339 (11), 309 (40), 291 (23), 277 (15), 265 (15), 263 (18), 251 (14), 242 (19), 241 (81), 235 (59), 211 (28), 203 (34), 81 (56), 75 (66), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₀H₃₂O₈Si (428.554): C 56.05, H 7.53; found: C 56.12, H 7.50.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**53**). 1*M* LiAlH₄ in Et₂O (1 ml, 1.02 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred soln. of **51** (204 mg, 0.51 mmol) in anhyd. THF (2 ml) cooled to 0°. After stirring at 0° for 3 min, a few drops of MeOH were added, and the mixture was poured into 1*N* aq. HCl (20 ml) and extracted with AcOEt (3 × 20 ml). The combined extracts were washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (50 ml), and dried (MgSO₄). Solvent evaporation gave 200 mg of light-yellow oil that was purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**53**) 0.25, *Pancaldi*): 171 mg (94%) of **53**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 213 (8300). IR (film): 3470, 2950, 2930, 2890, 2855, 1470, 1360, 1250, 1225, 1155, 1120, 1085, 1055, 1010, 965, 880, 840, 780. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.38 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 0.7$, H–C(5'')); 6.33 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.27 (*dm*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 5.60 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, H–C(1)); 4.81 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.64 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.52 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.7$, H–C(1')); 4.14 (*br. s.*, H–C(4)); 3.95 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, H–C(2)); 3.85 (*t*, $^3J(5,6) = 5.1$, H–C(5)); 3.55–3.45 (*m*, 2 H–C(6)); 3.42 (*s*, MeOCH₂); 2.16 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.5$, H–C(3)); 1.95 (*t*, $^3J(\text{OH}–\text{C}(6),6) = 5.9$, OH–C(6)); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.09, –0.18 (2*s*, MeSi). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.4 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.2 (*d*, $J = 202$, C(5'')); 110.2 (*d*, $J = 175$), 108.1 (*d*, $J = 174$, C(3'')), C(4'')); 100.7 (*d*, $J = 181$, C(1)); 96.2 (*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH₂); 81.8 (*d*, $J = 147$), 79.6 (*d*, $J = 162$), 79.2 (*d*, $J = 151$), 68.8 (*d*, $J = 152$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'')); 63.6 (*t*, $J = 153$, C(6)); 55.7 (*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH₂); 53.5 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); 18.1 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –5.2 (*q*, $J = 118$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 311 (3, [M – 89]⁺), 283 (3), 265 (2), 251 (8), 237 (5), 211 (100), 177 (7), 135 (19), 107 (22), 89 (30), 81 (43), 73 (78). Anal. calc. for C₁₉H₃₂O₇Si (400.544): C 56.97, H 8.05; found: C 56.97, H 7.99.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy](furan-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**54**). Methoxymethyl chloride (291 μl, 3.12 mmol) and Bu₄NI (29 mg, 0.08 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of **53** (313 mg, 0.78 mmol) in anhyd. CH₂Cl₂ (1 ml) and (*i*-Pr)₂NEt (1 ml) at 0°. After stirring at 0° for 15 min and then at 20° for 3.5 h, the soln. was poured into 1*N* aq. HCl (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the light-yellow oil (350 mg) purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**54**) 0.51, *Pancaldi*): 319 mg (96%) of **54**. Colorless oil that solidified at 4°. M.p. 74–75°. UV (MeCN): 215 (9900). IR (KBr): 2960, 2850, 1475, 1250, 1155, 1110, 1060, 1030, 840, 775, 750. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.38 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(5'')); 6.33 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 1.8$, H–C(4'')); 6.27 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.2$, H–C(3'')); 5.53 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.5$, H–C(1)); 4.80 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.63 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.56 (*s*, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.53 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.7$, H–C(1')); 4.15 (*s*, H–C(4)); 3.93 (*dd*, $^3J(2,1) = 2.5$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.4$, H–C(2)); 3.91 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6a) = 7.8$, $^3J(5,6b) = 5.4$, H–C(5)); 3.41 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.40 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6a,5) = 7.8$, H_a–C(6)); 3.34 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6b,5) = 5.4$, H_b–C(6)); 3.23 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 2.17 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.4$, H–C(3)); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.09, –0.18 (2*s*, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.5 (*s*, C(2'')); 142.1 (*d*, $J = 202$, C(5'')); 110.1 (*d*, $J = 166$), 107.9 (*d*, $J = 174$, C(3'')), C(4'')); 100.7 (*d*, $J = 180$, C(1)); 96.8, 96.2 (2*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH₂); 81.9 (*d*, $J = 153$), 79.7 (*d*, $J = 163$), 77.7 (*d*, $J = 148$), 69.0 (*d*, $J = 140$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'')); 68.3 (*t*, $J = 142$, C(6)); 55.7, 55.1 (2*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH₂); 53.3 (*d*, $J = 137$, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); 18.1 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –5.2 (*q*, $J = 119$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 445 (1, [M + 1]⁺), 355 (1), 311 (3), 281 (9), 263 (5), 251 (5), 237 (5), 211 (100), 111 (21), 73 (65). Anal. calc. for C₂₁H₃₆O₈Si (444.597): C 56.73, H 8.16; found: C 56.88, H 8.01.

Preparation of 54 in Multigram Batches Starting with 7-Oxatrinorbornanone 16. In a flame-dried 1-l flask under Ar, anhyd. THF (170 ml) and (Me₃Si)₂NH (27 ml, 129 mmol) were mixed, cooled to –10°, and treated dropwise with 1.6*M* BuLi in hexane (74.5 ml, 119 mmol) under stirring and maintaining the temp. below 0°. After stirring at –10° for 15 min, the soln. was cooled to –78°, and a soln. of ketone **16** (30 g, 99 mmol) in anhyd. THF (220 ml) was added dropwise under stirring within ca. 30 min. Freshly distilled furan-2-carbaldehyde (12.4 ml, 149 mmol) dissolved in anhyd. THF (60 ml) was added dropwise within ca. 30 min. The mixture was stirred for

90 min at -78° , and AcOH (10 ml, 200 mmol) in MeOH (25 ml) was added dropwise under stirring at -78° . The cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to reach 20° . The mixture was poured into sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (400 ml) and CH_2Cl_2 (400 ml) under vigorous stirring. The aq. phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2×200 ml), the combined org. extract dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the yellowish solid (41 g) recrystallized from CHCl_3 to remove the excess of furan-2-carbaldehyde: 37.5 g (95%) of aldol **19** as colorless crystals. To a soln. of **19** (29.1 g, 73 mmol) in anh. DMF (120 ml), (*t*-Bu) Me_2SiCl (11 g, 77 mmol) was added, followed by 1*H*-imidazole (20 g, 291 mmol). After stirring at 20° for 2 h, more (*t*-Bu) Me_2SiCl (11 g) was added and the mixture stirred for another 2 h at 20° . The mixture was poured onto AcOEt (500 ml) and 1*N* aq. HCl (300 ml) and shaken vigorously. The aq. phase was extracted with AcOEt (300 ml), the combined org. extract washed with 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (300 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the residue dried at 10^{-1} Torr: silyl ether **22** (38.5 g) as a colorless oil. A soln. of **22** (38.5 g) in THF/MeOH 1:1 (400 ml) was cooled to 0° . NaBH_4 (5.3 g, 140 mmol) was added portionwise under stirring. After stirring at 20° for 5 min, 10% aq. HCl soln. was added until pH 2–3, and the mixture was poured onto vigorously stirred CH_2Cl_2 (600 ml) and H_2O (600 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (200 ml), the combined org. extracts were washed with 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (400 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the residue was dried at 10^{-1} Torr: 37.9 g of alcohol **41** as a colorless solid. It was dissolved (37.9 g) in THF (225 ml), and the soln. was cooled to -78° . *m*CPBA (Fluka; 70%; 17.0 g, 73.6 mmol) dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (225 ml) (decanted and the org. soln. dried (MgSO_4)) was added dropwise. After stirring at -78° for 30 min, the cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to reach 20° and stirred at 20° for 2.5 h. The yellow soln. was poured into a vigorously stirred mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (500 ml) and 10% aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (500 ml). The aq. layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (500 ml), the combined org. extract poured carefully under stirring onto sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (400 ml), and the aq. phase extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (200 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated: 34.5 g of a viscous, yellow oil. The product was filtered through silica gel (400 g, 25×8 cm; AcOEt/ CH_2Cl_2 /light petroleum ether 1:3:16). The 2nd fraction contained the chloroalkene derivative **42** (23 g) as a yellowish oil. A soln. of **42** (23 g) in anh. (*i*-Pr) $_2\text{NEt}$ (120 ml) was cooled to 0° . After the addition of MeOCH_2Cl (24 ml, 316 mmol), the mixture was stirred at 0° for 30 min and then at 20° for 2 h. After cooling to 0° , MeOCH_2Cl (5 ml, 65 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 0° for 30 min and then at 20° for 2 h. The mixture was poured carefully into ice-cold 1*N* aq. HCl (500 ml) and extracted with AcOEt (500 ml). The combined org. phase was washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (300 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the residue dried at $20^{\circ}/10^{-1}$ Torr: 25.3 g of alkene **43** as a light-yellow oil. To a soln. of **43** (25.3 g) in THF/ H_2O 4:1 (250 ml, 20°), NaHCO_3 (10.6 g, 126 mmol), 0.1*M* OsO_4 in CCl_4 (6.3 ml, 0.63 mmol), and trimethylamine *N*-oxide dihydrate (14.0 g, 126 mmol) were added successively. After stirring at 20° for 5 h, the mixture was poured into ice-cold 1*N* aq. HCl (250 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (250 ml, twice). The combined org. extract was washed with 10% aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (300 ml) and brine (300 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated at 20° : 28.9 g of α -hydroxy ketone **44** as a yellow oil. A soln. of **44** (28.9 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (170 ml) was cooled to 0° . 4-Bromobenzenesulfonyl chloride (13.2 g, 51.4 mmol) and then Et_3N (13.2 mg, 77.0 mmol) were added successively within 5 min. After stirring at 0° for 30 min, then at 20° for 3 h, the mixture was poured into CH_2Cl_2 (200 ml) and ice-cold 1*N* aq. HCl (500 ml). The aq. phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (300 ml, twice). The combined org. extract was washed with ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (500 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated yielding 39.0 g of a brownish solid that was filtered as a soln. in AcOEt/ CH_2Cl_2 /light petroleum ether 1:1:8 on silica gel (400 g). The main fraction yielded 32.3 g of brosylate **46** as light-yellow crystals. A soln. of **46** (32.3 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (400 ml) was cooled to 0° . *m*CPBA (70%; 13.3 g, 61.1 mmol) and then NaHCO_3 (6.4 g, 83.3 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 0° for 1 h, then poured into ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHSO_3 soln. (500 ml), and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (400 ml, 3 times). The combined org. extract was carefully poured into ice-cold sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (500 ml) and the aq. layer decanted and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (200 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated giving 32.5 g of lactone **49** as colorless crystals (overall yield: 70% based on aldol **19**, 7 steps; 67% based on ketone **16**, 8 steps). The conversions of lactone **49** into methyl galactouronate **51** can be carried as described for the synthesis of **51**, starting with 16 g (25 mmol) of **49**. Yield: 53% of **51**. Reduction of **51** (10 g, 22.8 mmol) into alcohol **53** required 0.8 equiv. of LiAlH_4 . The crude alcohol **53** (8.7 g) was dissolved in (*i*-Pr) $_2\text{NEt}$ (25 ml), the soln. cooled to 0° , and MeOCH_2Cl (9 ml, 60 mmol) added. After stirring at 0° for 15 min and then at 20° for 1 h, the soln. was cooled to 0° , and more MeOCH_2Cl (5 ml, 34 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 0° for 30 min and then at 20° for 1 h. The mixture was poured carefully into ice-cold 1*N* aq. HCl (100 ml) and extracted with AcOEt (100 ml, 3 times). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated to give 9.0 g (overall yield 89%) of 1,4-anhydrogalactopyranose **54** as a yellowish oil that solidified at 4° , pure enough for the subsequent transformations.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]}(1-benzyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**58**). A soln. of **59** (120 mg, 0.26 mmol) in anh. MeOH (0.2 ml) and

then NaBH_3CN (36 mg, 0.53 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of BnNH_2 (32 μl , 0.26 mmol) and AcOH (16 μl , 0.26) in anhyd. MeOH (2 ml) at -78° under Ar. After stirring at -78° for 30 min and then at 20° for 30 min, the soln. was poured into 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (25 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated. FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**58**) 0.6, UV) yielded 84 mg (60%) of **58**. Yellowish oil. UV (MeCN): 200 (12400). IR (film): 3155, 2910, 2870, 1560, 1490, 1420, 1280, 1185, 1105, 1070, 865, 795, 755. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 7.36–7.22 (m, CHCl_3 , 3 arom. H); 6.93 (d, $^3J = 7.4$, 2 arom. H); 6.63 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.7$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.11 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.5$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.7$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.10 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.5$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.8$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 5.52 (d, $^2J = 16.9$, 1 H, PhCH_2); 5.48 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 5.14 (d, $^2J = 16.9$, 1 H, PhCH_2); 4.74 (d, $^2J = 6.6$, 1 H); 4.58 (d, $^2J = 6.6$, 1 H); 4.55 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.52 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 11.2$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.00 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.80 (dd, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.34 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.29 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.40–3.15 (m, $\text{H-C}(5)$, 2 $\text{H-C}(6)$); 1.82 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 11.2$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.0$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.87 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.02, –0.22 (2s, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 139.0 (s, arom. C); 128.9 (d, $J = 159$), 127.7 (d, $J = 151$, arom. C, $\text{C}(5'')$); 127.3 (s, $\text{C}(2'')$); 125.9 (d, $J = 157$), 123.7 (d, $J = 179$, arom. C, $\text{C}(5'')$); 110.3 (d, $J = 163$), 107.5 (d, $J = 163$, $\text{C}(3'')$, $\text{C}(4'')$); 83.0 (d, $J = 188$, $\text{C}(1)$); 96.5, 96.2 (2 t, $J = 163$, MeOCH_2), 83.1 (d, $J = 152$), 80.2 (d, $J = 156$), 77.2 (d, $J = 148$), 71.0 (d, $J = 146$, $\text{C}(2)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(5)$, $\text{C}(1')$); 67.9 (t, $J = 143$, $\text{C}(6)$); 55.7, 55.2 (2 q, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 53.3 (d, $J = 136$, $\text{C}(3)$); 48.8 (t, $J = 137$, PhCH_2); 25.8 (q, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 18.1 (s, Me_3CSi); –5.2, –5.4 (2q, $J = 118$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 533 (1, M^+), 476 (4), 402 (3), 300 (100), 170 (7), 160 (19), 152 (6), 91 (57), 73 (37). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{43}\text{O}_7\text{NSi}$ (533.738): C 63.01, H 8.12, N 2.62; found: C 63.02, H 8.06, N 2.57.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(1'*SR*,2')-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2',5'-dioxopent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**59**). A mixture of **54** (1.07 g, 2.41 mmol) and 0.1M dimethyldioxirane in acetone (60 ml) was stirred at 20° for 6–8 h (TLC (AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2); R_f (**54**) 0.51). Solvent evaporation yielded 1.11 g (100%) of **59**. Yellow oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 10.22 (d, $^3J(5',4') = 7.1$, $\text{H-C}(5')$); 7.38 (d, $^3J(3',4') = 12.0$, $\text{H-C}(3')$); 6.31 (dd, $^3J(4',3') = 12.0$, $^3J(4',5') = 7.1$, $\text{H-C}(4')$); 5.49 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.71 (d, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H); 4.66 (d, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H); 4.61 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.57 (s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 4.16 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 7.8$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 3.94 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.91 (dd, $^3J(5,6a) = 8.2$, $^3J(5,6b) = 5.2$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.45 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6b,5) = 5.2$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 3.41 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.35 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6a,5) = 8.2$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.34 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 1.95 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 7.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.93 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.13, 0.06 (2s, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 201.2 (s, $\text{C}(2')$); 192.3 (s, $\text{C}(5'')$); 139.7 (d, $J = 163$), 136.0 (d, $J = 162$, $\text{C}(3')$, $\text{C}(4')$); 110.1 (d, $J = 181$, $\text{C}(1)$); 96.6, 96.5 (2t, $J = 163$, MeOCH_2); 80.3 (d, $J = 154$), 78.2 (d, $J = 164$), 77.9 (d, $J = 165$), 77.6 (d, $J = 160$, $\text{C}(2)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(1')$, $\text{C}(5)$); 67.5 (t, $J = 144$, $\text{C}(6)$); 55.6, 54.9 (q, $J = 143$, 2 MeOCH_2); 51.5 (d, $J = 136$, $\text{C}(3)$); 25.4 (q, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 17.7 (s, Me_3CSi); –5.2, –5.3 (2q, $J = 118$, Me_2Si).

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-(1-propyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**60**). A mixture of **54** (198 mg, 0.44 mmol), Bengal Rose B (on polystyrene 0.3 mmol/g, 15 mg, 0.004 mmol), and anhyd. CH_2Cl_2 (2 ml) was cooled to -78° under Ar and irradiated (500 W, halogen lamp) for 2 h while dry O_2 was bubbled through the soln. The gas flow was stopped, Me_2S (0.32 ml, 4.40 mmol) added, and the mixture allowed to warm up to 20° within 15 min. The solvent was evaporated and the residue taken in AcOEt (20 ml) and filtered. The filtrate was washed with brine (20 ml, twice), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated giving 212 mg of a bright yellow oil (**59**/(*E*)-**59**) that was taken up in AcOEt (4 ml). After addition of 5% PdCaCO_3 (93 mg, 0.044 mmol) and pressurization with H_2 (50 bar), the mixture was shaken at 20° for 30 min. The catalyst was filtered off (*Celite*) and rinsed (AcOH , 3×10 ml). The solvent was evaporated yielding 201 mg of **57** as slightly yellow oil of 80% purity. Crude **57** (50 mg, 0.10 mmol) was taken up with anhyd. THF (0.2 ml), propylamine (0.2 ml, 2.42 mmol) and Al_2O_3 (neutral, *Fluka 06300*, 60 mg) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 20° for 15 h. The solid was filtered off and rinsed with CH_2Cl_2 . The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt /light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**60**) 0.75, *Pancaldi*): 23 mg (39%) of **60**. Yellowish oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 6.64 (dd, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.2$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.7$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.05 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.6$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.00 (dd, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.6$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.7$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 5.58 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.80 (d, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H); 4.67 (d, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.55 (d, $^3J(1',3) = 10.8$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.52 (s, MeOCH_2); 4.10 (br. s, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.92 (dd, $^3J(2,1) = 2.3$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.89 (dd, $^3J(5,6a) = 7.3$, $^3J(5,6b) = 5.5$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.44 (s, MeOCH_2); 3.43–3.40 (m, $^2J = 7.6$, CH_2N); 3.38 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6b,5) = 5.5$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 3.23 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6a,5) = 7.3$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.21 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 2.13 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 10.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 1.80–1.76 (m, MeCH_2CH_2); 0.96 (t, $^3J = 7.4$, MeCH_2OH_2); 0.85 (s, *t*-BuSi); –0.11, –0.23 (2s, Me_2Si).

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(SR)-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-(1-(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl}-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**61**). As described for **60**, with crude **57** (50 mg, ca.

0.1 mmol), using ethyl glycinate hydrochloride (500 mg, 3.58 mmol) instead of propylamine, and Et_3N (500 μl , 3.58 mmol). FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**61**) 0.42, *Pancaldi*): 22 mg (35%) of **61**. Slightly yellow oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 6.58 (*dd*, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.5$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.7$, $\text{H-C}(5'')$); 6.09 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.5$, $^3J(4'',5'') = 2.5$, $\text{H-C}(4'')$); 6.04 (*dd*, $^3J(3'',4'') = 3.5$, $^4J(3'',5'') = 1.7$, $\text{H-C}(3'')$); 5.57 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 5.07 (*d*, $^2J = 17.8$, 1 H, CH_2COOEt); 4.78, 4.67 (*2d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 2 H, MeOCH_2); 4.64 (*d*, $^2J = 17.8$, 1 H, CH_2COOEt); 4.57, 4.55 (*2d*, $^2J = 6.6$, 2 H, MeOCH_2); 4.51 (*d*, $^3J(1',3) = 11.2$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 4.22, 4.18 (*2dq*, $^2J = 14.0$, $^3J = 7.1$, MeCH_2O); 4.11 (*br. s*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.85 (*dd*, $^3J(2,1) = 2.3$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.1$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.81 (*t*, $^3J = 6.2$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.42 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.37 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6a,5) = 6.2$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.29 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6b,5) = 6.2$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 3.25 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 1.95 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 11.2$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.1$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 1.29 (*t*, $^3J = 7.1$, MeCH_2O); 0.84 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.03, -0.24 (*2s*, Me_2Si).

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR,2'S,Z)-1'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2',5'-dihydroxypent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**62**). A mixture of **54** (1.07 g, 2.41 mmol) and 0.1M dimethyldioxirane in acetone (60 ml, 0.6 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 6–8 h. After solvent evaporation, the residue (**59**) was taken up in anhyd. MeOH (5 ml) and the soln. added to a stirred soln. of CeCl_3 (461 mg, 4.82 mmol) in anhyd. MeOH (5 ml) at 0° under Ar. NaBH_4 (182 mg, 4.82 mmol) was added portionwise. After stirring at 0° for 5 min, the colorless soln. was poured into ice-cold 1N aq. HCl (50 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 50 ml). The combined org. extract was washed with 5% aq. Na_2CO_3 soln. (50 ml), dried (MgSO_4), and evaporated, and the oil (1.01 g) purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/light petroleum ether 2:1; R_f (**62**) 0.2, *Pancaldi*): 75 mg (7%) of **54**, followed by 677 mg (61%) of **62** as a colorless oil which contained less than 10% of the isomer **63** (see *Scheme 6*). IR (film): 3395, 2925, 1630, 1255, 1150, 1040, 940, 835. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3 ; data of **62**): 5.87 (*ddd*, $^3J(4',3') = 11.5$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 7.4$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 6.3$, $\text{H-C}(4')$); 5.59 (*ddt*, $^3J(3',4') = 11.5$, $^3J(3',2') = 8.0$, $^4J(3',5') = 0.8$, $\text{H-C}(3')$); 5.50 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.71 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.66 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.62 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.59 (*br. s*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 4.41 (*dd*, $^3J(2',3') = 8.0$, $^3J(2',1') = 5.5$, $\text{H-C}(2')$); 4.27 (*ddd*, $^2J = 13.4$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 7.4$, $^4J(5'a,3') = 0.8$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(5')$); 4.17 (*ddd*, $^2J = 13.4$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 6.3$, $^4J(5'b,3') = 0.8$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(5')$); 3.99 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 3.0$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.90 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.3$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.2$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.79 (*dd*, $^3J(1',2') = 5.5$, $^3J(1',3) = 4.3$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 3.44 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.2$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.43 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.37 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.3$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 3.36 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 1.90 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 4.3$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.0$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.93 (*s*, 9 H, *t*-BuSi); 0.15, 0.14 (*2s*, Me_2Si). $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 132.0 (*d*, $J = 154$), 131.1 (*d*, $J = 153$, $\text{C}(3')$, $\text{C}(4')$); 100.0 (*d*, $J = 182$, $\text{C}(1)$); 96.7, 96.4 (*2t*, $J = 163$, MeOCH_2); 81.2 (*d*, $J = 150$), 80.5 (*d*, $J = 165$), 78.4 (*d*, $J = 154$), 75.1 (*d*, $J = 142$), 69.3 (*d*, $J = 136$, $\text{C}(2)$, $\text{C}(4)$, $\text{C}(5)$, $\text{C}(1')$, $\text{C}(2')$); 67.6 (*t*, $J = 144$, $\text{C}(6)$); 58.3 (*t*, $J = 143$, $\text{C}(5')$); 55.8, 55.1 (*2q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 49.4 (*d*, $J = 132$, $\text{C}(3)$); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 17.9 (*s*, Me_3CSi); -4.3, -4.5 (*2q*, $J = 118$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 347 (5, $[\text{M} - 117]^+$), 313 (2), 283 (4), 271 (4), 214 (8), 199 (7), 171 (6), 111 (13), 89 (19), 81 (38), 75 (100), 73 (93). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{40}\text{O}_9\text{Si}$ (464.628): C 54.29, H 8.68; found: C 54.18, H 8.58.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR,2'RS,Z)-2',5'-diacetoxy-1'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]pent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**64**). The above FC afforded as a 3rd fraction **64** (40–80 mg, 4–8%). Colorless oil. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.83 (*dddd*, $^3J(4',3') = 11.2$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 7.2$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 6.1$, $^4J(2',4') = 0.9$, $\text{H-C}(4')$); 5.54 (*ddt*, $^3J(3',4') = 11.2$, $^3J(3',2') = 8.9$, $^4J(3',5') = 1.1$, $\text{H-C}(3')$); 5.52 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 4.76 (*s*, MeOCH_2); 4.77 (*br. s*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 4.62 (*d*, $^2J = 3.9$), 4.60 (*d*, $^2J = 3.9$, MeOCH_2); 4.56 (*ddd*, $^3J(2',3') = 8.9$, $^3J(2',1') = 6.2$, $^4J(2',4') = 0.9$, $\text{H-C}(2')$); 4.21 (*ddd*, $^2J = 13.0$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 7.2$, $^4J(5'a,3') = 1.1$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(5')$); 4.13 (*ddd*, $^2J = 13.0$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 6.1$, $^4J(5'b,3') = 1.1$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(5')$); 4.05 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.9$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.93 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.5$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.0$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.54 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 8.3$, $^3J(1',2') = 6.2$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 3.45 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.0$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.43, 3.36 (*2s*, 2 MeOCH_2); 3.35 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.5$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 1.81 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 8.3$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.9$, $\text{H-C}(3)$); 0.90 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.09, 0.05 (*2s*, Me_2Si).

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR,2'RS,Z)-2',5'-diacetoxy-1'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]pent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**65**). A mixture of diol **62/63** (ca. 9:1; 50 mg, 0.107 mmol), pyridine (0.5 ml), Ac_2O (0.5 ml), and DMAP (10 mg, 0.081 mmol) was allowed to stand at 20° for 15 h. After solvent evaporation, the residue was separated by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**65**) 0.29, *Pancaldi*): 53 mg (90%) of pure **65**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 2930, 1740, 1470, 1370, 1230, 1155, 1040, 840, 775. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.74 (*dt*, $^3J(4',3') = 11.1$, $^3J(4',5') = 6.4$, $\text{H-C}(4')$); 5.54 (*ddt*, $^3J(3',4') = 11.1$, $^3J(3',2') = 9.1$, $^4J(3',5') = 1.6$, $\text{H-C}(3')$); 5.47 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(1)$); 5.41 (*dd*, $^3J(2',3') = 9.1$, $^3J(2',1') = 5.8$, $\text{H-C}(2')$); 4.75 (*dd*, $^3J(5',4') = 6.4$, $^4J(3',5') = 1.6$, 2 $\text{H-C}(5')$); 4.71 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$), 4.66 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$), 4.61 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.49 (*br. s*, $\text{H-C}(4)$); 3.96 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, $\text{H-C}(2)$); 3.90 (*dd*, $^3J(1',2') = 5.8$, $^3J(1',3) = 3.8$, $\text{H-C}(1')$); 3.88 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6a) = 8.3$, $^3J(5,6b) = 5.2$, $\text{H-C}(5)$); 3.43 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6b,5) = 5.2$, $\text{H}_b\text{-C}(6)$); 3.42 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.37 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6a,5) = 8.3$, $\text{H}_a\text{-C}(6)$); 3.35 (*s*, 1 MeOCH_2); 2.06, 2.05 (*2s*,

2 Ac); 1.84 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 3.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, H–C(3)); 0.88 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.13, 0.11 (2*s*, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 170.6, 169.7 (2*s*, 2 CO); 129.7 (*d*, $J = 153$), 127.7 (*d*, $J = 159$, C(3'), C(4')); 100.4 (*d*, $J = 181$, C(1)); 97.1, 96.6 (2*t*, $J = 164$, MeOCH₂); 81.3 (*d*, $J = 144$), 80.8 (*d*, $J = 166$), 78.4 (*d*, $J = 155$), 72.7 (*d*, $J = 142$), 71.6 (*d*, $J = 148$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'))); 67.6 (*t*, $J = 143$, C(6)); 60.8 (*t*, $J = 149$, C(5'))); 55.9, 55.2 (2 *q*, $J = 143$, MeOCH₂); 49.1 (*d*, $J = 136$, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 125$, Me₃CSi); 21.2, 20.8 (2 *q*, $J = 129$, MeCO); 17.9 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –4.3, –4.2 (2 *q*, $J = 118$, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 566 (1, [M + 18]⁺), 517 (2), 413 (1), 325 (9), 265 (9), 197 (19), 155 (11), 117 (91), 81 (42), 75 (81), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₅H₄₄O₁₁Si (548.703): C 54.73, H 8.08; found: C 54.71, H 8.05.

(±)-3-{DL-erythro-2'-Acetoxy-1'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-3'-hydroxypropyl}-1,4-anhydro-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (66). Ozone was bubbled through a soln. of **65** (53 mg, 0.096 mmol) in MeOH (1 ml) at –78°. After disappearance of **65** (TLC (AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2); *R_f* (**65**) 0.29), NaBH₄ (16 mg, 0.428 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 0° for 5 min. The mixture was poured into sat. aq. NH₄Cl soln. (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. phase was washed with 5% aq. Na₂CO₃ soln., dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1; *R_f* (**66**) 0.43, *Pancaldi*): 36 mg (77%) of **66**. Colorless oil. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.49 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 4.94 (*ddd*, $^3J(2',3'a) = 5.7$, $^3J(2',1') = 4.6$, $^3J(2',3'b) = 4.0$, H–C(2')); 4.70 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.65 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.62 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.58 (*br. s*, 1 H, H–C(4)); 3.99 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 5.9$, $^3J(1',2') = 4.6$, H–C(1'))); 3.92 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6a) = 8.3$, $^3J(5,6b) = 5.2$, H–C(5)); 3.90 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.2$, $^3J(3'b,2') = 4.0$, H_b–C(3'))); 3.88 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 3.3$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 3.81 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.2$, $^3J(3'b,2') = 5.7$, H_b–C(3'))); 3.44 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6b,5) = 5.2$, H_b–C(6)); 3.43 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6a,5) = 8.3$, H_a–C(6)); 3.37 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 2.12 (*s*, Ac); 1.94 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 5.9$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.3$, H–C(3)); 0.91 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.16, 0.13 (2*s*, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 171.3 (*s*, CO); 100.2 (*d*, $J = 174$, C(1)); 97.0, 96.6 (2*t*, $J = 161$, MeOCH₂); 81.8 (*d*, $J = 146$), 80.6 (*d*, $J = 170$), 78.3 (*d*, $J = 154$), 76.1 (*d*, $J = 144$), 70.7 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'))); 67.7 (*t*, $J = 144$, C(6)); 61.3 (*t*, $J = 141$, C(3)); 56.0, 55.3 (2*q*, $J = 141$, MeOCH₂); 49.3 (*d*, $J = 130$, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, $J = 126$, Me₃CSi); 21.2 (*q*, $J = 129$, MeCO); 17.9 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –4.6 (*q*, $J = 118$, Me₂Si).

(±)-3-{DL-erythro-3'-Acetoxy-2'-[(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-1'-hydroxypropyl}-1,5-anhydro-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactofuranose (66'). In some experiments, the above FC provided as a 2nd fraction **66'** (10–15%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.54 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, H–C(1)); 4.78, 4.75 (2*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 2 H); 4.60 (*s*, 2 H); 4.45 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.20 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.1$, $^3J(2',3') = 6.6$, H_a–C(3'))); 4.13 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.1$, $^3J = 5.8$, H_b–C(3'))); 4.02 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, H–C(2)); 3.96 (*ddd*, $^3J(2',3') = 6.6$, $^3J(1',2') = 1.6$, H–C(2'))); 3.90 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6) = 8.5$, 4.9, H–C(5)); 3.49 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(5,6) = 4.9$, H_b–C(6)); 3.48 (*ddd*, $^3J(1',3) = 10.7$, $^3J(1',OH) = 9.7$, $^3J(1',2') = 1.6$, H–C(1'))); 3.43 (*s*, 3 H); 3.36 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(5,6) = 8.5$, H_a–C(6)); 3.35 (*s*, 3 H); 2.65 (*d*, $^3J = 9.7$, OH–C(1'))); 2.08 (*s*, 3 H); 1.88 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 10.7$, $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, H–C(3)); 0.92 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.15, 0.11 (2*s*, Me₂Si).

(±)-3-{DL-erythro-3'-Acetoxy-1',2'-dihydroxypropyl}-1,4-anhydro-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (67). At 0°, 1M Bu₄NF in THF (0.112 ml, 0.112 mmol) was added to a soln. of **66** (36 mg, 0.075 mmol) in anhyd. THF (0.5 ml) under stirring. After 5 min at 0°, the mixture was poured into sat. aq. NH₄Cl soln. (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/MeOH 98:2; *R_f* (**67**) 0.17, *Pancaldi*): 22 mg (78%) of **67**. Colorless oil. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.55 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, H–C(1)); 4.79 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.76 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.62 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.44 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.27 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.6$, $^3J(3'a,2') = 7.0$, H_a–C(3'))); 4.23 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.6$, $^3J(3'b,2') = 5.1$, H_b–C(3'))); 4.02 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, H–C(2)); 3.98 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6a) = 8.3$, $^3J(5,6b) = 4.9$, H–C(5)); 3.87 (*ddm*, $^3J(2',3'a) = 7.0$, $^3J(2',3'b) = 5.1$, H–C(2'))); 3.49 (*dm*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.8$, H–C(1'))); 3.48 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.1$, $^3J(6b,5) = 4.9$, H_b–C(6)); 3.45 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.1$, $^3J(6a,5) = 8.3$, H_a–C(6)); 3.37 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 2.59 (*d*, $^3J = 5.7$, OH–C(1'))); 2.12 (*s*, Ac); 2.04 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 171.4 (*s*, CO); 100.0 (*d*, $J = 180$, C(1)); 97.0, 96.6 (2*t*, $J = 168$, MeOCH₂); 82.7 (*d*, $J = 149$), 79.9 (*d*, $J = 162$), 78.0 (*d*, $J = 154$), 71.3 (*d*, $J = 145$), 69.7 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'))); 67.7 (*t*, $J = 144$, C(6)); 66.1 (*t*, $J = 150$, C(3)); 55.8, 55.3 (2*q*, $J = 142$, MeOCH₂); 49.3 (*d*, $J = 136$, C(3)); 20.9 (*q*, $J = 130$, MeCO).

(±)-3-{DL-erythro-3'-Acetoxy-1',2'-(isopropylidenedioxy)propyl}-1,4-anhydro-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (68). A mixture of **67** (22 mg, 0.066 mmol), DMF (0.5 ml), Me₂C(OMe)₂ (0.5 ml), and pyridinium *p*-toluenesulfonate (0.01 mmol) was allowed to stand at 20° for 24 h. Solvent evaporation and purification by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 2:1; *R_f* (**68**) 0.66, *Pancaldi*) gave 23 mg (85%) of **68**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 200 (450). IR (film): 2935, 1745, 1455, 1370, 1225, 1155, 1045, 915, 865. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆): 5.58 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 4.63 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.62 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.52

(*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H); 4.40 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.22 (dd, $^2J = 11.7$, $^3J(3'a,2') = 5.4$, H_a–C(3')); 4.14 (dd, $^2J = 11.7$, $^3J(3'b,2') = 4.7$, H_b–C(3')); 4.07 (dd, $^3J(5,6a) = 8.7$, $^3J(5,6b) = 4.8$, H–C(5)); 4.04 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 3.1$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 3.99 (ddd, $^3J(2',1') = 7.2$, $^3J(2',3'a) = 5.4$, $^3J(2',3'b) = 4.7$, H–C(2')); 3.88 (ddd, $^3J(1',2') = 7.2$, $^3J(1',3) = 7.0$, H–C(1')); 3.59 (dd, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(6b,5) = 4.8$, H_b–C(6)); 3.51 (dd, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(6a,5) = 8.7$, H_a–C(6)); 3.30, 3.12 (2 s, 2 MeOCH₂); 1.97 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 7.0$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.1$, H–C(3)); 1.71 (s, ac); 1.39, 1.34 (2s, Me₂C). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, C₆D₆): 170.3 (s, CO); 109.7 (s, Me₂C); 101.2 (*d*, *J* = 172, C(1)); 97.3, 97.2 (2*t*, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 82.6 (*d*, *J* = 151), 80.1 (*d*, *J* = 165), 79.4 (*d*, *J* = 146), 79.2 (*d*, *J* = 155), 78.4 (*d*, *J* = 149, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2')); 68.8 (*t*, *J* = 143), 65.1 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6), C(3')); 56.0, 55.4 (2*q*, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 50.8 (*d*, *J* = 134, C(3)); 28.0, 27.6 (2*q*, *J* = 126, Me₂C); 20.7 (*q*, *J* = 129, MeCO). CI-MS (NH₃): 391 (2, [*M* – 1]⁺, 317 (3), 173 (13), 136 (13), 115 (100), 81 (22)). Anal. calc. for C₁₈H₃₀O₁₀ (406.428): C 53.19, H 7.44; found: C 53.24, H 7.44.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{[(1'SR,2'RS,Z)-[1'-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2',5'-bis(4-nitrobenzoyloxy)]pent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (69). A mixture of diol **62** (20 mg, 0.043 mmol; containing ca. 10% of **63**), anh. CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 ml), Et₃N (21 μl, 0.150 mmol), 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride (24 mg, 0.130 mmol), and DMAP (3 mg, 0.004 mmol) was stirred at 20° under Ar for 30 min. The mixture was poured into 1*N* aq. HCl (25 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 25 ml). The combined org. extract was washed with a sat. aq. Na₂CO₃ soln., dried (MgSO₄), and evaporated. The residue was separated by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:3; *R_f* (**69**) 0.65, UV): 30 mg (91%) of pure **69**. Colorless oil. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.31–8.18 (m, 8 arom. H); 5.98 (ddd, $^3J(4',5'a) = 11.0$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 6.4$, H–C(4')); 5.91 (dd, $^3J(2',3') = 9.4$, $^3J(2',1') = 4.9$, H–C(2')); 5.84 (ddd, $^3J(3',4') = 11.0$, $^3J(3',2') = 9.4$, H–C(3')); 5.50 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 5.16 (ddd, $^2J = 13.3$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 6.4$, $^4J(5'b,3') = 1.0$, H_b–C(5')); 5.10 (ddd, $^2J = 13.3$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 6.8$, $^4J(5'a,3') = 1.0$, H_a–C(5')); 4.77, 4.69 (2*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.62 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.59 (s, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.11 (dd, $^3J(1',2') = 4.9$, $^3J(1',3) = 4.7$, H–C(1')); 4.06 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 3.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 3.92 (dd, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.5$, $^3J(5,6a) = 4.9$, H–C(5)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.39 (dd, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6a,5) = 4.9$, H_a–C(6)); 3.36 (dd, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.5$, H_b–C(6)); 3.32 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 1.98 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 4.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.5$, H–C(3)); 0.89 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.14, 0.11 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 164.4, 163.7 (2s, CO); 150.6, 135.4, 135.2 (3s, arom. C); 130.7 (*d*, *J* = 169), 129.5 (*d*, *J* = 164), 128.5 (*d*, *J* = 162), 123.6, 123.5 (2*d*, *J* = 172, arom. C, C(3'), C(4')); 100.3 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 97.2, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 81.4 (*d*, *J* = 164), 80.5 (*d*, *J* = 165), 78.5 (*d*, *J* = 153), 72.8 (*d*, *J* = 143), 72.3 (*d*, *J* = 150, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2')); 67.6 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 61.4 (*t*, *J* = 150, C(5')); 56.0, 55.3 (2*q*, *J* = 144, MeOCH₂); 49.7 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (s, Me₃CSi); –4.2, –4.4 (2*q*, *J* = 119, Me₂Si).

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{[(1'SR,2'RS,Z)-[1'-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2',5'-bis[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]]pent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (70). Et₃N (81 μl, 0.58 mmol) and then MeSO₂Cl (39 μl, 0.50 mmol) were added dropwise to a stirred soln. of diol **62** (77 mg, 0.17 mmol; containing ca. 10% of **63**) in anh. CH₂Cl₂ (1 ml) cooled to –78°. After stirring at –78° for 5 min, the mixture was poured into ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. and extracted quickly with ice-cold CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 30 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated: 82 mg of crude **70**. Yellowish oil. Data of **70**: ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.98 (ddd, $^3J(4',5'a) = 10.9$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 7.8$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 5.7$, H–C(4')); 5.83 (ddt, $^3J(3',4') = 10.9$, $^3J(3',2') = 9.6$, $^4J(3',5') = 0.8$, H–C(3')); 5.51 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.1$, H–C(1)); 5.19 (dd, $^3J(2',3') = 9.6$, $^3J(2',1') = 5.4$, H–C(2')); 4.96 (ddd, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 7.8$, $^4J(5'a,3') = 0.8$, H_a–C(5')); 4.84 (ddd, $^2J = 12.9$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 5.7$, $^4J(5'b,3') = 0.8$, H_b–C(5')); 4.70 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.67 (*d*, $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.62 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.51 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.04 (dd, $^3J(1',2') = 5.4$, $^3J(1',3) = 3.8$, H–C(1')); 3.98 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.1$, H–C(2)); 3.91 (dd, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.0$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.0$, H–C(5)); 3.45 (dd, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.0$, H_a–C(6)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (dd, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.0$, H_b–C(6)); 3.37 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.06, 3.04 (2s, 2 MeSO₂); 1.88 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 3.8$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.5$, H–C(3)); 0.91 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.13, 0.09 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 129.6 (*d*, *J* = 163), 128.5 (*d*, *J* = 162, C(3'), C(4')); 101.2 (*d*, *J* = 182, C(1)); 97.0, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 80.8 (*d*, *J* = 147), 80.7 (*d*, *J* = 147), 78.5 (*d*, *J* = 157), 76.7 (*d*, *J* = 141, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(2')); 67.5 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 65.4 (*t*, *J* = 151, C(5')); 56.0, 55.2, (2*q*, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 48.8 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(5)); 39.3, 39.2 (2*q*, *J* = 150, MeSO₂); 37.7 (*d*, *J* = 135, C(3)); 25.7 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.8 (s, Me₃CSi); –4.2, –4.7 (2*q*, *J* = 119, Me₂Si).

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{[(1'SR,2'RS,Z)-5'-azido-1'-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyloxy]-2'-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]]pent-3'-enyl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (71). To crude **70** (see above; 82 mg, ca. 0.132 mmol) in anh. DMF (0.15 ml) at 0°, a soln. of LiN₃ (19 mg, 0.40 mmol) in anh. DMF (0.1 ml) was added dropwise and the mixture stirred at 0° for 30 min. The solvent was evaporated and the residue taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml). The soln. was poured into ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (30 ml), the aq. phase extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 × 30 ml), and the combined org. extract dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated: 72 mg of **71** as yellowish oil, pure

enough for the next transformations. An anal. sample was obtained on purification by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (71) 0.45, *Pancaldi*). UV (MeCN): 208 (2050). IR (film): 2930, 2100, 1470, 1360, 1255, 1175, 1150, 1115, 1055, 920, 840, 780. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.90 (ddd, ³*J*(4',3') = 11.4, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 7.9, ³*J*(4',5'b) = 5.9, H-C(4')); 5.78 (ddt, ³*J*(3',4') = 11.4, ³*J*(3',2') = 9.8, ⁴*J*(3',5') = 1.0, H-C(3')); 5.50 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.2, H-C(1)); 5.19 (dd, ³*J*(2',3') = 9.8, ³*J*(2',1') = 5.4, H-C(2')); 4.69 (d, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.65 (d, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.62 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.49 (br. s, H-C(4)); 4.14 (ddd, ²*J* = 14.5, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 7.9, ⁴*J*(5'a,3') = 1.0, H_b-C(5')); 4.03 (dd, ³*J*(1',2') = 5.4, ³*J*(1',3') = 4.0, H-C(1')); 3.99 (dd, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.9, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.2, H-C(2)); 3.92 (ddd, ²*J* = 14.5, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 5.9, ⁴*J*(5'b,3') = 1.0, H_b-C(5')); 3.91 (dd, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.2, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.0, H-C(5)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.43 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.0, H_a-C(6)); 3.37 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.2, H_b-C(6)); 3.36 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.02 (s, MeSO₂); 1.90 (dd, ³*J*(3,1') = 4.0, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.9, H-C(3)); 0.91 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.17, 0.14 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 131.1 (d, *J* = 160), 127.2 (d, *J* = 161, C(3'), C(4')); 100.4 (d, *J* = 182, C(1)); 97.1, 96.6 (2t, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 81.0 (d, *J* = 152), 80.9 (d, *J* = 150), 78.5 (d, *J* = 152), 77.4 (d, *J* = 139), 73.1 (d, *J* = 142, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(2'), C(5)); 67.6 (t, *J* = 144, C(6)); 56.0, 55.3 (2q, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 48.7 (d, *J* = 130, C(3)); 47.7 (t, *J* = 145, C(5')); 39.5 (q, *J* = 139, MeSO₂); 25.8 (q, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (s, Me₃CSi); -4.1, -4.6 (2q, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 585 (3, [M + 18]⁺), 429 (3), 347 (4), 271 (12), 225 (6), 213 (6), 197 (12), 153 (41), 89 (40), 81 (40), 75 (97), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₂H₄₁O₁₀N₃SSi (567.731): C 46.54, H 7.28, N 7.40; found: C 46.64, H 7.32, N 7.32.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(1'SR)-5'-azido-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-5'-deoxy-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-DL-ribo-tol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (72) and (±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-{(1'SR)-5'-azido-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-5'-deoxy-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (73). A mixture of crude 71 (72 mg, ca. 0.13 mmol), THF/H₂O 4:1 (0.2 ml), Me₃NO₂·H₂O (37 mg, 0.33 mmol), and 0.1M OsO₄ in CCl₄ (83 μl, 0.008 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 20 h. The brown soln. was poured into 5% aq. NaHSO₃ soln. (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue separated by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1; *R_f* (72) 0.30, *R_f* (73) 0.11, *Pancaldi*): 38 mg (37%) of 72 and 17 mg (17%) of 73 (overall yield 54%, based on 62).

Data of 72: Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 212 (600), 195 (820). IR (film): 3455, 2935, 2105, 1640, 1470, 1350, 1260, 1175, 1155, 1055, 940, 840, 780, 740, 705. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.53 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.3, H-C(1)); 4.78 (dd, ³*J*(2',3') = 7.0, ³*J*(2',1') = 4.1, H-C(2')); 4.71 (d, ²*J* = 6.9, 1 H), 4.68 (d, ²*J* = 6.9, 1 H), 4.63 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.59 (br. s, H-C(4)); 4.29 (dd, ³*J*(1',3') = 6.2, ³*J*(1',2') = 4.1, H-C(1')); 4.08 (ddd, ³*J*(3',2') = 7.0, ³*J*(3',4') = 5.9, ³*J*(3',OH-C(3')) = 3.9, H-C(3')); 3.96 (dd, ³*J*(2,3) = 3.0, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.3, H-C(2)); 3.95 (dd, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.1, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.2, H-C(5)); 3.92 (dddd, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 6.7, ³*J*(4',OH-C(4')) = 6.5, ³*J*(4',3') = 5.9, ³*J*(4',5'b) = 3.7, H-C(4')); 3.63 (d, ³*J*(OH-C(3'),3') = 3.9, OH-C(3')); 3.60 (dd, ²*J* = 12.7, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.7, H_b-C(5')); 3.55 (dd, ²*J* = 12.7, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 6.7, H_a-C(5')); 3.46 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.2, H_a-C(6)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.40 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.1, H_b-C(6)); 3.37 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.14 (s, MeSO₂); 2.56 (d, ³*J*(OH-C(4'),4') = 6.5, OH-C(4')); 2.14 (dd, ³*J*(3,1') = 6.2, ³*J*(3,2) = 3.0, H-C(3)); 0.92 (s, 9 H, *t*-BuSi); 0.24, 0.17 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 100.3 (d, *J* = 174, C(1)); 97.2, 96.8 (2t, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 81.9 (d, *J* = 138), 81.0 (d, *J* = 154), 79.1 (d, *J* = 149), 78.2 (d, *J* = 156), 73.3 (d, *J* = 142), 71.7 (d, *J* = 148), 71.5 (d, *J* = 146, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.9 (t, *J* = 143, C(6)); 56.1, 55.4 (2q, *J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 53.2 (t, *J* = 143, C(5)); 48.6 (d, *J* = 133, C(3)); 38.8 (q, *J* = 139, MeSO₂); 25.8 (q, *J* = 120, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (s, Me₃CSi); -4.4, -4.7 (2q, *J* = 120, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 619 (57, [M + 18]⁺), 562 (5), 424 (5), 347 (5), 306 (11), 228 (11), 158 (7), 129 (24), 92 (48), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₂H₄₃N₃O₁₂SSi (601.745): C 43.91, H 7.20, N 6.98; found: C 44.12, H 7.20, N 6.78.

Data of 73: Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 212 (670), 196 (900). IR (film): 3410, 2930, 2140, 1725, 1640, 1355, 1175, 1090, 1045, 940, 895, 835, 780. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.54 (d, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.3, H-C(1)); 5.04 (d, ³*J*(2',1') = 5.1, H-C(2')); 4.74 (d, ²*J* = 6.9, 1 H), 4.72 (d, ²*J* = 6.9, 1 H), 4.62 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.56 (br. s, H-C(4)); 4.15 (dd, ³*J*(1',3') = 6.4, ³*J*(1',2') = 5.1, H-C(1')); 4.09 (dd, ³*J*(2,3) = 3.0, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.3, H-C(2)); 4.07 (dd, ³*J*(3',4') = 8.9, ³*J*(3',OH-C(3')) = 6.7, H-C(3')); 3.96 (dd, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.3, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.1, H-C(5)); 3.75 (dddd, ³*J*(4',3') = 8.9, ³*J*(4',OH-C(4')) = 6.2, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 5.4, ³*J*(4',5'b) = 2.9, H-C(4')); 3.65 (dd, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 2.9, H_b-C(5')); 3.58 (d, ³*J*(OH-C(3'),3') = 6.7, OH-C(3')); 3.52 (dd, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 5.4, H_a-C(5')); 3.46 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.1, H_a-C(6)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (dd, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.3, H_b-C(6)); 3.37 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.19 (s, MeSO₂); 2.79 (d, ³*J*(OH-C(4'),4') = 6.2, OH-C(4')); 2.41 (dd, ³*J*(3,1') = 6.4, ³*J*(3,2) = 3.0, H-C(3)); 0.85 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.18, 0.14 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 100.0 (d, *J* = 149, C(1)); 97.0, 96.7 (2t, *J* = 166, MeOCH₂); 82.2 (d, *J* = 140), 82.1 (d, *J* = 147), 77.9 (d, *J* = 153), 77.7 (d, *J* = 136), 71.8 (d, *J* = 140), 69.9 (d, *J* = 146), 68.0 (d, *J* = 137, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.8 (t, *J* = 143, C(6)); 56.2, 55.4 (2q, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 53.8 (t, *J* = 142, C(5)); 47.7 (d, *J* = 133,

C(3)); 38.2 (*q*, *J* = 139, MeSO₂); 25.7 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 17.9 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –4.5, –4.9 (2*q*, *J* = 118 Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 619 (57, [M + 18]⁺), 532 (4), 454 (4), 306 (9), 244 (6), 129 (17), 92 (47), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₂H₄₃N₃O₁₂SSi (601.745): C 43.91, H 7.20, N 6.98, S 5.33; found: C 44.05, H 7.35, N 6.88, S 5.27.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-5'-azido-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-5'-deoxy-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**74**). A mixture of **72** (93 mg, 0.15 mmol), Me₂C(OMe)₂ (0.7 ml) and camphorsulfonic acid (7 mg, 0.03 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 45 min. More camphorsulfonic acid was added (7 mg) and the mixture stirred another 45 min at 20°. Addition of camphorsulfonic acid was repeated with stirring at 20° for 45 min until complete disappearance of **72** (TLC (AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1): *R_f* (**74**) 0.5, *R_f* (**72**) 0.32, *Pancaldi*). The mixture was poured into sat. aq. NaHCO₃ soln. (25 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 ml, 3 times). The combined org. phase was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**74**) 0.23): 71 mg (79%) of **74**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 193 (2000). IR (film): 3420, 2930, 2100, 1725, 1470, 1360, 1260, 1220, 1175, 1055, 950, 835, 780, 735. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.53 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.1, H–C(1)); 4.94 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',3') = 5.7, ³*J*(2',1') = 2.9, H–C(2')); 4.70 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.64 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.63 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.58 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.45–4.34 (*m*, H–C(3'), H–C(4)); 4.11 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3') = 8.5, ³*J*(1',2') = 2.9, H–C(1')); 3.92 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.1, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.1, H–C(5)); 3.86 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.8, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.1, H–C(2)); 3.50–3.35 (*m*, 2 H–C(6), 2 H–C(5')); 3.42, 3.37 (2*s*, 2 MeOCH₂); 3.15 (*s*, MeSO₂); 1.97 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 8.5, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.8, H–C(3)); 1.53, 1.38 (2*s*, Me₂C); 0.93 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.19, 0.15 (2*s*, MeSi). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 108.7 (*s*, Me₂C); 100.5 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 96.9, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 82.4 (*d*, *J* = 144), 79.7 (*d*, *J* = 164), 79.4 (*d*, *J* = 148), 78.1 (*d*, *J* = 153), 76.3 (*d*, *J* = 151), 74.1 (*d*, *J* = 146), 71.1 (*d*, *J* = 148, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.6 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 56.0, 55.3 (2*q*, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 51.4 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(5')); 50.9 (*d*, *J* = 133, C(3)); 39.2 (*q*, *J* = 140, MeSO₂); 27.7 (*q*, *J* = 127, MeC); 25.8 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 25.3 (*q*, *J* = 130, MeC); 18.1 (*s*, Me₃CSi); –4.2, –4.3 (2*q*, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 659 (1, [M + 18]⁺), 626 (2), 614 (2), 568 (19), 556 (8), 460 (7), 384 (2), 346 (5), 301 (6), 272 (10), 225 (7), 153 (32), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₅H₄₉N₃O₁₂SSi (641.810): C 46.79, H 7.38, N 6.55; found: C 46.81, H 7.28, N 6.41.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-α-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactofuranose (**75**). HCOONH₄ (30 mg, 0.22 mmol) and then 10% Pd/C (8.2 mg, 0.008 mmol) were added to a stirred soln. of **74** (25 mg, 0.042 mmol) in anhyd. MeOH (0.6 ml). After stirring at 20° for 90 min, the catalyst was filtered off over *Celite* (rinsing with AcOEt, 3 × 10 ml) and the filtrate evaporated. To the residue in anhyd. DMF (0.3 ml) under Ar, anhyd. K₂CO₃ (5 mg, 0.078 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 60° for 15 h. The suspension was evaporated at (1 Torr) and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/MeOH 98:2; *R_f* (**75**) 0.25, *Pancaldi*): 14 mg (86%). Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 195 (1360). IR (film): 3425, 2930, 2855, 1630, 1380, 1255, 1205, 1040, 835, 665. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.49 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.2, H–C(1)); 4.71, 4.67 (2*d*, ²*J* = 6.8, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.65–4.55 (*m*, 5 H, H–C(3'), H–C(4'), H–C(4), MeOCH₂); 4.37 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.3, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.2, H–C(2)); 4.13 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3') = 7.6, ³*J*(1',2') = 3.2, H–C(1')); 3.94 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.0, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.4, H–C(5)); 3.44 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.4, H_a–C(6)); 3.41 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.0, H_b–C(6)); 3.36 (*s*, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.05 (*d*, ²*J* = 12.6, H_a–C(5')); 2.68 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',3') = 8.7, ³*J*(2',1') = 3.2, H–C(2')); 2.62 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 3.6, H_b–C(5')); 2.05 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 7.6, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.3, H–C(3)); 1.47, 1.30 (2*s*, Me₂C); 0.89 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); 0.13, 0.12 (2*s*, MeSi). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 110.1 (*s*, Me₂C); 100.2 (*d*, *J* = 178, C(1)); 96.9, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 80.7 (*d*, *J* = 158), 80.4 (*d*, *J* = 153), 80.2 (*d*, *J* = 165), 79.0 (*d*, *J* = 149), 78.9 (*d*, *J* = 154), 70.2 (*d*, *J* = 143, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.7 (*t*, *J* = 158, C(6)); 66.8 (*d*, *J* = 134, C(5)); 55.7, 55.2 (2*q*, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 53.6 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5')); 51.3 (*d*, *J* = 132, C(3)); 26.0 (*q*, *J* = 130, *t*-BuSi); 25.9 (*q*, *J* = 123), 23.9 (*q*, *J* = 124), (Me₂C); 18.2 (*s*, *t*-BuSi); –4.5, –4.6 (2*q*, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 521 (100, [M + 2]⁺), 520 (89, [M + 1]⁺), 462 (21), 360 (8), 312 (5), 288 (29), 243 (5), 142 (87), 75 (40). Anal. calc. for C₂₄H₄₅NO₉Si (519.708): C 55.46, H 8.77; found: C 55.56, H 8.61.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-2'-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-α-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**76**). A mixture of **75** (22 mg, 0.048 mmol), anhyd. THF (0.8 ml), and 1M Bu₄NF in THF (97 μl, 0.096 mmol) was allowed to stand at 20° for 1 h. After evaporation, the residue was purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/MeOH 9:1; *R_f* (**76**) 0.18, *Pancaldi*): 17 mg (92%) of **76**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 193 (320). IR (film): 3500, 2935, 1640, 1445, 1380, 1270, 1210, 1155, 1115, 1045, 980, 915, 875. ¹H-NMR (365 K, 400 MHz, C₆D₆): 5.54 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.3, H–C(1)); 4.79 (*br. s*, H–C(4)); 4.74 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.5, 1 H), 4.64 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.5, 1 H), 4.49 (*s*, 2 H, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.48 (*dd*, ³*J*(3',4') = 5.4, ³*J*(3',2') = 4.3, H–C(3')); 4.27 (*dd*, ³*J*(4',3') = 5.4, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 4.3, H–C(4')); 4.21 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.8, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.3, H–C(2)); 4.08 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.1, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.0, H–C(5)); 4.02 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3') = 8.3, ³*J*(1',2') = 5.8, H–C(1')); 3.59 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.2, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.0, H_a–C(6)); 3.54 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.2, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.1, H_b–C(6)); 3.33, 3.19

(2s, 2 MeOCH₂); 3.05 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.1, H_b–C(5'')); 2.74 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',1') = 5.8, ³*J*(2',3') = 4.3, H–C(2'')); 2.45 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.1, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 4.3, H_a–C(5'')); 2.15 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 8.3, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.8, H–C(3)); 1.36, 1.12 (2s, Me₂C). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, C₆D₆): 111.4 (s, Me₂C); 101.4 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 97.6, 97.3 (2*t*, *J* = 162, 2 MeOCH₂); 84.0 (*d*, *J* = 147), 82.6 (*d*, *J* = 148), 82.4 (*d*, *J* = 156), 80.7 (*d*, *J* = 155), 79.0 (*d*, *J* = 155), 72.1 (*d*, *J* = 151, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4'')); 69.9 (*t*, *J* = 145, C(6)); 69.5 (*d*, *J* = 139, C(2'')); 55.9, 55.5 (2*q*, *J* = 142, 2 MeOCH₂); 53.0 (*t*, *J* = 142, C(5'')); 52.9 (*d*, *J* = 134, C(3)); 26.1 (*q*, *J* = 125), 24.0 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₂C). CI-MS (NH₃): 406 (100, [M + 1]⁺), 360 (15), 280 (18), 142 (43), 126 (6), 84 (9). Anal. calc. for C₁₈H₃₁NO₉ (405.544): C 54.32, H 7.71, N 3.45; found: C 54.17, H 7.79, N 3.50.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-5'-azido-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-5'-deoxy-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (77). As described for 74, with 73 (60 mg, 0.10 mmol), TLC control (AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1): R_f (77) 0.5, R_f (73) 0.18; 44 mg (68%) of 77. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 194 (1480). IR (film): 3420, 2930, 2105, 1630, 1465, 1355, 1175, 1155, 1090, 1055, 950, 835. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.52 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.3, H–C(1)); 4.76–4.59 (*m*, 7 H, H–C(2'), H–C(3'), H–C(4), 2 MeOCH₂); 4.45–4.34 (*m*, H–C(4'')); 3.96 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3) = 10.2, ³*J*(1',2') = 3.2, H–C(1'')); 3.93 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 7.2, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.6, H–C(5)); 3.72 (*dd*, ²*J* = 12.6, ³*J*(5',4') = 7.5, H_a–C(5'')); 3.61 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.7, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.3, H–C(2)); 3.49–3.35 (*m*, 9 H, 2 H–C(6), 2 H–C(5'), 2 MeOCH₂); 3.14 (s, MeSO₂); 2.16 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 10.2, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.7, H–C(3)); 1.51, 1.37 (2s, Me₂C); 0.90 (s, *t*-BuSi); 0.22, 0.15 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 109.8 (s, Me₂C); 100.8 (*d*, *J* = 182, C(1)); 96.9, 96.3 (2*t*, *J* = 162, MeOCH₂); 84.0 (*d*, *J* = 152), 79.1 (*d*, *J* = 136), 78.1 (*d*, *J* = 145), 77.8 (*d*, *J* = 158), 75.4 (*d*, *J* = 162), 72.3 (*d*, *J* = 147), 72.2 (*d*, *J* = 159, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'')); 67.9 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 56.0, 55.2 (2*q*, *J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 50.9 (*d*, *J* = 136, C(3)); 50.0 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5'')); 39.9 (*q*, *J* = 125, MeSO₂); 26.5 (*q*, *J* = 130, Me₃CSi); 25.7 (*q*, *J* = 125), 25.3 (*q*, *J* = 130, Me₂C); 17.8 (s, Me₃CSi); –4.4, –4.5 (2*q*, *J* = 119, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 641 (1, M⁺), 626 (2, [M – 15]⁺), 614 (1), 598 (3), 582 (4), 568 (24), 556 (10), 480 (3), 284 (43), 153 (38), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for C₂₅H₄₇N₃O₁₂SSi (641.810): C 46.79, H 7.38, N 6.55; found: C 46.64, H 7.53, N 6.31.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-(isopropylidene-α-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl)-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (78). As described for 75, with 77 (33 mg, 0.051 mmol), TLC control (AcOEt/MeOH 4:1): R_f (77) 0.22, *Pancaldi*: 15 mg (57%) of 78. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 196 (200). IR (film): 3350, 2930, 2100, 1630, 1470, 1370, 1255, 1210, 1155, 1115, 1085, 1045, 940, 920, 835, 755. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.50 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.2, H–C(1)); 4.78 (*dd*, ³*J*(3',4') = 5.9, ³*J*(3',2') = 1.5, H–C(3'')); 4.71 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.65 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.8, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.63 (*ddd*, ³*J*(4',3') = 5.9, ³*J*(4',5'b) = 4.4, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 1.5, H–C(4'')); 4.62 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.5, 1 H), 4.60 (*d*, ²*J* = 6.5, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.55 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.27 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 3.1, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.2, H–C(2)); 3.94 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 8.0, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.3, H–C(5)); 3.70 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',2') = 7.4, ³*J*(1',3') = 4.5, H–C(1'')); 3.44 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.3, H_a–C(6)); 3.42 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.38 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.0, ³*J*(6b,5) = 8.0, H_b–C(6)); 3.36 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.23 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',1') = 7.4, ³*J*(2',3') = 1.5, H–C(2'')); 2.98 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.2, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 1.5, H_a–C(5'')); 2.90 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.2, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 4.4, H_b–C(5'')); 2.06 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 4.5, ³*J*(3,2) = 3.1, H–C(3)); 1.47, 1.31 (2s, 6 H, Me₂C); 0.92 (s, 9 H, *t*-BuSi); 0.11, 0.10 (2s, Me₂Si). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 111.2 (s, Me₂C); 101.4 (*d*, *J* = 179, C(1)); 97.0, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 163, MeOCH₂); 82.9 (*d*, *J* = 154), 81.7 (*d*, *J* = 152), 81.3 (*d*, *J* = 138), 80.1 (*d*, *J* = 160), 78.6 (*d*, *J* = 139), 71.1 (*d*, *J* = 138), 68.1 (*d*, *J* = 158, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'')); 67.7 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 55.8, 55.3 (2*q*, *J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 52.7 (*t*, *J* = 142, C(5'')); 51.5 (*d*, *J* = 132, C(3)); 26.5 (*q*, *J* = 126, MeC); 25.9 (*q*, *J* = 125, Me₃CSi); 24.1 (*q*, *J* = 126, MeC); 18.1 (s, Me₃CSi); –3.7, –4.4 (2*q*, *J* = 118, Me₂Si). CI-MS (NH₃): 521 (31, [M + 2]⁺), 520 (44, [M + 1]⁺), 474 (5), 312 (10), 142 (100), 126 (28), 91 (19), 75 (30). Anal. calc. for C₂₄H₄₅NO₉Si (519.708): C 55.46, H 8.77; found: C 55.43, H 8.69.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3'[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-α-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (79). As described for 76, with 78 (15 mg, 0.029 mmol), TLC control (AcOEt/MeOH 9:1): R_f (79) 0.20, *Pancaldi*: 12 mg (95%) of 79. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 198 (1000). IR (film): 3415, 2935, 1640, 1455, 1375, 1210, 1155, 1115, 1045, 965, 915, 870, 800, 735. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.54 (*d*, ³*J*(1,2) = 2.4, H–C(1)); 4.81 (*dd*, ³*J*(3',4') = 5.9, ³*J*(3',2') = 2.2, H–C(3'')); 4.78, 4.75 (2*d*, ²*J* = 6.9, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.72 (*ddd*, ³*J*(4',3') = 5.9, ³*J*(4',5'a) = 4.2, ³*J*(4',5'b) = 1.9, H–C(4'')); 4.68 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.62 (s, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.06 (*dd*, ³*J*(2,3) = 2.6, ³*J*(2,1) = 2.4, H–C(2)); 3.99 (*dd*, ³*J*(5,6b) = 7.9, ³*J*(5,6a) = 5.3, H–C(5)); 3.53 (*dd*, ³*J*(1',3) = 8.0, ³*J*(1',2') = 6.9, H–C(1'')); 3.52 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.2, ³*J*(6a,5) = 5.3, H_a–C(6)); 3.44 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.39 (*dd*, ²*J* = 10.2, ³*J*(6b,5) = 7.9, H_b–C(6)); 3.36 (s, 1 MeOCH₂); 3.15 (*dd*, ³*J*(2',1') = 6.9, ³*J*(2',3') = 2.2, H–C(2'')); 3.08 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.2, ³*J*(5'b,4') = 1.9, H_b–C(5'')); 3.03 (*dd*, ²*J* = 13.2, ³*J*(5'a,4') = 4.2, H_a–C(5'')); 1.98 (*dd*, ³*J*(3,1') = 8.0, ³*J*(3,2) = 2.6, H–C(3)); 1.48, 1.33 (2s, Me₂C). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 111.5 (s, Me₂C); 100.0 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 97.0, 96.6 (2*t*, *J* = 160, MeOCH₂); 82.0 (*d*, *J* = 155), 81.6

(*d, J* = 154), 81.5 (*d, J* = 155), 81.2 (*d, J* = 163), 78.0 (*d, J* = 156), 70.4 (*d, J* = 134), 68.7 (*d, J* = 138, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'))); 67.7 (*t, J* = 144, C(6)); 55.8, 55.3 (2*q, J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 52.5 (*t, J* = 139, C(5'))); 50.8 (*d, J* = 132, C(3)); 26.6, 24.3 (2*q, J* = 130, Me₂C). CI-MS (NH₃): 423 (1, [M + 18]⁺), 407 (17, [M + 2]⁺), 406 (32, [M + 1]⁺), 339 (6), 280 (10), 213 (10), 142 (100), 126 (40), 94 (35). Anal. calc. for C₁₈H₃₁NO₉ (405.544): C 54.32, H 7.71, N 3.45; found: C 54.20, H 7.82, N 3.29.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-1',2'-anhydro-5'-azido-5'-deoxy-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-β-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**80**). At 0°, 1M Bu₄NF in THF (0.165 ml, 0.16 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred soln. of **74** (71 mg, 0.11 mmol) in anh. THF under Ar. After 10 min at 0°, DBU (33 μl, 0.30 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 20° for 5 h. The mixture was poured into ice-cold 1N aq. HCl (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1; *R_f* (**80**) 0.32, *Pancaldi*): 39 mg (80%) of **80**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 210 (3100). IR (film): 3425, 2960, 2105, 1450, 1370, 1260, 1220, 1150, 1040. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.57 (*d, ³J*(1,2) = 2.3, H-C(1)); 4.75 (*d, ²J* = 6.7, 1 H), 4.65 (*d, ²J* = 6.7, 1 H), 4.61 (*s, 2 H, MeOCH₂*); 4.56 (*br. s, H-C(4)*); 4.30 (*ddd, ³J*(4',3') = 6.6, ³J(4',5'a) = 5.9, ³J(4',5'b) = 5.6, H-C(4'))); 4.12 (*dd, ³J*(3',2') = 7.1, ³J(3',4') = 6.6, H-C(3'))); 4.11 (*dd, ³J*(2,3) = 2.6, ³J(2,1) = 2.3, H-C(2))); 3.92 (*dd, ³J*(5,6b) = 8.6, ³J(5,6a) = 4.9, H-C(5)); 3.55 (*dd, ²J* = 12.6, ³J(5'a,4') = 5.9, H_b-C(5'))); 3.48 (*dd, ²J* = 10.0, ³J(6a,5) = 4.9, H_a-C(6)); 3.46 (*dd, ²J* = 12.6, ³J(5'b,4') = 5.6, H_b-C(5'))); 3.42 (*s, 1 MeOCH₂*); 3.38 (*dd, ²J* = 10.0, ³J(6b,5) = 8.6, H_b-C(6)); 3.36 (*s, 1 MeOCH₂*); 3.15 (*dd, ³J*(2',3') = 7.1, ³J(2',1') = 4.1, H-C(2'))); 3.08 (*dd, ³J*(1',3) = 9.2, ³J(1',2') = 4.1, H-C(1'))); 1.76 (*dd, ³J*(3,1') = 9.2, ³J(3,2) = 2.6, H-C(3)); 1.53, 1.37 (2*s, Me₂C*). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 109.9 (*s, Me₂C*); 100.1 (*d, J* = 182, C(1)); 96.7, 96.5 (2*t, J* = 161, MeOCH₂); 83.0 (*d, J* = 153), 80.6 (*d, J* = 158), 77.8 (*d, J* = 164), 75.9 (*d, J* = 148), 75.4 (*d, J* = 148, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(3'), C(4'))); 67.4 (*t, J* = 144, C(6)); 57.3 (*d, J* = 175), 56.0 (*d, J* = 176, C(1'), C(2'))); 55.8, 53.3 (2*q, J* = 142, MeOCH₂); 50.8 (*t, J* = 146, C(5'))); 45.8 (*d, J* = 139, C(3)); 27.7, 25.3 (2*q, J* = 125, Me₂C). CI-MS (NH₃): 431 (1, M⁺), 416 (2), 258 (15), 298 (5), 269 (8), 169 (16), 142 (22), 123 (100), 111 (12), 95 (36), 81 (47), 71 (18). Anal. calc. for C₁₈H₂₉N₃O₉ (431.442): C 50.11, H 6.78, N 9.74; found: C 50.15, H 6.80, N 9.77.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3-[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-β-DL-ribitol-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**81**). A mixture of **80** (28 mg, 0.066 mmol), anh. MeOH (1 ml), HCOONH₄ (23 mg, 0.33 mmol), and 10% Pd/C (14 mg, 0.013 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 20 h. After filtration over Celite and rinsing with AcOEt (3 × 10 ml), the solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5; *R_f* (**81**) 0.20, *Pancaldi*): 18 mg (75%) of **81**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 193 (500). IR (film): 3500, 2935, 1440, 1375, 1210, 1150, 1115, 1040, 915, 875, 755. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.54 (*d, ³J*(1,2) = 2.4, H-C(1)); 4.76 (*d, ²J* = 5.5, 1 H, MeOCH₂); 4.75 (*dd, ³J*(4',3') = 5.6, ³J(4',5'a) = 4.2, H-C(4'))); 4.74 (*d, ²J* = 5.5, 1 H), 4.63, 4.61 (2*d, ²J* = 6.6, 2 H, MeOCH₂); 4.59 (*d, ³J*(3',4') = 5.6, H-C(3'))); 4.49 (*br. s, H-C(4)*); 4.04 (*dd, ³J*(2,3) = 2.9, ³J(2,1) = 2.4, H-C(2)); 3.97 (*dd, ³J*(5,6b) = 8.2, ³J(5,6a) = 5.2, H-C(5)); 3.47 (*dd, ²J* = 9.9, ³J(6a,5) = 5.2, H_a-C(6)); 3.45 (*dd, ³J*(1',3) = 6.9, ³J(1',2') = 6.5, H-C(1'))); 3.44 (*s, 1 MeOCH₂*); 3.40 (*dd, ²J* = 9.9, ³J(6b,5) = 8.2, H_b-C(6)); 3.36 (*s, 1 MeOCH₂*); 3.16 (*dm, ³J*(2',1') = 6.5, H-C(2'))); 3.07 (*d, ²J* = 13.4, H_b-C(5'))); 2.89 (*dd, ²J* = 13.4, ³J(5'a,4') = 4.2, H_a-C(5'))); 1.94 (*dd, 1 H, ³J*(3,1') = 6.9, ³J(3,2) = 2.9, H-C(3)); 1.47, 1.32 (2*s, 6 H, Me₂C*). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 111.1 (*s, Me₂C*); 100.1 (*d, J* = 180, C(1)); 97.0, 96.7 (2*t, J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 84.5 (*d, J* = 155), 82.6 (*d, J* = 153), 81.8 (*d, J* = 151), 80.6 (*d, J* = 160), 78.4 (*d, J* = 155), 70.1 (*d, J* = 167), 67.5 (*d, J* = 154, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'))); 67.7 (*t, J* = 144, C(6)); 55.8, 55.3 (2*q, J* = 143, MeOCH₂); 52.9 (*t, J* = 138, C(5'))); 50.0 (*d, J* = 131, C(3)); 26.4, 24.0 (2*q, J* = 127, Me₂C). CI-MS (NH₃): 406 (5, [M + 1]⁺), 390 (3), 374 (4), 360 (32), 298 (10), 238 (6), 142 (100), 126 (36), 84 (26). Anal. calc. for C₁₈H₃₁NO₉ (405.544): C 53.32, H 7.71; found: C 53.71, H 7.45.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-1',2'-anhydro-5'-azido-5'-deoxy-β-DL-ribitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**82**). At 0°, 1M Bu₄NF in THF (111 μl, 0.11 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred soln. of **73** (45 mg, 0.075 mmol) in anh. THF (0.75 ml). After stirring at 20° for 10 min (TLC control (AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:1); *R_f* (**73**) 0.18) and complete disappearance of **73**, DBU (22 μl, 0.150 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at 20° for 30 min. The mixture was poured into ice-cold 1N aq. HCl (20 ml) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO₄) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 4:1; *R_f* (**82**) 0.29, *Pancaldi*): 21 mg (71%) of **82**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 213 (510). IR (film): 3400, 2110, 1645, 1445, 1270, 1150, 1045, 865, 795. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.59 (*d, ³J*(1,2) = 2.4, H-C(1)); 4.72 (*d, ²J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.69 (*d, ²J* = 6.8, 1 H), 4.65, 4.63 (2*d, ²J* = 6.6, 2 MeOCH₂); 4.61 (*br. s, H-C(4)*); 4.13 (*dd, ³J*(2,3) = 2.5, ³J(2,1) = 2.4, H-C(2)); 3.99 (*ddd, ³J*(4',5'b) = 6.1, ³J(4',3') = 4.8, ³J(4',5'a) = 4.7, H-C(4'))); 3.96 (*dd, ³J*(5,6b) = 8.3, ³J(5,6a) = 4.7, H-C(5)); 3.61 (*dd, ³J*(3',2') = 7.9, ³J(3',4') = 4.8, H-C(3'))); 3.50 (*dd, ²J* = 10.4, ³J(5'a,4') = 4.7, H_a-C(5'))); 3.44–3.36 (*m, CH₂(6), H_b-C(5), 2 MeOCH₂*); 3.20 (*dd, ³J*(2',3') = 7.9, ³J(2',1') = 4.0, H-C(2'))); 3.06 (*dd, ³J*(1',3) = 9.4, ³J(1',2') = 4.0,

H–C(1''); 1.79 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 9.4$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.5$, H–C(3)). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 100.0 (d, $J = 181$, C(1)); 96.9, 96.7 (2t, $J = 164$, MeOCH_2); 83.2 (d, $J = 144$), 80.7 (d, $J = 158$), 78.0 (d, $J = 135$), 72.7 (d, $J = 144$), 69.5 (d, $J = 143$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(3'), C(4')); 68.3 (t, $J = 144$, C(6)); 57.5 (d, $J = 172$), 56.4 (d, $J = 173$, C(1'), C(2')); 55.8, 55.5 (2q, $J = 143$, MeOCH_2); 52.8 (t, $J = 143$, C(5')); 45.6 (d, $J = 136$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): 273 (2, $[M - 118]^+$), 213 (2), 169 (12), 123 (100), 111 (9), 95 (35), 81 (33), 72 (14). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}_9$ (391.377): C 46.03, H 6.44, N 10.74; found: C 46.18, H 6.51, N 10.62.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-[(1'SR)-1',2'-anhydro-5'-azido-5'-deoxy-3',4'-O-isopropylidene-LD-ribose-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**83**). A mixture of **82** (21 mg, 0.054 mmol), $\text{Me}_2\text{C}(\text{OMe})_2$ (0.3 ml), and camphorsulfonic acid (2.5 mg, 0.011 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 30 min; TLC control (AcOEt/petroleum ether 4:1): R_f (**82**) 0.29, R_f (**83**) 0.63, *Pancaldi*). After disappearance of **82**, the mixture was poured into ice-cold, sat. aq. NaHCO_3 soln. (25 ml) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 ml). The combined org. extract was dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/light petroleum ether 2:1; R_f (**83**) 0.45): 19 mg (70%) of **83**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 209 (1400). IR (film): 3460, 2935, 2100, 1455, 1370, 1220, 1150, 1040, 865, 795, 735. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.64 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 4.78, 4.74 (2d, $^2J = 6.5$, 2 H), 4.71 (s, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.70 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.49 (ddd, $^3J(4',5'a) = 6.5$, $^3J(4',3') = 6.1$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 4.3$, H–C(4')); 4.16 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 2.4$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 4.06 (dd, $^3J(5,6b) = 7.6$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.2$, H–C(5)); 3.96 (dd, $^3J(3',2') = 8.7$, $^3J(3',4') = 6.1$, H–C(3')); 3.73 (dd, $^2J = 12.7$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 4.3$, H_b –C(5')); 3.69 (dd, $^2J = 12.7$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 6.5$, H_a –C(5')); 3.59 (dd, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.2$, H_a –C(6)); 3.54 (dd, $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6b,5) = 7.6$, H_b –C(6)); 3.53, 3.48 (2s, 2 MeOCH_2); 3.25 (dd, $^3J(2',3') = 8.7$, $^3J(2',1') = 3.9$, H–C(2')); 3.20 (dd, $^3J(1',3) = 8.9$, $^3J(1',2') = 3.9$, H–C(1')). 1.85 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 8.9$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.4$, H–C(3)); 1.71, 1.54 (2s, Me_2C). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 110.0 (s, Me_2C); 100.1 (d, $J = 188$, C(1)); 96.7, 96.5 (2t, $J = 166$, MeOCH_2); 83.0 (d, $J = 150$), 80.6 (d, $J = 161$), 77.9 (d, $J = 154$), 76.5 (d, $J = 149$), 74.4 (d, $J = 148$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(3'), C(4')); 67.8 (t, $J = 143$, C(6)); 57.6 (d, $J = 174$, C(1'), C(2')); 55.8, 53.3 (2 q, $J = 142$, MeOCH_2); 54.0 (d, $J = 178$, C(1'), C(2')); 50.3 (t, $J = 142$, C(5')); 45.4 (d, $J = 135$, C(3)); 27.6 (q, $J = 128$), 25.0 (q, $J = 128$, Me_2C). CI-MS (NH_3): 416 (4, $[M - 15]^+$), 328 (2), 298 (2), 269 (6), 213 (2), 169 (14), 123 (100), 101 (19), 95 (24), 81 (26). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_9$ (431.442): C 50.11, H 6.78, N 9.74; found: C 50.21, H 6.87, N 9.74.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3'[(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-isopropylidene- β -LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**84**). As described for **81**, with **83** (22 mg, 0.051 mmol), MeOH (0.8 ml), HCOONH_4 835 mg, 0.51 mmol, and 10% Pd/C (11 mg, 0.01 mmol) (R_f (**84**) 0.18): 13 mg (63%) of **84**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 195 (780). IR (film): 3480, 2935, 1640, 1375, 1210, 1155, 1040, 915, 735. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.52 (d, $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, H–C(1)); 4.84 (d, $^2J = 6.6$, 1 H, MeOCH_2); 4.73 (dd, $^3J(4',3') = 5.7$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 3.9$, H–C(4')); 4.68 (dd, $^3J(3',4') = 5.7$, $^3J(3',2') = 4.1$, H–C(3)); 4.64 (d, $^2J = 6.6$, 1 H), 4.61 (s, 2 H, 2 MeOCH_2); 4.44 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.08 (dd, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.3$, H–C(2)); 4.02 (dd, $^3J(5,6b) = 7.7$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.3$, H–C(5)); 3.99 (dd, $^3J(1',3) = 9.1$, $^3J(1',2') = 2.5$, H–C(1')); 3.47 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.3$, H_a –C(6)); 3.42 (s, MeOCH_2); 3.41 (dd, $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6b,5) = 7.7$, H_b –C(6)); 3.35 (s, 1 MeOCH_2); 3.20 (d, $^2J = 13.5$, H_b –C(5')); 2.78 (dd, $^3J(2',3') = 4.1$, $^3J(2',1') = 2.5$, H–C(2')); 2.69 (dd, $^2J = 13.5$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 3.9$, H_a –C(5')); 2.04 (dd, $^3J(3,1') = 9.1$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, H–C(3)); 1.48, 1.33 (2s, Me_2C). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 111.3 (s, Me_2C); 100.5 (d, $J = 174$, C(1)); 96.7, 96.1 (2t, $J = 163$, MeOCH_2); 83.2 (d, $J = 156$), 82.1 (d, $J = 154$), 81.3 (d, $J = 143$), 79.9 (d, $J = 157$), 78.0 (d, $J = 158$, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 69.4 (d, $J = 143$, C(2'), C(5)); 67.9 (t, $J = 144$, C(6)); 64.1 (d, $J = 136$, C(2'), C(5)); 55.7, 55.3 (2q, $J = 144$, MeOCH_2); 52.1 (t, $J = 143$, C(5')); 50.6 (d, $J = 134$, C(3)); 25.6, 23.4 (2q, $J = 128$, Me_2C). CI-MS (NH_3): 406 (5, $[M + 1]^+$), 390 (4), 374 (6), 360 (46), 298 (21), 238 (7), 142 (100), 126 (52), 84 (31). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{31}\text{NO}_9$ (405.544): C 54.32, H 7.71, N 3.45; found: C 54.40, H 7.84, N 3.52.

($\pm$)-(1RS,2SR,6SR,7SR,8RS,8aSR)-2,3,6,7,8,8a-Hexahydro-1,2,6,8-tetrahydroxy-7-[(1'SR,2'SR)-1',2',3'-trihydroxypropyl]-1H-indolizinium Cation (**85**) and ($\pm$)-(1RS,2SR,6SR,7RS,8RS,8aSR)-1,2,3,5,6,7,8,8a-Octahydro-7-[(1'SR,2'SR)-1',2',3'-trihydroxypropyl]indolizine-1,2,6,8-tetrol (**14**). Pyrrolidine **76** (26 mg, 0.06 mmol) was dissolved in 3M DCl in D_2O (0.8 ml). After 3 h at 20° , K_2CO_3 was added until pH 8. ^1H -NMR of the soln.: signals of **85** (single product formed). Then, 1N aq. HCl was added until pH 2, and the soln. was filtered through a column of Dowex50Wx8 resin (MeOH, H_2O , then 0.5M NH_3 in H_2O (*Pancaldi*). After lyophilization, 11 mg (64%) of **14** was obtained.

Data of **85**: ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, D_2O , 310 K): 4.81 (br. s, H–C(5)); 4.34 (ddd, $^3J(2, \text{H}_a\text{--C}(3)) = 7.6$, $^3J(2,1) = 5.4$, $^3J(2, \text{H}_b\text{--C}(3)) = 2.8$, H–C(2)); 4.18 (dd, $^3J(1,2) = 5.4$, $^3J(1,8a) = 3.5$, H–C(1)); 4.13 (d, $^3J(1',2') = 6.6$, H–C(1')); 4.08 (dd, $^3J(8,8a) = 9.2$, $^3J(7,8) = 2.8$, H–C(8)); 3.90 (br. s, H–C(6)); 3.88 (ddd, $^3J(2', \text{H}_b\text{--C}(3')) = 7.1$, $^3J(2',1') = 6.6$, $^3J(2', \text{H}_a\text{--C}(3')) = 3.8$, H–C(2')); 3.71 (dd, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3'),2') = 3.8$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3')$); 3.53 (dd, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3'),2') = 7.1$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3')$); 2.96 (dd, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3),2) = 7.6$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3)$); 2.70 (dd, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3),2) = 2.8$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3)$); 2.61 (d, $^3J(7,8) = 2.8$,

H–C(7)); 2.38 (*ddd*, $^3J(8,8a) = 9.2$, $^3J(1,8a) = 3.5$, H–C(8a)). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, D_2O , 310 K): 92.2 (*d*, $J = 167$, C(5)); 81.4 (*d*, $J = 147$, C(1')); 76.6 (*d*, $J = 160$, C(6)); 75.9 (*d*, $J = 147$, C(2')); 72.7 (*d*, $J = 145$, C(2)); 70.8 (*d*, $J = 163$, C(1)); 66.8 (*d*, $J = 160$, C(8)); 66.5 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(8a)); 65.7 (*t*, $J = 144$, C(3')); 56.3 (*t*, $J = 145$, C(3)); 52.9 (*d*, $J = 143$, C(7)).

Data of 14: Colorless powder. IR (KBr): 3410, 1655, 1125, 1035, 670, 620. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, D_2O , 310 K): 4.43 (*ddd*, $^3J(2, \text{H}_a\text{--C}(3)) = 7.8$, $^3J(2,1) = 5.9$, $^3J(2, \text{H}_b\text{--C}(3)) = 3.4$, H–C(2)); 4.25 (*dd*, $^3J(1,2) = 5.9$, $^3J(1,8a) = 4.0$, H–C(1)); 4.20–4.17 (*m*, H–C(8), H–C(6)); 4.14 (*dd*, $^3J(1',7) = 8.3$, $^3J(1',2') = 1.6$, H–C(1')); 3.87 (*ddd*, $^3J(2', \text{H}_b\text{--C}(3')) = 7.2$, $^3J(2', \text{H}_a\text{--C}(3')) = 5.1$, $^3J(2',1') = 1.6$, H–C(2')); 3.70 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.4$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3'),2') = 5.1$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3')$); 3.67 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.4$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3'),2') = 7.2$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3')$); 3.08 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.5$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(5),6) = 3.8$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(5)$); 2.96 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3),2) = 7.8$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3)$); 2.88 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3),2) = 3.4$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3)$); 2.82 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.5$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(5),6) = 6.9$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(5)$); 2.78 (*dd*, $^3J(8,8a) = 6.4$, $^3J(1,8a) = 4.0$, H–C(8a)); 2.38 (*ddd*, $^3J = 8.3$, 4.2, 3.8, H–C(7)). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, D_2O , 310 K): 72.8 (*d*, $J = 175$, C(2')); 71.0 (*d*, $J = 171$, C(1)); 70.1 (*d*, $J = 168$, C(2)); 68.7 (*d*, $J = 153$, C(8a)); 68.6 (*d*, $J = 145$, C(1')); 66.6 (*d*, $J = 150$, C(6)); 66.3 (*d*, $J = 149$, C(8)); 64.1 (*t*, $J = 141$, C(3')); 60.2 (*t*, $J = 142$, C(3)); 57.3 (*t*, $J = 151$, C(5)); 42.6 (*d*, $J = 126$, C(7)). For elemental analysis, see **86**.

($\pm$)-1,2,6,8-tetra-*l*-triacetoxypyranyl-indolizine-1,2,6,8-tetracyclotetrate (**86**). A mixture of **14** (4 mg, 0.014 mmol), DMAP (2 mg), pyridine (0.5 ml), and Ac_2O (0.5 ml) was allowed to stand at 20° for 24 h. The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/MeOH 98:2; R_f (**86**) 0.60, *Pancaldi*): 4.4 mg (54%) of **86**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 1745, 1435, 1375, 1230, 1035, 755. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.51 (*dd*, $^3J = 9.1$, 2.9, H–C(1')); 5.44 (*dd*, $^3J = 6.2$, 4.5, H–C(1)); 5.34–5.27 (*m*, H–C(2), H–C(8), H–C(6)); 5.23 (*m*, H–C(2')); 4.26 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3'),2') = 4.4$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3')$); 3.87 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3'),2') = 7.2$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3')$); 3.39 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.0$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(5),6) = 6.6$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(5)$); 3.04 (*dd*, $^2J = 11.4$, $^3J(\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3),2) = 2.6$, $\text{H}_a\text{--C}(3)$); 2.66–2.54 (*m*, H–C(7), H–C(8a), $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(3)$); 2.38 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.0$, $^3J(\text{H}_b\text{--C}(5),6) = 4.1$, $\text{H}_b\text{--C}(5)$). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl_3): 69.9–67.7 (7s, 7 CO); 71.1 (*d*, $J = 146$), 70.5 (*d*, $J = 143$), 69.6 (*d*, $J = 148$), 67.5 (*d*, $J = 150$), 66.5 (*d*, $J = 153$), 66.0 (*d*, $J = 145$), 65.7 (*d*, $J = 142$, C(1), C(2), C(6), C(8), C(8a), C(1'), C(2')); 62.8 (*t*, $J = 150$), 58.0 (*t*, $J = 143$), 54.8 (*t*, $J = 140$, C(3), C(5), C(3')); 37.7 (*d*, $J = 129$, C(7)); 21.0–20.4 (7q, $J = 130.7$, MeCO). CI-MS (NH_3): 574 (100, $[M + 1]^+$), 514 (2), 453 (4), 334 (1), 216 (1), 167 (1), 77 (2). Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{35}\text{NO}_{14}$ (573.548): C 52.35, H 6.15, N 2.44; found: C 52.40, H 6.02, N 2.39.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3- $\{[(1'SR)-5'$ -azido-1'-O- $\{[(\text{tert-butyl})\text{dimethylsilyl}]-5'$ -deoxy-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**87**)]-2'-O-(methylsulfonyl)-LD-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**88**). As described for **87**, with **73** (139 mg, 0.23 mmol) (TLC ($\text{AcOEt}/\text{light petroleum ether}$ 1:1): R_f (**73**) 0.11, R_f (**88**) 0.45, *Pancaldi*). 118 mg (74%) of **88**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 213 (550). IR (film): 2935, 2110, 1470, 1360, 1260, 1155, 1045, 835, 780. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 5.51 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, H–C(1)); 4.85 (*dd*, $^3J(2',3') = 4.4$,

$^3J(2',1') = 4.2$, $H-C(2'')$; 4.81–4.58 (m , $H-C(4)$, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 4.20 (dd , $^3J(3',4') = 5.4$, $^3J(3',2') = 4.4$, $H-C(3'')$); 4.00 (dd , $^3J(1',3) = 9.1$, $^3J(1',2') = 4.2$, $H-C(1'')$); 3.94–3.91 (m , $H-C(5)$, $H-C(4'')$); 3.76 (dd , $^3J(2,3) = 2.6$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.3$, $H-C(2)$); 3.63 (dd , $^2J = 13.2$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 3.5$, $H_a-C(5'')$); 3.58 (dd , $^2J = 13.2$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 5.0$, $H_b-C(5'')$); 3.45 (dd , $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.3$, $H_a-C(6)$); 3.43, 3.42, 3.41 (3s, 3 $MeOCH_2$); 3.37 (dd , $^2J = 10.2$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.3$, $H_b-C(6)$); 3.34 (s, 1 $MeOCH_2$); 3.11 (s, $MeSO_2$); 2.15 (dd , $^3J(3,1') = 9.1$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.6$, $H-C(3)$); 0.84 (s, t -BuSi); 0.18, 0.13 (2s, Me_2Si). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 100.6 (d , $J = 182$, C(1)); 98.4, 97.7, 96.9, 96.5 (4t, $J = 163$, $MeOCH_2$); 83.2 (d , $J = 151$), 79.9 (d , $J = 151$), 79.8 (d , $J = 150$), 77.7 (d , $J = 143$), 77.4 (d , $J = 161$), 74.6 (d , $J = 139$), 72.2 (d , $J = 141$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'')); 67.6 (t , $J = 143$, C(6)); 56.6, 56.1, 55.9, 55.2 (4q, $J = 142$, $MeOCH_2$); 51.1 (t , $J = 143$, C(5'')); 49.6 (d , $J = 139$, C(3)); 38.7 (q , $J = 138$, $MeSO_2$); 25.8 (q , $J = 125$, Me_3CSi); 17.8 (s, Me_3CSi); –4.2, –4.8 (2q, $J = 119$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 707 (1, $[M + 18]^+$), 530 (2), 386 (2), 271 (7), 231 (7), 197 (10), 153 (24), 73 (100). Anal. calc. for $C_{26}H_{51}N_3O_{14}Si$ (689.851): C 45.27, H 7.45, N 6.09; found: C 45.29, H 7.30, N 6.08.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3- β -(1'SR)-1'-O-[(tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl]-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -LD-ribose-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**89**). A mixture of **88** (58 mg, 0.084 mmol), anh. MeOH (1 ml), $HCOONH_4$ (16 mg, 0.17 mmol), and 5% Pd/C (36 mg, 0.017 mmol) was shaken vigorously at 20° for 1 h. The catalyst was filtered off and washed with AcOEt (3 $\times$ 20 ml). The solvent was evaporated and the residue taken up in anh. DMF (1 ml) under Ar. Fresh flame-dried K_2CO_3 (23 mg, 0.163 mmol) was added and the mixture heated to 50° for 13 h. The solvent was evaporated at 10^{-1} Torr and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$ 95:5; R_f (**89**) 0.50, *Pancaldi*): 30 mg (63%) of **89**. Colorless oil. UV (MeCN): 200 (1500). IR (film): 2930, 2355, 1470, 1255, 1215, 1040, 920, 835, 755. 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 5.48 (d , $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, $H-C(1)$); 4.73, 4.71 (2s, 4 H), 4.64–4.59 (m , 4 H, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 4.42 (br. s, $H-C(4)$); 4.16–4.08 (m , $H-C(2)$, $H-C(3')$, $H-C(4'')$); 3.93 (dd , $^3J(5,6b) = 7.6$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.5$, $H-C(5)$); 3.65 (dd , $^3J(1',3) = 6.1$, $^3J(1',2') = 5.2$, $H-C(1'')$); 3.46–3.35 (m , $CH_2(6)$, $H-C(2')$, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 3.13–3.04 (m , $CH_2(5'')$); 2.07 (dd , $^3J(3,1') = 6.1$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.1$, $H-C(3)$); 1.63 (br. s, NH); 0.91 (s, t -BuSi); 0.13, 0.11 (2s, Me_2Si). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 100.7 (d , $J = 180$, C(1)); 96.9, 96.6, 96.1, 95.9 (4t, $J = 163$, $MeOCH_2$); 81.7 (d , $J = 150$), 80.6 (d , $J = 152$), 78.2 (d , $J = 154$), 77.1, 76.7 (d , $J = 150$), 73.9 (d , $J = 151$, C(2), C(4), C(1'), C(2'), C(3'), C(4'')); 67.9 (t , $J = 139$, C(6)); 65.0 (d , $J = 138$, C(5)); 55.9, 55.8, 55.6, 55.3 (4q, $J = 143$, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 50.3 (d , $J = 132$, C(3)); 49.0 (t , $J = 141$, C(5'')); 26.0 (q , $J = 125$, Me_3CSi), 18.1 (s, Me_3CSi); –3.8, –4.1 (2q, $J = 119$, Me_2Si). CI-MS (NH_3): 568 (12, $[M + 1]^+$), 522 (30), 460 (5), 336 (4), 190 (82), 158 (13), 114 (31), 75 (100). Anal. calc. for $C_{25}H_{49}NO_{11}Si$ (567.749): C 52.89, H 8.70, N 2.47; found: C 52.95, H 8.74, N 2.48.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3- β -(1'SR)-1'-O-2'-anhydro-5'-azido-5'-deoxy-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-LD-ribose-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**90**). A mixture of **88** (262 mg, 0.38 mmol), anh. THF (5 ml), and 1M Bu_4NF in THF (0.76 ml, 0.76 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 10 min. The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; R_f (**90**) 0.13, *Pancaldi*): 175 mg (96%) of **90**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 3455, 2940, 2105, 1635, 1445, 1150, 1110, 1040, 920, 870. 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 5.57 (d , $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, $H-C(1)$); 4.79 (d , $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.74 (d , $^2J = 6.8$, 1 H), 4.70 (d , $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.68 (s, 2 H), 4.63 (d , $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.60 (s, 2 H, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 4.54 (br. s, $H-C(4)$); 4.06 (dd , $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, $H-C(2)$); 3.96 (ddd , $^3J(4',5'a) = 7.5$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 4.9$, $^3J(4',3') = 2.6$, $H-C(4'')$); 3.94 (dd , $^3J(5,6b) = 7.8$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.4$, $H-C(5)$); 3.62 (dd , $^3J(3',2') = 8.4$, $^3J(3',4') = 2.6$, $H-C(3'')$); 3.60 (dd , $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 7.5$, $H-C(5'')$); 3.47 (dd , $^2J = 11.8$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 4.9$, $H_b-C(5'')$); 3.45 (dd , $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.4$, $H_a-C(6)$); 3.42, 3.39, 3.37, 3.34 (4s, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 3.38 (dd , $^2J = 9.8$, $^3J(6b,5) = 7.8$, $H_b-C(6)$); 3.17 (dd , $^3J(2',3') = 8.4$, $^3J(2',1') = 3.8$, $H-C(2'')$); 3.03 (dd , $^3J(1',3) = 9.7$, $^3J(1',2') = 3.8$, $H-C(1'')$); 1.74 (dd , $^3J(3,1') = 9.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.5$, $H-C(3)$). ^{13}C -NMR (100.6 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 100.0 (d , $J = 181$, C(1)); 96.9, 96.5, 96.2, 95.8 (t , $J = 163$, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 82.5 (d , $J = 147$), 80.4 (d , $J = 163$), 77.8 (d , $J = 146$), 77.7 (d , $J = 150$), 73.6 (d , $J = 144$, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(4'')); 67.5 (t , $J = 144$, C(6)); 57.7 (d , $J = 175$), 56.3 (d , $J = 177$, C(1'), C(2'')); 55.8, 55.7, 55.6, 55.2 (4q, $J = 142$, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 51.2 (t , $J = 143$, C(5'')); 45.2 (d , $J = 137$, C(3)). CI-MS (NH_3): 498 (42, $[M + 19]^+$), 497 (100, $[M + 18]^+$), 454 (8), 421 (5), 395 (4), 169 (3), 123 (6), 81 (13), 74 (13). Anal. calc. for $C_{19}H_{33}N_3O_{11}$ (479.483): C 47.59, H 6.94, N 8.76; found: C 47.43, H 7.04, N 8.73.

($\pm$)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3- β -(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-O-(methoxymethyl)- β -DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)- α -DL-galactopyranose (**91**). A mixture of **90** (43 mg, 0.090 mmol), anh. MeOH (1.5 ml), $HCOONH_4$ (28 mg, 0.45 mmol), and 5% Pd/C (19 mg, 0.009 mmol) was agitated vigorously at 20° for 20 h. The catalyst was filtered off (*Celite*) and rinsed with AcOEt (3 $\times$ 10 ml). The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO_2 , $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$ 95:5; R_f (**91**) 0.20, *Pancaldi*): 27 mg (65%) of **91**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 3425, 2940, 1650, 1445, 1155, 1035, 920, 805. 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$): 5.52 (d , $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, $H-C(1)$); 4.83 (d , $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.80 (d , $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.74–4.59 (m , 6 H, 4 $MeOCH_2$); 4.46 (br. s, $H-C(4)$); 4.30 (dd , $^3J(3',4') = 7.2$, $^3J(3',2') = 4.4$, $H-C(3'')$); 4.17 (ddd , $^3J(4',3') = 7.2$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 4.3$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 3.6$,

H–C(4''); 4.07 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.6$, $^3J(2,1') = 2.3$, H–C(2)); 3.98 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 7.7$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.3$, H–C(5)); 3.85 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.4$, $^3J(1',2') = 0.8$, H–C(1')); 3.47 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.1$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.3$, H_a–C(6)); 3.41, 3.40, 3.38, 3.35 (4s, 4 MeOCH₂); 3.41–3.35 (*m*, H–C(2'), H_b–C(6)); 3.15 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.2$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 3.6$, H_a–C(5')); 2.93 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.2$, $^3J(5'b,H-C(4')) = 4.3$, H_b–C(5')); 1.89 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.4$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.6$, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 100.5 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 196.7, 96.6, 96.1, 96.0 (*t*, *J* = 163, 4 MeOCH₂); 81.5 (*d*, *J* = 157), 79.9 (*d*, *J* = 157), 78.2 (*d*, *J* = 166), 78.1 (*d*, *J* = 154), 76.6 (*d*, *J* = 144), 68.3 (*d*, *J* = 144, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.5 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 59.7 (*d*, *J* = 135, C(2')); 56.1, 55.8, 55.7, 55.3 (4q, *J* = 142, 4 MeOCH₂); 50.2 (*d*, *J* = 135, C(3)); 49.2 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5')). CI-MS (NH₃): 454 (14, [M + 1]⁺), 422 (13), 408 (44), 346 (9), 286 (5), 190 (100), 158 (11), 114 (32), 81 (19). Anal. calc. for C₁₉H₃₅NO₁₁ (453.483): C 50.32, H 7.78; found: C 50.17, H 7.85.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3'-(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**92**). As described for **89**, with **87** (346 mg, 0.50 mmol) in anhyd. MeOH (6 ml); heating with K₂CO₃ in anhyd. DMF to 50° for 20 h. Then, addition of 1M Bu₄NF (0.8 ml, 0.8 mmol) and stirring for 20 min at 20°. FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/MeOH 9:1; *R_f* (**92**) 0.15, *Pancaldi*): 181 mg (80%) of **92**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 3485, 2945, 2895, 1640, 1445, 1150, 1115, 1045, 915. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.48 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.2$, H–C(1)); 4.80–4.56 (*m*, 4 MeOCH₂, H–C(4)); 4.22 (*dd*, $^3J(3',2') = 4.4$, $^3J(3',2'') = 4.2$, H–C(3')); 4.22 (*ddd*, $^3J(4',5'a) = 8.0$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 7.4$, $^3J(4',3') = 4.2$, H–C(4')); 4.11 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 3.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.2$, H–C(2)); 3.93 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 7.9$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.1$, H–C(5)); 3.92 (*dd*, $^3J(1',2') = 8.9$, $^3J(1',3) = 4.7$, H–C(1')); 3.41–3.27 (*m*, 2 H–C(6), 4 MeOCH₂); 3.17 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.9$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 7.4$, H_b–C(5')); 3.13 (*dd*, $^3J(2',1') = 8.9$, $^3J(2',3') = 4.4$, H–C(3)); 2.94 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.9$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 8.0$, H_a–C(5')); 1.96 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 4.7$, $^3J(3,2) = 3.5$, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 100.0 (*d*, *J* = 181, C(1)); 97.7, 96.7, 96.5, 96.0 (4t, *J* = 164, MeOCH₂); 81.0 (*d*, *J* = 166), 80.8 (*d*, *J* = 148), 78.6 (*d*, *J* = 154), 77.8 (*d*, *J* = 148), 70.6 (*d*, *J* = 145, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3), C(4')); 67.8 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(6)); 61.9 (*d*, *J* = 135, C(2')); 56.0, 55.7, 55.5, 55.2 (4q, *J* = 142, 4 MeOCH₂); 49.1 (*d*, *J* = 131, C(3)); 48.5 (*t*, *J* = 138, C(5')). CI-MS (NH₃): 454 (5, [M + 1]⁺), 422 (14), 408 (58), 346 (12), 284 (62), 190 (100), 158 (16), 114 (41), 82 (38). Anal. calc. for C₁₉H₃₅NO₁₁ (453.483): C 50.32, H 7.78, N 3.09; found: C 50.27, H 7.88, N 3.11.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3'-(1'SR)-1',2'-anhydro-5'-azido-5'-deoxy-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-DL-arabinitol-1'-C-yl]-3-deoxy-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**93**). A mixture of **87** (353 mg, 0.51 mmol), anhyd. THF (6 ml), and 1M Bu₄NF in THF (1 ml, 1 mmol) was stirred at 20° for 10 min under Ar. The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/light petroleum ether 1:2; *R_f* (**93**) 0.11, *Pancaldi*): 234 mg (96%) of **93**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 3440, 2945, 2105, 1645, 1445, 1150, 1105, 1035, 920, 865. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.55 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.4$, H–C(1)); 4.91 (*d*, $^2J = 6.5$, 1 H), 4.77 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.73 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.70 (*d*, $^2J = 6.9$, 1 H), 4.65 (*d*, $^2J = 6.7$, 1 H), 4.64 (*d*, $^2J = 6.5$, 1 H), 4.58 (s, 2 H, 4 MeOCH₂); 4.51 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.07 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.5$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.4$, H–C(2)); 3.96 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.2$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.2$, H–C(5)); 3.74 (*ddd*, $^3J(4',3') = 7.4$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 3.8$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 3.0$, H–C(4)); 3.71 (*dd*, $^3J(3',2') = 8.4$, $^3J(3',4') = 7.4$, H–C(3')); 3.64 (*dd*, $^2J = 13.2$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 3.0$, H_a–C(5')); 3.47 (*dd*, $^2J = 13.2$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 3.8$, H_b–C(5')); 3.45 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.2$, H_a–C(6)); 3.41, 3.40, 3.38, 3.32 (4s, 4 MeOCH₂); 3.37 (*dd*, $^2J = 9.9$, $^3J(6b,5) = 8.2$, H_b–C(6)); 3.10 (*dd*, $^3J(2',3') = 8.4$, $^3J(2',1') = 4.1$, H–C(2')); 2.98 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.9$, $^3J(1',2') = 4.1$, H–C(1')); 1.71 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.9$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.5$, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃): 100.0 (*d*, *J* = 183, C(1)); 96.4, 96.2, 95.9 (3t, *J* = 164, 4 MeOCH₂); 82.2 (*d*, *J* = 149), 80.4 (*d*, *J* = 163), 77.5 (*d*, *J* = 156), 76.4 (*d*, *J* = 138), 73.6 (*d*, *J* = 146, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(3), C(4')); 67.2 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 59.6 (*d*, *J* = 172); 56.7 (*d*, *J* = 175, C(1'), C(2')); 55.9, 55.6, 55.1 (3q, *J* = 142, 4 MeOCH₂); 50.1 (*t*, *J* = 143, C(5')); 45.8 (*d*, *J* = 137, C(3)). CI-MS (NH₃): 498 (9, [M + 19]⁺), 498 (100, [M + 18]⁺), 454 (4), 420 (20), 394 (2), 280 (2), 169 (4), 123 (6), 81 (18). Anal. calc. for C₁₉H₃₃N₃O₁₁ (479.483): C 47.59, H 6.94, N 8.76; found: C 47.65, H 6.85, N 8.79.

(±)-1,4-Anhydro-3-deoxy-3'-(1'SR)-2',5'-dideoxy-2',5'-imino-3',4'-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-β-DL-ribose-1'-C-yl]-2,6-bis-O-(methoxymethyl)-α-DL-galactopyranose (**94**). A mixture of **93** (237 mg, 0.494 mmol), anhyd. MeOH (6 ml), HCOONH₄ (93 mg, 1.48 mmol), and 5% Pd/C (210 mg, 0.10 mmol) was agitated vigorously at 20° for 4 h. The catalyst was filtered off over *Celite* and rinsed with AcOEt (3 × 40 ml). The solvent was evaporated and the residue purified by FC (SiO₂, AcOEt/MeOH 9:1; *R_f* (**94**) 0.09, *Pancaldi*): 165 mg (74%) of **94**. Colorless oil. IR (film): 3430, 2945, 2825, 1645, 1445, 1215, 1150, 1040, 915, 875. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 5.48 (*d*, $^3J(1,2) = 2.3$, H–C(1)); 4.75–4.67 (*m*, 6 H), 4.59–4.56 (*m*, 2 H, 4 MeOCH₂); 4.44 (br. s, H–C(4)); 4.10 (*ddd*, $^3J(4',3') = 7.9$, $^3J(4',5'b) = 3.4$, $^3J(4',5'a) = 1.9$, H–C(4')); 4.03 (*dd*, $^3J(3',4') = 7.9$, $^3J(3',2') = 4.2$, H–C(3')); 3.97 (*dd*, $^3J(2,3) = 2.7$, $^3J(2,1) = 2.3$, H–C(2)); 3.88 (*dd*, $^3J(5,6b) = 8.2$, $^3J(5,6a) = 5.1$, H–C(5)); 3.46 (*dd*, $^3J(1',3) = 9.1$, $^3J(1',2') = 0.8$, H–C(1')); 3.43 (*dd*, $^2J = 10.0$, $^3J(6a,5) = 5.1$, H_a–C(6)); 3.41–3.31 (*m*, MeOCH₂, H–C(2'), H_b–C(6)); 3.16 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.6$, $^3J(5'a,4') = 1.9$, H_a–C(5')); 2.94 (*dd*, $^2J = 12.6$, $^3J(5'b,4') = 3.4$, H_b–C(5')); 1.72 (*dd*, $^3J(3,1') = 9.1$, $^3J(3,2) = 2.7$, H–C(3)). ¹³C-NMR (100.6 MHz, CDCl₃):

100.2 (*d*, *J* = 180, C(1)); 96.7, 96.6, 95.9 (3*t*, *J* = 163, 4 MeOCH₂); 82.2 (*d*, *J* = 148), 79.5 (*d*, *J* = 146), 79.2 (*d*, *J* = 145), 78.0 (*d*, *J* = 160), 76.6 (*d*, *J* = 148), 69.5 (*d*, *J* = 146, C(2), C(4), C(5), C(1'), C(3'), C(4')); 67.7 (*t*, *J* = 144, C(6)); 61.3 (*d*, *J* = 139, C(2')); 55.7, 55.6, 55.2 (3*q*, *J* = 142, 4 MeOCH₂); 52.0 (*d*, *J* = 133, C(3)); 50.2 (*t*, *J* = 140, C(5')). CI-MS (NH₃): 454 (17, [*M* + 1]⁺), 422 (6), 408 (17), 346 (14), 286 (2), 220 (9), 190 (100), 158 (12), 114 (33), 81 (19). Anal. calc. for C₁₀H₃₅NO₁₁ (453.483): C 50.32, H 7.78, N 3.09; found: C 50.38, H 7.78, N 3.06.

REFERENCES

- [1] a) K. Kraehenbuehl, S. Picasso, P. Vogel, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **1997**, 7, 893; b) K. Kraehenbuehl, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1995**, 36, 8595; c) K. Kraehenbuehl, Ph.D. Thesis, Université de Lausanne, 1997; d) IUPAC/IUBMB, *Pure Appl. Chem.* **1996**, 68, 1919.
- [2] See, e.g. R. Schauer, *Adv. Carbohydr. Chem. Biochem.* **1982**, 40, 131; A. E. Stütz, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **1982**, 40, 131; T. W. Rademacher, R. B. Parekh, R. A. Dwek, *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* **1988**, 57, 785; O. Hindsgaul, D. P. Khare, M. Bach, R. U. Lemieux, *Can. J. Chem.* **1985**, 63, 2653; T. Feizi, 'Carbohydrate Recognition in Cellular Function', Ciba Geigy Symposium 145, Wiley, Chichester, 1989, p. 62; R. Kornfeld, S. Kornfeld, *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* **1985**, 54, 631; K. W. Moremen, R. B. Trimble, A. Herscovics, *Glycobiology* **1994**, 4, 113; G. E. Rice, M. P. Bevilacqua, *Science (Washington, D.C.)* **1989**, 246, 1303; C. A. Smith, T. Davis, D. Anderson, L. Solam, M. P. Beckmann, R. Jerzy, S. K. Dower, D. Cosman, R. G. Goodwin, *ibid.* **1990**, 248, 1019; N. Sharon, H. Lis, *Scient. Am.* **1993**, 268, 82; A. Varki, *Glycobiology* **1993**, 3, 97; R. A. Dwek, *Chem. Rev.* **1996**, 86, 3384.
- [3] B. Ganem, *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1996**, 29, 340, and ref. cit. therein; L. A. G. M. van den Broek, D. J. Vermaas, B. M. Heskamp, C. A. A. van Boeckel, M. C. A. A. Tan, J. G. M. Bolscher, H. L. Ploegh, F. J. van Kemenade, R. E. Y. de Goede, F. Miedema, *Recl. Trav. Chim. Pays-Bas* **1993**, 112, 82; G. C. Look, C. H. Fotsch, C.-H. Wong, *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1993**, 26, 182; B. Winchester, G. W. Fleet, *Glycobiology* **1992**, 2, 199; Y. Zeng, Y. T. Pan, N. Asano, R. J. Nash, A. D. Elbein, *ibid.* **1997**, 7, 297, and ref. cit. therein.
- [4] See, e.g., R. Pal, G. M. Hoke, M. G. Sarngadhoran, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **1989**, 86, 3384.
- [5] See, e.g., V. A. Johnson, B. D. Walker, M. A. Barlow, T. J. Paradis, T. C. Chou, M. S. Hirsch, *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **1989**, 33, 53.
- [6] See, e.g., P. M. Grochowicz, A. D. Hibberd, K. M. Bowen, D. A. Clark, W. D. Cowden, C. R. Parish, D. O. Willenborg, *Transplant. Proc.* **1990**, 22, 2117.
- [7] F. M. Platt, G. Reinkensmeier, R. A. Dwek, T. D. Butters, *J. Biol. Chem.* **1997**, 272, 19365; T. Kolter, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **1997**, 36, 1955.
- [8] A. Mehta, X. Lu, T. M. Block, B. S. Blumberg, R. A. Dwek, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **1997**, 94, 1822.
- [9] P. B. Fischer, G. B. Karlsson, R. A. Dwek, F. M. Platt, *J. Virol.* **1996**, 70, 7153; E. Fenouillet, M. J. Papandreou, I. M. Jones, *ibid.* **1997**, 231, 89.
- [10] L. A. van den Broek, M. W. Kat-van den Nieuwenhof, T. D. Botters, C. A. van Boeckel, *J. Pharm. Pharmacol.* **1996**, 48, 172.
- [11] J. Bischoff, R. Kornfeld, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **1984**, 125, 324; U. Fuhrmann, E. Bause, G. Legler, H. Ploegh, *Nature (London)* **1984**, 307, 755.
- [12] R. de Gasperi, P. F. Daniel, C. D. Warren, *J. Biol. Chem.* **1992**, 267, 9706.
- [13] S. L. White, T. Nagai, S. K. Akiyama, E. J. Reeves, K. Grzegorsewski, K. Olden, *Cancer Commun.* **1991**, 3, 83; K. Olden, P. Breton, K. Grzegorsewski, Y. Yasuda, B. L. Gause, O. A. Oredipe, S. A. Newton, S. L. White, *Pharmacol. Ther.* **1991**, 50, 285.
- [14] See, e.g., P. E. Gross, J. Baptiste, B. Fernandes, N. Baker, J. W. Dennis, *Cancer Res.* **1994**, 54, 1450.
- [15] See, e.g., P. D. Rye, N. V. Bovin, E. V. Vlasova, R. A. Walker, *Glycobiology* **1995**, 5, 385.
- [16] I. Pastuszak, R. J. Molyneux, L. F. James, A. D. Elbein, *Biochemistry* **1990**, 29, 1886.
- [17] A. Brandi, S. Cicchi, F. M. Cordero, B. Frignoli, A. Goti, S. Picasso, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1995**, 60, 6806.
- [18] W. Dong, T. M. Jespersen, T. Skrydstrup, M. Bols, M. R. Sierks, *Biochemistry* **1996**, 35, 2788.
- [19] J. D. McCarter, W. Yeung, J. Chow, D. Dolphin, S. G. Withers, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1997**, 119, 5792.
- [20] Y. Ichikawa, Y.-C. Lin, D. P. Dumas, G.-J. Shen, E. Garcia-Junceda, M. A. Williams, R. Bayer, C. Ketcham, L. E. Walker, J. C. Paulson, C.-H. Wong, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1992**, 114, 9283.
- [21] I. Jefferies, B. R. Bowen, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **1997**, 7, 1171.
- [22] C. R. Johnson, M. W. Miller, A. Golebiowski, H. Sundram, M. B. Ksebaty, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1994**, 35, 8991.
- [23] O. R. Martin, L. Liu, F. Yang, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1996**, 37, 1991; O. M. Saavedra, O. R. Martin, *J. Org. Chem.* **1996**, 61, 6987.

- [24] A. Baudat, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1996**, 37, 483; E. Frérot, C. Marquis, P. Vogel, *ibid.* **1996**, 37, 2023.
- [25] A. Baudat, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, 62, 6252.
- [26] B. A. Johns, Y. T. Pan, A. D. Elbein, C. R. Johnson, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1997**, 119, 4856.
- [27] Y. Auberson, P. Vogel, *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1989**, 72, 278.
- [28] E. Vieira, P. Vogel, *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1983**, 66, 1865; J.-L. Reymond, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **1990**, 1, 729; P. Vogel, D. Fattori, F. Gasparini, C. Le Drian, *Synlett* **1990**, 173; see also R. Saf, K. Faber, G. Penn, H. Griengl, *Tetrahedron* **1988**, 44, 389; B. Ronan, H. B. Kagan, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **1991**, 2, 75; E. J. Corey, J.-L. Loh, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1993**, 34, 3979.
- [29] K. A. Black, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1986**, 51, 5341.
- [30] P.-A. Carrupt, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1984**, 25, 2879; *J. Org. Chem.* **1990**, 55, 5696; P. Vogel, *Chimica Oggi* **1997**, 18.
- [31] H. E. Zimmerman, M. D. Traxler, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1957**, 79, 1920; see also W. A. Kleschick, C. T. Buse, C. H. Heathcock, *ibid.* **1977**, 99, 247; P. Fellmann, J. E. Dubois, *Tetrahedron* **1978**, 34, 1349; D. A. Evans, E. Vogel, J. V. Nelson, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1979**, 101, 6120; C. H. Heathcock, C. T. Buse, W. A. Kleschick, M. C. Pirrung, J. E. Sohn, J. Rampe, *J. Org. Chem.* **1980**, 45, 1066; D. Seebach, V. Prelog, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **1982**, 21, 654.
- [32] D. Gagnaire, E. Payo-Subiza, *Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.* **1963**, 2627; W. L. Nelson, D. R. Allen, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **1972**, 9, 561; F. Kienzle, *Helv. Chim. Acta* **1975**, 58, 1180.
- [33] C. R. Johnson, J. R. Zeller, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1982**, 104, 4021.
- [34] G. Arvai, D. Fattori, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron* **1992**, 48, 10621.
- [35] N. Clauson-Kaas, *Acta Chem. Scand.* **1947**, 1, 379; N. Elming, N. Clauson-Kaas, *ibid.* **1952**, 6, 667.
- [36] J. M. J. Verlaak, A. H. Klunder, B. Zwanenburg, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1982**, 23, 5463; J. K. MacLeod, *Aust. J. Chem.* **1977**, 50, 2561; T. Lee, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1979**, 20, 2297; B. P. Gunn, *ibid.* **1985**, 26, 2869.
- [37] F. Texier-Boullet, B. Klein, J. Hamelin, *Synthesis* **1986**, 409.
- [38] A. B. Reitz, E. W. Baxter, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1990**, 31, 6777; A. B. Reitz, E. W. Baxter, *J. Org. Chem.* **1994**, 59, 3175.
- [39] J. L. Luche, A. L. Gemal, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1979**, 101, 5848; L. Gemal, J. L. Luche, *ibid.* **1981**, 103, 5454.
- [40] S. D. Rychnovsky, B. Rogers, G. Yang, *J. Org. Chem.* **1993**, 58, 3511; J. G. Buchanan, M. E. Chacón-Fuertes, A. R. Edgar, S. J. Moorhouse, D. I. Rawson, R. H. Wightman, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1980**, 21, 1793.
- [41] a) M. Chérest, H. Felkin, N. Prudent, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1968**, 2199; M. Chérest, H. Felkin, *ibid.* **1968**, 2205; N. T. Anh, *Topics Curr. Chem.* **1980**, 88, 145; N. T. Anh, T. T. Bui, *Nouv. J. Chim.* **1986**, 10, 681; b) A. H. Hoveyda, D. A. Evans, G. C. Fu, *Chem. Rev.* **1993**, 93, 1307; T. Katsuki, K. B. Sharpless, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1980**, 102, 5976.
- [42] K. B. Sharpless, W. Amberg, Y. L. Bennani, G. A. Crispino, J. Hartung, K. Jeong, H. Kwong, K. Morikawa, Z. Wang, D. Xu, X. Zhang, *J. Org. Chem.* **1992**, 57, 2768; H. C. Kolb, M. S. Van Nieuwenhze, K. B. Sharpless, *Chem. Rev.* **1994**, 94, 2483.
- [43] T. Gartner, C. Selve, J.-J. Delpuech, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1983**, 24, 1609.
- [44] A. Goti, F. Cardona, A. Brandi, S. Picasso, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **1996**, 7, 1659.
- [45] G. W. J. Fleet, S. J. Nicholas, P. W. Smith, S. V. Evans, L. E. Fellows, R. J. Nash, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1985**, 26, 3127; C.-H. Wong, L. Provencher, J. A. Porco, Jr., S.-H. Jung, Y.-F. Wang, L. Chen, R. Wang, D. H. Steensma, *J. Org. Chem.* **1995**, 60, 1492; G. W. J. Fleet, B. G. Winchester, US Patent, No 5,250,703, Oct. 5, 1993 (CA: **1993**, 120, 218422g); I. Lundt, R. Madson, S. Al Daher, B. Winchester, *Tetrahedron* **1994**, 50, 7513.
- [46] K. Bock, H. Thogersen, *Annu. Rep. NMR Spectrosc.* **1982**, 13, 1; *Adv. Carbohydrate Chem. Biochem.* **1983**, 41, 27; C. Jones, in *Advances in Carbohydrate Analysis*, JAI Press, Inc., Greenwich, CT, USA, 1991, Vol. 1, p. 145–194.

Received March 18, 1998